

# ANNUAL REPORT 2018-19 BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED

(A JOINT VENTURE BETWEEN NHPC LTD. AND UPNEDA)
REGD OFFICE: TC-43/V, VIBHUTI KHAND, GOMTI NAGAR, LUCKNOW,
UTTAR PRADESH - 226010, CIN: U40300UP2015G0I068632

## DIRECTORS:

- 1. SHRI RATISH KUMAR, CHAIRMAN
- 2. SHRI YAMUNA KUMAR CHAUBEY, DIRECTOR
- 3. SHRI HARISH KUMAR, DIRECTOR
- 4. MS. NAMRATA KALRA, DIRECTOR

# KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

- 1. SHRI ABHAY KUMAR SINGH, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
- 2. SHRI SURENDRA PRASAD SINGH, CFO
- 3. SHRI TARKESHWAR SINGH, COMPANY SECRETARY

# STATUTORY AUDITOR:

M/S BHARGAVA & CO., HAZRATGANJ, LUCKNOW

# **DIRECTORS' PROFILE**

Shri Ratish Kumar (DIN-06852735) Chairman (BSUL) & Director (Projects), NHPC Limited

Shri Ratish Kumar (58 years) is the Chairman of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited and also the Director (Projects) on the Board of NHPC Limited. He graduated from GB Pant University of Agriculture & Technology, Pantnagar (U.P) in Electrical Engineering and has a diverse experience of more than 36 years in development of Hydro Power as well as Solar & Wind Renewable Energy Projects.

He is associated with NHPC Limited since October 1982 and climbed up the professional ladder with utmost sense of responsibility, ethics and dedication. As Director (Projects), Shri Ratish Kumar is incharge of all NHPC projects which are under construction and pre-construction stages. He is also responsible for Joint-ventures and Consultancy Assignments being undertaken by the Company. In addition, major functions viz. Contracts, Arbitration, Project Monitoring & Support Group and Design (E&M) also come under his ambit.

His result oriented approach and team spirit is instrumental in resolving various ROW and state issues for development of projects in effective manner. Under his guidance NHPC attain a new height in the field of Hydro as well as Solar, Wind & other Renewable Energy Sector and accomplished various targets viz. commissioning of 50 MW Solar Power Project in Tamil Nadu within specified time period of 9 months, commissioning of Kishanganga HEP in J&K inspite of militancy disturbance and very harsh climatic conditions in Kashmir valley, Restoration of Dhauliganga and Uri-II power stations, resolution of NGT Issues i.r.t. Subansiri Lower HEP, Award of Lanco Teesta Hydro Project in favour of NHPC by NCLT etc.

As a result of his impressive liaising and restless efforts, BSUL is ready to implement 32 MW solar project and all associated issues in respect of land and PPA has been resolved.

Shri Ratish Kumar serves as a contributing member in Electro-Technical Division Council (ETDC) of Bureau of Indian Standards and has been a member in the technical committee for formulation of Indian Standards in the field of High Voltage Switchgear & Control gear. He has been an expert member in numerous National Level Publications, CBIP Manual on GIS, Bus Duct and Transformer etc.

Shri Ratish Kumar joined the Board of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited as Chairman w.e.f. 8th April, 2016.

# Shri Y.K Chaubey (DIN 08492346) Director, BSUL and Executive Director (Civil Contracts), NHPC Limited

Shri Y K Chaubey is Executive Director in NHPC Ltd. and presently in-charge of Civil Contracts division, with additional charge of E & M Contract division at Corporate Office, Faridabad. He has graduated in Civil Engineering from IIT, Kharagpur and joined NHPC Limited in 1985 as a Probationary Executive (Civil) at 540 MW Chamera Hydro-Electric Project [now Chamera-I Power Station], Himachal Pradesh and continued since then to rise to present level. Working for more than 34 years in various departments [Contracts, Design & Engineering] and Construction Projects of NHPC in various capacities, he possesses experience in all aspects of development of a hydro-project from concept to commissioning and has contributed in development of NHPC Limited. As Executive Director (Contracts) he is responsible for finalization and award of major contracts [civil, hydro-mechanical, electro-mechanical, solar etc.] including settlement of contractual issues relating to pre & post award stages of work.

His career spans for more than 25 years in Design & Engineering division, working, in various capacities, in planning, layout engineering for PFR, FR/DPR and in construction stage design of hydro-electric/river valley projects. He has to his credit planning and designing of major hydro-projects, namely 540 MW Chamera-II project, HP; 60 MW Kurichhu Project, Bhutan; 231 MW Chamera-III project, HP; 2000 MW Subansiri Lower project, Arunachal Pradesh; 2880 MW Dibang Multi-purpose project, Arunachal Pradesh. He has also worked in construction of two prestigious projects of NHPC i.e. 540 MW Chamera-I Project, HP - executed in collaboration with SNC/ACRES of Canada and 480 MW Uri HE Project, J&K - executed on turn-key basis by Uri Civil - a Swedish Consortium. He also contributed as an expert member of Working Group, led by Deputy Chairman, Planning Commission for the 3rd China-India Strategic

Economic Dialogue in 2014 at Beijing, China. On request of Polavaram Project Authority, in 2017 he led NHPC expert team to Polavaram Multi-purpose project for alternate arrangement of coffer dam. He went

to Stockholm, Sweden in 1993 under Transfer of Technology programme. He also participated in ICOLD-2004, Seoul, South Korea and ICOLD-2016, Johannesburg, South Africa.

Shri Y K Chaubey joined the Board of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited as nominee Director w.e.f. 26th June. 2019.

# Shri Harish Kumar Baweja (DIN 08294251) Director, BSUL and CGM (Planning), NHPC Limited

Shri Harish Kumar (57 Years), holds a degree in Civil Engineering from Thapar Institute of Engineering & Technology, Patiala, Punjab. Shri Harish Kumar Joined NHPC Ltd. on 01 April, 1985 as Trainee Engineer (Civil). During his career spanning over more than 33 years, Sh. Harish Kumar contributed to NHPC's development by serving in various Divisions of Corporate Office and Projects. He has also been associated with challenging assignments of NHPC's Subsidiaries/Joint ventures namely NHDC Ltd. and Chenab Valley Power Projects (Pvt.) Ltd. Sh. Harish Kumar successfully led the team and got commissioned, one of NHPC's highly challenging, Uri -II Hydroelectric Project (240 MW) in Jammu & Kashmir. He has vast experience of Planning, Contracts, execution of Power Projects. Presently he is Chief General Manager in NHPC.

Shri Harish Kumar joined the Board of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited on 04.12.2018.

# Ms. Namrata Kalra (DIN 07196189) Director, BSUL and Senior Project Officer-II, UPNEDA

Ms Namrata Kalra (57 years) is Post-Graduate i.e. M Tech from IIT, Kharagpur and working as Senior Project Officer in U.P. New and Renewable Energy Development Agency (UPNEDA) Lucknow and has the experience of working in Renewable energy field of more than 30 years .Ms Kalra have been involved in formulation of State Solar Power Policies and their implementation in the State . Presently, Ms Kalra is incharge of Grid Solar Programme for State in UPNEDA.

Ms. Namrata Kalra joined Board of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited on 13.08.2018.



#### **BUNDELKAHND SAUR URJA LIMITED**

(A Joint venture between NHPC Ltd. and UPNEDA)
Regd Office: TC-43/V, Vibhuti Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh - 226010
CIN: U40300UP2015GOI068632

Tel./Fax No.: 0522-2720952

E-mail: bundelkhandsaururja@gmail.com

Website: www.bsulindia.com

#### NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the 4<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the members of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited will be held on Thursday, the 26<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2019 at 11:00 AM at NHPC Office Complex, Sector-33, Faridabad, Haryana – 121 003 to transact the following businesses:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2019 together with the Board's report, the report of auditor's thereon and comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Ms. Namrata Kalra, Director (DIN 07196189), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.
- 3. To authorize Board of Directors of the Company to fix the remuneration of the Statutory Auditors for the financial year 2019-20 and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 142 read with relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including and statutory modification(s) or re-enactments thereof, for the time being in force), the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to fix the remuneration of the Statutory Auditor (s) of the Company for the Financial Year 2019-20."

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of Company be and is hereby authorized to do all acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

- 4. To issue further issue of share capital and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions as a Special Resolution:
  - "RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 42, 62(1)(c) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) (including any

statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), relevant rules made thereunder read with Articles of Association of the Company, approval of the member(s) be and is hereby accorded to authorize the Board of Directors of the Company ("the Board") to offer or invite to subscribe, issue and allot 1,79,77,691 (One Crore Seventy Nine Lacs Seventy Seven Thousand Six Hundred ninety one only) equity shares having face value of Rs 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each fully paid-up shares amounting to Rs 17,97,76,910 (Seventeen Crore Ninety Seven Lacs Seventy Six Thousand Nine Hundred Ten Only) on preferential basis to the existing shareholders for consideration in cash and other than cash ranking paripassu with the existing Equity Shares of the Company in all respects on such terms and conditions as may be fixed and determined by the Board of Directors of the Company."

S No	Name of Shareholder	No. of shares to be allotted	Total amount to be subscribed (In Rs.)	Total no. of shares after allotment	Total amount after allotment (In Rs.)
1.	NHPC Limited	12263501	122635010	16263500	162635000
2.	UPNEDA	5714190	57141900	5714191	57141910
	TOTAL	17977691	179776910	21977691	219776910

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorized to do or cause to be done all such acts, deeds and other things as may be required or considered necessary or incidental thereto for giving effect to this resolution."

By Order of the Board of Directors For BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED

(Tarkeshwar Singh)

Company Secretary

Date: 16.09.2019 Registered Office:

BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED

CIN: U40300UP2015GOI068632 TC-43/V, Vibhuti Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh - 226010 Notes: Relevant documents are enclosed / have already been sent.

- The explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Companies Act), relating to the special businesses to be transacted at the meeting is annexed hereto.
- 2. A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING, IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY / PROXIES TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON A POLL INSTEAD OF HIMSELF/HERSELF, SUCH PROXY/ PROXIES NEED NOT BE MEMBER(S) OF THE COMPANY. IN ORDER TO BE EFFECTIVE, DULY COMPLETED AND SIGNED PROXY FORM SHOULD BE DEPOSITED AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS BEFORE THE SCHEDULED TIME OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (AGM). BLANK PROXY FORM IS ATTACHED HEREWITH.

Pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, a person can act as a proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as proxy for any other person or shareholder. Proxies submitted on behalf of the companies, societies etc., must be supported by an appropriate resolution/authority, as applicable. A proxy shall not have right to speak on any business item in the meeting.

- 3. A member entitled to vote at the meeting of the Company or any resolution to be moved threat shall be entitled to inspect the proxies lodged at any time during the business hours of the Company from the period beginning 24 hours before the time fixed for the commencement of the AGM and ending with the conclusion of the said meeting, provided he has given to the Company a notice, in writing, of his intention to inspect not less than three days before the commencement of the said meeting.
- 4. Corporate members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the meeting are requested to send a certified copy of the Board Resolution to the Company or upload it on the e-voting portal, authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting.

5. In terms of relevant provisions of the Companies Act, Ms. Namrata Kalra, Director (DIN: 07196189) is liable to retire by rotation at the meeting and being eligible, offer herself for re-appointment. The Board of Directors commends their re-appointment., Brief details of Ms. Namrata Kalra are as under:

Name	Ms. Namrata Kalra (DIN 07196189)
Date of Birth & Age	October 2, 1961, 57 years
Qualification	Post Graduate i.e. M. Tech from IIT Kharagpur
Terms & Conditions of appointment or re-appointment along with the details of remuneration	Pursuant to Article 66 of the Articles of Association of the Company, Smt. Namrata Kalra was appointed for a term at the pleasure of UPNEDA. No remuneration is being paid to her.
Date of first appointment on Board	August 13, 2018
Relationship with other Directors, Manager & KMP	NIL
No. of Board Meetings attended during the year 2018-19	5
Expertise in specific functional area	Ms Namrata Kalra is Senior Project Officer in U.P. New and Renewable Energy Development Agency (UPNEDA) Lucknow and has the experience of working in Renewable energy field of more than 30 years .Ms Kalra have been involved in formulation of State Solar Power Policies and their implementation in the State . Presently Ms Kalra is in charge of Grid Solar Programme for State in UPNEDA.
Directorship held in other Companies	Lucknow Solar Power Dev. Corporation Limited
Membership / Chairmanship (in Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relation Committee) across all public Companies	NIL
Number of shares held in the Company	NIL

- None of the directors of the Company is in any way related to each other except in their professional / employment capacity.
- 7. Pursuant to Section 139 of the Companies Act, the statutory auditors of a Government Company are to be appointed or re-appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG). Further, their remuneration has to be fixed by the Company in a General Meeting or in such manner as the Company in General Meeting may determine in terms of Section 142 of the Companies Act. The CAG has re-appointed M/s Bhargava & Co, Lucknow as Statutory Auditor of the Company for the financial year 2019-20 vide their letter dated August 06, 2019. The members of the Company in their 3<sup>rd</sup> AGM held on September 25, 2018, had authorized Board of

Directors to fix remuneration of the Statutory Auditor for the financial year 2018-19. The Board of Directors had approved a sum of Rs 40,000/- as Annual Audit Fee. In addition to it, fees towards limited review of quarterly financial results Rs 9,000/- for quarterly Financial Statements, was also approved by the Board of Directors. The above fees were exclusive of taxes, levies & TA/DA and to be shared equally by the Joint Statutory Auditors as remuneration for the financial fear 2018-19. The members may consider and authorize the Board to fix an appropriate remuneration to Joint Statutory Auditors for the financial year 2019-20 as may be deemed fit by the Board.

- 8. The Register of Directors & Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and their shareholding and Register of contracts and arrangements in which Directors are interested will be available at the Company's registered office at Lucknow for inspection between 11:00 A.M. to 1:00 P.M. on working days (barring Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays) prior to the AGM and at the meeting.
- Attendance slip for recording presence at the AGM and Route map of the venue of Annual General Meeting is attached with this notice.

# EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ANNEXED TO THE NOTICE

#### Item No. 4

Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited (A joint venture of NHPC Limited and Uttar Pradesh New & Renewable Energy Development Agency) was incorporated on 2<sup>nd</sup> February, 2015 with an authorized share capital of Rs. 10 Crore. As per the promoter's agreement and Articles of Association of the Company, NHPC shall hold minimum 74% and UPNEDA shall hold maximum 26% of the paid up share capital of the Company. At present, the authorized share capital of the Company is Rs. 60 Crore and paid up capital is Rs. 4 Crore.

The promoter's agreement stated that UPNEDA shall have an equity shareholding in the Company which shall be equal to the value of land made available by UPNEDA to the Company for setting up of Project. UPNEDA vide registry deed dated 21st March, 2017 transferred land measuring 63.491 Ha at Village Parasan, Tehsil Kalpi, District Jalaun, Uttar Pradesh to the Company for development of the project. The valuation of the land has been done by a registered valuer. As per the report, the valuation of the land is Rs. 5,71,41,900 (Rs. Five crore seventy one lakh forty one thousand nine hundred only). Section 247 of the Companies Act, 2013 read relevant rule (effective from 01.02.2019) prescribed that a valuation report from registered valuer is required for allotment of shares at consideration other than cash. Accordingly, Board of Directors in its meeting held on 06.08.2019 has appointed Shri Dinesh N Sharma, Registered Valuer to ratify the value of land made available by UPNEDA. Shri Dinesh N Sharma vide its letter dated 16.09.2019 ratified the value of land with same value as earlier i.e. Rs. 5,71,41,900 (Rs. Five crore seventy one lakh forty one thousand nine hundred only). The valuation of land has been ratified with same value so that the value of land be remain same as recoded in the books of accounts of the Company.

Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules provides that the Company can increase its subscribed capital by issue of further shares to any persons (including existing shareholders) either for cash or for a consideration other than cash. It is to inform that after allotment of proposed further share capital to NHPC Limited and UPNEDA their proportion in the paid share capital of the Company shall be maintained as per Articles of Association of the Company i.e. Minimum 74% of NHPC Limited and Maximum 26% of UPNEDA.

The approval of members' for further issue of share capital was obtained in 2nd AGM of the Company but the same was not allotted within validity period (12 months) due to non-receipt of application money from NHPC as pending receipt of application money from NHPC if shares were allotted to UPNEDA then BSUL would have become Subsidiary Company of UPNEDA in violation of Clause 4.2(b) of promoters agreement and Article 5(ii) of Article of Association (stating that minimum 74% of Share Capital shall be held by NHPC). Section 62 of Companies Act, 2013 read with its rules provides that if the allotment of securities is not completed within twelve months from the date of passing of

the special resolution, another special resolution shall be passed for the company to complete such allotment thereafter.

Accordingly, it is again proposed to offer or invite to subscribe, issue and allot 1,79,77,691 (One Crore Seventy Nine Lacs Seventy Seven Thousand Six Hundred ninety one only) equity shares having face value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each fully paid-up shares amounting to Rs. 17,97,76,910 (Seventeen Crore Ninety Seven Lacs Seventy Six Thousand Nine Hundred Ten Only) on preferential basis to the existing shareholders for consideration in cash and other than cash. The calculation of shares to be issued have been arrived by maintaining the minimum 74% shareholding of NHPC Limited and maximum 26% of UPNEDA, after allotment of shares. The allotment is proposed to be completed within a period of 12 months from the date of passing of Special Resolution.

The pre-issue and post-issue shareholding pattern of the Company shall be as under:

S.	Category	Pre-issue		Post-issue	
No.		No. of shares held	% of share- holding	No. of shares held	% of share- holding
Α	Promoters' holding				
1.	Indian:				
	Individual	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Bodies Corporate (NHPC)	39,99,999	99.99999	1,62,63,500	74
	UPNEDA	1 .	0.00001	57,14,191	26
	Sub - Total	40,00,000	100	2,19,77,691	100
2	Foreign Promoters	-	-		*:
	Sub – Total (A)	40,00,000	100	2,19,77,691	100
В	Non-Promoters' holding				
1.	Institutional Investors	-	-		-
2.	Non – Institution:				
	Private Corporate Bodies	-			-
	Directors and Relatives	7	-	:	:=
	Indian Public		a e	*	-
	Others	-	-	(7)	-
	Sub – Total (B)	ie .	-	-	-
	GRAND TOTAL	40,00,000	100	2,19,77,691	100

None of the Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the above said resolution except to the extent of their shareholding in the Company.

The Board commends the Special Resolution for approval by the shareholders of the Company.

All documents referred to in this notice are open for inspection at registered office of the Company i.e. TC-43/V, Vibhuti Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow-226 010 during office hours between 10:00 a.m. to 03:00 p.m. on all working days, barring Saturday/ Sunday prior to the Annual General Meeting.

To.

- 1. All the shareholders of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited
- 2. All the Directors of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited
- 3. M/s Bhargava & Co., Chartered Accountants, Lucknow

#### BUNDELKAHND SAUR URJA LIMITED

(A Joint venture between NHPC Ltd. and UPNEDA)

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Tel./Fax No.: 0522-2720952

E-mail: bundelkhandsaururja@gmail.com

Website: www.bsulindia.com

#### ATTENDANCE SLIP

4 <sup>th</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING to be held on Thursd 2019, at 11:00 AM at NHPC Office Complex, Sector-33, Fa	ay, the 26" Day of Septembe ridabad, Haryana – 121 003
NAME OF THE ATTENDING MEMBERS	
(IN BLOCK LETTERS)	
FOLIO No.* Client ID No	
OP ID No	
No. of shares held	
NAME OF PROXY	
IN BLOCK LETTERS TO BE FILLED N IF THE PROXY ATTENDS INSTEAD OF THE MEMBERS)	122
, hereby record my presence at the 4 <sup>th</sup> Annual General Me	eting of the Company at NHP
Office Complex, Sector-33, Faridabad, Haryana - 121 003	on Thursday, the 26 <sup>th</sup> Day o
September 2019 at 11:00 AM	Section 1997 - Washington Strategy and Control of the Charles and Control o

Signature of Member/Proxy

1. Shareholder(s) present in person or through registered proxy shall only be entertained.

<sup>\*</sup>Applicable in case of shares held in physical form.

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CIN: U40300UP2015GOI068632

Tel./Fax No.: 0522-2720952

E-mail: bundelkhandsaururja@gmail.com

Website: www.bsulindia.com

#### PROXY FORM

Name of the company

Name of the member(s)

Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited

Registered office : TC-43/V, Vibhut

TC-43/V, Vibhuti Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh

226010

- CC CO 17	istered addres	s	1		
E-mail Id		:			
Folio	No/ Client Id		:		
DP I	D		:		
	being the me any, hereby ap		nd Sau	ja Limited holding, shares of the above name	d
1	Name	·			
	Address				
	E-mail Id	:			
	E-mail Id Signature			or failing him	
ı	Signature		********	or failing him	3
2.	Signature Name	1		or failing him	3
2.	Signature Name Address	1		or failing him	95
2.	Signature Name Address E-mail Id	:		or failing him	37
2.	Signature Name Address	:		or failing him	31
	Signature Name Address E-mail Id	:		or failing him	
2.	Signature Name Address E-mail Id Signature	:		or failing him	
	Signature  Name Address E-mail Id Signature  Name			or failing him	3

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 4<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on Thursday, the 26<sup>th</sup> Day of September, 2019 at 11:00 AM at NHPC Office Complex, Sector-33, Faridabad, Haryana – 121 003 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Item No.	Resolutions	For	Against
	Ordinary Business:		
1.	To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2019 together with the Board's report, the report of auditor's thereon and comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.		
2.	To appoint a Director in place of Ms. Namrata Kalra (DIN 07196189), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for reappointment.		

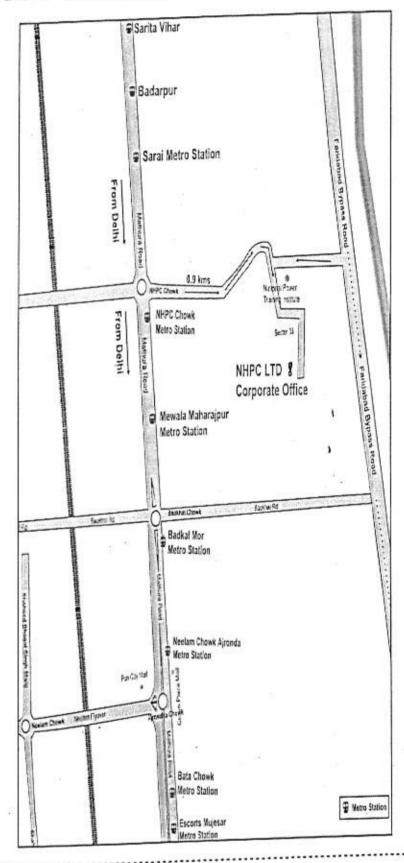
3.	To authorize Board of Directors of the company to fix the remuneration of the Statutory Auditors for the Financial Year 2019-20.	
	Special Business:	
4.	Special Resolution to approve further issue of share capital	

Signed this day of 2019	
Signature of shareholder	Affix Revenue Stamp of appropriate
Signature of Proxy holder(s)	value

## Note:

- This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.
- 2. Please complete all the details including details of member(s) in above box before submission.

# ROUTE MAP TO THE VENUE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING



#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

# Dear Members.

# Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited

Your Directors are pleased to present the 4<sup>th</sup> Annual Report on the performance of your Company along with Audited Financial Statements, Auditor's Report thereon for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2019.

## 1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

The financial results of your Company for the year ended 31st March, 2019 are summarized in **Table 1**.

TABLE 1: FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(Amount in Rs)

Particulars	2018-19	2017-18
Sales	Nil	Nil
Other Income	2,30,339	3,54,003
Profit Before Depreciation, Interest and Tax	(55,239)	(33,95,997)
Depreciation	Nil	Nil
Profit After Depreciation but before Interest and Tax	(55,239)	(33,95,997)
Interest and Finance Charges	Nil	Nil
Profit After Depreciation and Interest but before Tax	(55,239)	(33,95,997)
Tax	19,17,049	18,12,054
Profit After Depreciation, Interest and Tax	(19,72,288)	(52,08,051)
Surplus of Statement of Profit and Loss of earlier year	•	-
Profit available for appropriations	-	-
APPROPRIATIONS		
Proposed Final Dividend	7 <b>2</b> 0	-
Transfer to general reserve	/ <u>*</u>	-
Balance Profit carried to Reserves and Surplus	35-V	-

#### DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors of your Company has not recommended any dividend during the FY 2018-19.

# CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND NET WORTH

The total paid up share capital of the Company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2019 was Rs 4 Crore. The net worth of the Company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2019 was Rs 859,93,242 (includes Rs 5.71 crore as share application money pending allotment).

# 4. STATUS OF ONGOING PROJECT OF COMPANY

UPNEDA transferred 63.491 Ha Land at Village Parasan to BSUL in March, 2017. Now, a 32 MW Solar Power Plant is proposed to be implemented at the site. Bids for the awards of EPC contract have been invited for the development of 32 MW solar plant and operation & maintenance for 10 years. Tendering activity is in process. The Technical feasibility for evacuation of power has been obtained from UPPTCL. Board of UPPCL has approved the proposal of PPA for the Project, approval of Cabinet of GoUP is yet to be obtained.

# 5. TRAINING AND HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

The fast changing economic scenario and technological innovations are creating an increasingly competitive market environment. Your Company consistently evaluates the training needs of its employees to keep them updated with latest changes to improve their productivity and work efficiency. Based on the evaluation, the employees of your company are provided training through T&HRD department of NHPC Limited.

# 6. INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Industrial relations remained cordial and harmonious during the FY 2018-19.

# 7. RESETTLEMENT AND REHABILITATION

The land required by the project has been transferred by UPNEDA to Company. The land is totally un-irrigated and uninhabited, so resettlement and rehabilitation issues will not involve.

# 8. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Your Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weaknesses in the design and operation were observed.

# RISK MANAGEMENT

Your Company is yet to formulate a Risk Management Policy as project is yet to be started.

# 10. OFFICIAL LANGUAGE IMPLEMENTATION

Efforts were made to improve the use of Official Language in accordance with the policy of the Government of India.

#### 11. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

During the FY 2018-19, 5 (five) meetings of Board of Directors of your Company were held. In compliance of guidelines on Corporate Governance for Central Public Sector Enterprises issued by Department of Public Enterprises (DPE), a separate section on Corporate Governance is given at **Annexure-I**. A certificate from a Practicing Company Secretary regarding compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is placed at **Annexure-II**.

#### 12. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

As stipulated under DPE guidelines on Corporate Governance for CPSEs, a separate section on Management Discussion and Analysis Report along with financial discussion and analysis is annexed at **Annexure-III** to this report.

# 13. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

There are no significant particulars relating to Conservation of energy, Technology Absorption as required to be disclosed under section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. As your Company has not started any Power Generation during the period under review, there was no foreign exchange earnings and outgo during the year. Details are annexed at **Annexure-IV** to this report.

#### 14. CONTRACTS AND ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

During the financial year 2018-19, your Company has not entered into any material transaction as contract or arrangement with any of its related parties. The Company's related party transaction is with NHPC Limited (a Govt. Company) for manpower services. The contract for providing manpower services was in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. These transactions were intended to further Company's interests. Accordingly, the disclosure of related party transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 in form AOC-2 is not applicable.

## 15. EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

Extract of Annual Return (MGT-9) of the Company in accordance to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is given at **Annexure–V**. The extract of annual return will also available on the website of Company under the link http://bsulindia.com/reports.php.

### 16. RIGHT TO INFORMATION

Right to Information has been implemented in the Company in accordance with Right to Information Act, 2005. During the FY 2018-19, no application was received under the aforesaid Act.

# 17. PROCUREMENT FROM MICRO & SMALL ENTERPRISES

There has been no procurement from Micro & Small Enterprises during the FY 2018-19.

## 18. AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

In exercise of powers conferred by Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Comptroller and Auditor General of India had appointed M/s Bhargava & Co, Lucknow as the Statutory Auditor of the Company for the FY 2018-19. The report of Statutory Auditor along with financial statements of the Company is enclosed at **Annexure-VI**.

The notes on financial statements referred to in the Auditor's Report are self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments. The Auditor's Report do not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. The comments of CAG on the financial statement of Company for FY 2018-19 after conducting supplementary audit under section 143 (6) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013 is enclosed at **Annexure-VII**.

# 19. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP)

Ms. Namrata Kalra, Director was appointed on the Board of the Company as Nominee Director (Nominee of UPNEDA) on 13.08.2018 consequent upon withdrawal of nomination by UPNEDA in respect of Shri Arvind Kumar Singh, then Director (ceased to be Director on 03.08.2018).

Shri Harish Kumar Baweja, Director was appointed on the Board of the Company as Nominee Director (Nominee of NHPC Limited) on 04.12.2018 in place of Shri Arun Kumar Mishra, then Director (ceased to be Director on 30.11.2018).

Shri Yamuna Kumar Chaubey, Director was appointed on the Board of Company as Nominee Director (Nominee of NHPC) on 25.06.2019 in place of Shri Cherian Mathew, then Director (ceased to be Director on 31.05.2019)

During the year, Shri Sri Prakash was appointed as of the CEO of Company from 13.08.2018 to 09.09.2018 in place of Shri Surendra Kumar Dubey for his leave to abroad. Further, Shri Surendra Kumar Dubey joined the position as CEO of the Company on 10.09.2018. Further, Shri Abhay Kumar Singh was appointed as Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of Company w.e.f 01.04.2019 in place of Shri Surendra Kumar Dubey (ceased to be the CEO of the Company on 31.03.2019).

Shri Arvind Kumar Singh, Shri Arun Kumar Mishra and Shri Cherian Mathew ceased from the directorship of Company on 03.08.2018, 30.11.2018 and 31.05.2019 respectively. The Board wishes to place record its deep appreciations for the valuable contribution and guidance given by Shri Arun Kumar Mishra, Shri Cherian Mathew and Shri Arvind Kumar Singh during their tenure as Director.

#### MEETING OF THE BOARD

Board of Directors of your Company met 5 (Five) times during the FY 2018-19. For further details, please refer Corporate Governance Report of this Annual Report.

#### 21. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

As required under Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors hereby confirm the following:

- In the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- ii) Directors had selected such Accounting Policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the FY 2018-19 and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- iii) Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- v) The Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### 22. GENERAL

- (i) No disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there was no transaction relating to these items during the FY 2018-19:
  - a. Details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013. However, the application money received from UPNEDA has not been allotted due to non-receipt of application money from other promoter in line with Articles of Association of Company.
  - Issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
  - Issue of Shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme.
- (ii) No significant or material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

- (iii) No case was filed pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 during the year under report.
- (iv) Internal complaint committee under sexual harassment of women at work place (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013, is yet to be formed.
- (v) The Company yet to formulate a Fraud Prevention Policy as project is yet to be stared. During the year under review, there were no instances of fraud reported by the Auditors of the Company under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vi) Appointment of Cost Auditor is not applicable as the Company is yet to start its project.
- (vii) Cost records are not required in your Company at the moment because of turnover of BSUL in previous year is less than prescribed limit.
- (viii) The Company has not undertaken any recruitment exercise during the year. Therefore, information regarding percentage employment of Persons with Disability (PwDs) is NIL.
- (ix) Provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to loans & guarantees given, investments made and security provided are not applicable to the Company.
- (x) Provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility, Constitution of Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee and conducting Secretarial Audit are not applicable to the Company
- (xi) NHPC Limited is a holding company of BSUL. Further, the Company doesn't have any subsidiary, joint venture or associate company.
- (xii) Particulars of employees and related disclosure have not been provided in the report pursuant to Ministry of Corporate Affairs notification dated 05.06.2015 (exemption of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 to the Govt. Companies).
- (xiii) Shri Sunil Kumar, Manager (Project Officer) has been appointed as Vigilance Officer of the Company. The related reports are prepared and provided to the concerned vigilance officer in time bound manner on regular basis. The vigilance officer also conducts inspection on regular interval. No vigilance case is pending and disposed of during the FY 2018-19.

#### 23. **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The Board of Directors acknowledge with deep appreciation the cooperation and guidance received from the Government of India, specially Ministry of Power, NHPC Limited, UPNEDA, Government of Uttar Pradesh and its Ministries, Departments/ Boards, Auditors and Bankers of the Company.

The Board places on record its deep appreciation for the co-operation extended by the Office of Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

The Board would also like to express their gratitude for the sincerity, hard work & commitment of the employees of the Company and have confidence that the employees of the Company will continue to contribute their best in the coming years.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Date: 11-09-2019

Place: farilaband

(Ratish Kumar) CHAIRMAN DIN: 06852735

#### REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

#### COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

BSUL has established framework of Corporate Governance which emphasizes on commitment towards ethical and efficient conduct of the affairs of the Company. The Company is committed to follow corporate practices that are based on conscience, openness, fairness, professionalism and accountability. It has been our endeavor to build confidence among various stakeholders thus paving the way for long term success. The Company believes that Corporate Governance magnify its management practices. At BSUL, the Corporate Governance system is participatory, transparent, responsive, consensus-oriented and equitable. The Company makes all endeavor to follow the guidelines on Corporate Governance issued by DPE, GOI to the extent possible.

#### 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

# (i) Size of the Board of Directors:

Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited is a Government Company within the definition of Section 2(45) of the Companies Act, 2013 and was constituted pursuant to a promoters' agreement between NHPC Limited and Uttar Pradesh New and Renewable Energy Development Agency (UPNEDA). According to the Articles of Association of the Company, the strength of the Board shall not be less than 4 (four) and not more than 15 (fifteen) directors. The ratio of directors representing NHPC and UPNEDA shall be maintained in proportion to equity participation subject to minimum one director by each of the parties.

# (ii) Composition & category of Board of Directors:

There were 4 non-executive Directors (including Chairman) on the Board of the Company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2019. The above Directors were nominated by NHPC Limited and UPNEDA respectively. During the year, UPNEDA has nominated Ms. Namrata Kalra, Senior Project Officer-2, (UPNEDA) as Nominee Director on the board of the Company in place of Shri Arvind Kumar Singh. Accordingly, the Board of Directors has appointed Ms. Namrata Kalra as Nominee Director on the board of Company w.e.f. 13.08.2018.

The Companies Act, 2013 provides for appointment of Independent Directors on the Board of the Company in case paid up share capital of the Company is Rs 10 Crores or more. As on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2019, the Company's paid up share capital was Rs 4 Crore. Accordingly, the above requirement of appointing Independent Directors does not apply on the Company.

The composition of the Board and the number of Directorships and Committee positions (in Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee) in other companies held by Directors as on 31st March, 2019 is given at Table 1 and attendance of each Director at the Board Meetings held during FY 2018-19 and at the last Annual General Meeting is given at Table-2

TABLE 1: COMPOSITION & CATEGORY OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND DETAILS OF DIRECTORSHIPS AND COMMITTEE POSITIONS IN OTHER COMPANIES HELD BY DIRECTORS AS ON 31st MARCH 2019.

S. No	Name	Category of Director	Details of directorships held in	Committee Positions in other Companies	
			other Companies	As Chairman	As Member
1.	Shri Ratish Kumar	Non-executive Nominee Director, Chairman	NHPC Limited	NIL	NIL
2.	Shri Cherian Mathew*	Non-Executive Nominee Director	NIL	NIL	NIL
3.	Shri Harish Kumar Baweja@	Non-Executive Nominee Director	NIL	NIL	NIL
4.	Ms Namrata Kalra#	Non-Executive Nominee Director	Lucknow Solar Power Development Corporation Ltd.	NIL	NIL ,

\*ceased from directorship on 31.05.2019 and on his place Shri Y.K Chaubey appointed as nominee director on 25.06.2019.

@appointed as nominee director on 04.12.2018. #appointed as nominee director on 13.08.2018

#### Notes:

- None of the Directors holds office at the same time as Director in more than twenty Companies / ten Public Companies including alternate Directorship(s). Further, none of the Directors is a member in more than ten Committees or is a Chairman of more than five Committees across all the Companies in which he is a Director.
- 2. The Directors of the Company do not have any inter-se relationship.

TABLE 2: ATTENDANCE OF EACH DIRECTOR AT THE BOARD MEETINGS HELD DURING THE FY 2018-19 AND THE LAST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

NAME OF DIRECTORS	ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTORS DURING RESPECTIVE TENURE OF THE DIRECTOR IN THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2018-19				
	BOARD	MEETING	LAST AGM		
100	HELD	ATTENDED			
Shri Ratish Kumar	5	2 .	Yes		
Shri Cherian Mathew	5	5	Yes		
Shri Arun Kumar Mishra*	3	3	Yes		
Shri Harish Kumar Baweja*	1	1	No		
Shri Arvind Kumar Singh	1	0	No		
Ms Namrata Kalra	4	4	No		

- \* Shri. Arun Kumar Mishra ceased to be Director w.e.f. 30.11.2018 and Shri Harish Kumar Baweja was appointed as Nominee Director in place of Shri Arun Kumar Mishra w.e.f. 04.12.2018.
- (iii) Number of Board Meetings: Five Board Meetings were held during the FY 2018-19. The details of the Board meetings held during the FY 2018-19 are given at Table 3.

TABLE 3: NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS HELD DURING THE FY 2018-19

Sr. No.	Board Meeting No.	Date of Board Meeting	Board Strength	No. Directors Present	of
1.	14	08th May, 2018	4	2	
2.	15	13th August, 2018	4	3	
3.	16	10th September, 2018	4	4	
4.	17	04th December, 2018	3	3	
5.	18	01st March, 2019	4	3	

- (iv) Age limit and tenure of Directors: The Directors representing NHPC Limited and UPNEDA shall retire on their ceasing to be official of NHPC Limited and UPNEDA respectively, as the case may be or at the pleasure of appointing authority.
- (v) Resume of Directors: A brief profile along with other details of the present Directors is provided elsewhere in the Annual Report.

#### Non-Executive Director's compensation & disclosures

The Directors on the Board of the Company are nominated by NHPC Limited and UPNEDA. The Company has not paid any sitting fee or remuneration, commission or performance linked incentive to any of the Directors during the FY 2018-19. No stock options are issued during the year either to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or employees of the Company. No severance fees/ notice period pay is payable to the directors at the time of separation from the Company.

#### (vi) Board Meetings & procedures:

- (A) Decision making process: The Company follows a systematic procedure for the meetings of the Boards of Directors with a view to professionalize its affairs. These procedures seek to systematize the decision-making process in Board meetings in an informed and efficient manner.
- (B) Scheduling and selection of agenda items for Board meetings:
  - Meetings of the Board are convened by giving appropriate notice after approval of the Chairman. Detailed agenda notes, management reports and other explanatory statements are circulated in advance amongst the members to facilitate

meaningful, informed and focused decisions during the meeting. Whenever urgent issues need to be addressed, meetings are called at a shorter notice or agenda notes are placed on table.

 Whenever it is not possible to attach a document to the agenda notes due to its confidential nature, or in special and exceptional circumstances, or in case of additional or supplemental items, such documents are placed on the table during the meeting with the approval of the Chairman of the meeting.

Agenda papers are generally circulated after obtaining

approval of the Chairman.

The meetings are generally held at registered office, Lucknow.

- As and when required, presentations are made before the Board.
- Members of the Board have complete access to the information pertaining to the Company. Board members are also free to recommend any issue that they may consider important for inclusion in the agenda. As and when necessary, senior management officials are called during the meeting to provide additional inputs on the matters being discussed by the Board.

CEO and CFO is permanent invitee to all Board meetings.

(C) Recording of the Minutes of the Board Meeting: The draft minutes of the proceedings of Board Meetings are duly circulated to all. members for their comments within 15 days of the conclusion of the Meeting. The directors communicate their comments on the draft minutes within seven days from the date of circulation thereof. A comparative sheet of all comments received from directors are placed before the Chairman for consideration and approval thereof. The approved minutes of the proceedings of each Board Meeting are duly recorded in the minute's book within 30 days of the conclusion of the meeting.

(D) Compliance: The Company strives to comply with all applicable provisions and statutory requirements under different laws. However, the application money received from UPNEDA has not been allotted due to non-receipt of application money from other promoter in line Articles of Association of Company and frequency of number of first two Board Meetings held during the FY 2018-19 is more than 3 months due to lack of quorum as per Articles of Association of Company. The following agenda items are regularly presented to the Board for its

consideration/ information:

Annual Budgets and related updates.

 Disclosure of interest by the Directors about their Directorships, Committee positions held by them in other Companies/Firms, their shareholding, etc.

Award of large value contracts.

 Information with respect to status of the project, Financial results of the Company.

 Any other information required to be presented to the Board either for information or approval as per the requirement of applicable laws.

# (vii) Code of Conduct

The code of business conduct and ethics for board members and senior management personnel was complied with by all concerned during the period from 01<sup>st</sup> April, 2018 to 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2019

# Declaration as per DPE Guidelines on Corporate Governance

The Board members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct & ethics for Board Members and Senior Management Personnel respectively for the Financial Year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2019.

Sd/-

Date: 15.05.2019 Place: Faridabad (Abhay Kumar Singh) Chief Executive Officer

# (viii) Risk Management

The risk management in the Company is undertaken as a part of normal business practice and not as a separate task at set times.

# (ix) Training of Board Members:

The Board of the Company comprises nominees of NHPC Limited and UPNEDA. Therefore, they are well versed with the business model and risk profile of the business of the Company.

# (x) Functional role clarity between Board of Directors and Management

As per Articles of Associations of the Company, all the powers are vested with the Board of Directors of the Company. In order to clearly distinguish the role of the Board and the management, the Board of the Company has delegated certain powers to the management of the Company. However, certain powers are excluded for which decisions are taken by the Board. The Board is provided with detailed information/ progress by the management on various developments.

#### 3. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Company is not required to form any statutory committee in terms of the provisions of the Companies Act 2013.

#### 4. GENERAL MEETINGS

Date, time and location of the last Annual General Meeting is given at Table 4:

Table 4: DETAILS OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS (AGM)

Financial Year	Date	Time	Location	Special Resolution
01 <sup>st</sup> April, 2017 to 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2018	25.09.2018#	4:00 P.M#	NHPC Office Complex, Sector – 33, Faridabad, Haryana – 121003**	
01 <sup>st</sup> April 2016 to 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2017	19.09.2017	4:00 P.M	NHPC Office Complex, Sector - 33, Faridabad, Haryana - 121003*	passed for
2 <sup>nd</sup> February, 2015 to 31 <sup>st</sup> March,2016	26.09.2016	3:00 P.M	NHPC Office Complex, Sector- 33, Faridabad, Haryana-121003*	

<sup>\*</sup> AGM of the Company was held at a place other than its registered office with the approval of Central Government.

# 5. DISCLOSURES:

- (i) Related Party Transactions: There was no materially significant related party transaction during the FY 2018-19.
- (ii) No penalty or strictures were imposed on the Company by any statutory authority, on any matter related to any guidelines issued by Government, during the preceding years.
- (iii) There is no Independent Director on the Board of the Company hence the Company could not comply with the Guidelines issued by the Department of Public Enterprises regarding Independent Directors.
- (iv) The Company is yet to formulate Whistle Blower Policy.
- (v) The Company is not having any subsidiary company.
- (vi) No Presidential Directives have been issued to the Company during the FY 2018-19 and preceding financial year.

<sup>\*\*</sup> AGM for the year 2017-18 was held at a place other than its registered office with consent from all members.

<sup>&</sup>quot;the meeting was adjourned due to non-receipt of CAG comment on Annual accounts for the Financial Year 2017-18. Further, the Adjourned meeting was held on 3<sup>rd</sup> October, 2018 at the same place at 11:30 A.M.

- (vii) No item of expenditure was debited in the books of accounts, which are not for the purpose of business.
- (viii) There was no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Directors vis-a vis the Company during the year.
- (ix) There were no expenses incurred which are personal in nature and incurred for the Board and Management. None of the Senior Management personnel of the Company have any financial or commercial transactions with the Company except their remuneration.
- (x) The construction activity is yet to be start, however, the land for the project is located at village Parasan, Tehsil Kalpi, District Jalaun (U.P).
- (xi) Details of administrative and office expenses as a percentage of total expenses vis-à-vis financial expenses are given below:

S. No.	Particulars	As a %age of total expenses	As a %age of financial expenses
1	Administrative Expense and Office Expenses	NA	

# (ix) Accounting Treatment:

The Company has followed all applicable Accounting Standards in the preparation of Financial Statements.

## (xii) Remuneration of Directors:

Directors are not paid any remuneration or sitting fees during the year under review.

#### 7. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION:

The entire paid up capital of the Company is being held by NHPC Ltd. (Govt. of India Enterprise) and UPNEDA. The Company communicates with its Shareholders through its annual report, general meetings and disclosure through its website.

# INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS: ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (AGM)

As per the provision of Section 96(2) of Companies Act, 2013 read with Section 26 of Companies (Amendments) Act, 2017, advance consent from all members has been obtained for holding AGM other than registered office. Accordingly, 4<sup>th</sup> AGM of Company is scheduled to be held on 26.09.2019 at 11 AM at NHPC Office Complex, Sector 33, Faridabad, Haryana-121003.

# 9. AUDIT QUALIFICATION:

There are no adverse remarks by the Statutory Auditor. The comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India on the accounts of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2019 are annexed elsewhere with the Directors' Report.

# 10. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE:

A Certificate from M/s Garima Duggal & Associates, Faridabad confirming the compliance or otherwise with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under the Guidelines on Corporate Governance for Central Public Sector Enterprises 2010, is forming part of this Report.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Ratish Kumar) CHAIRMAN

DIN: 06852735

Date: 11/09/2019 Place: fairlabod



GARIMA DUGGAL & ASSOCIATES

PRACTISING COMPANY SECRETARIES

OH. Flat No. 125 Carnation Tower.

Omana Science Valley Apartments.

Secure 42-43. Puritabed-121010 (Haryana).

Landlina. +91-129-4321653

Smoot garmer@edick2camply.net

## Certificate of Compliance of Corporate Governance

The Members

M/s BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED (CIN: U40300UP2015GOI068632)

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance of M/s BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED (CIN: U40300UP2015GOI068632) (the company) as required to be done under the Guidelines on Corporate Governance for Central Public Sector Enterprises for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2019. The Compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of management, Our examination as carried out was limited to review the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company, for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of an opinion on financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and according to the examinations carried out by us and explanations furnished to us by the Company, its officer & agents, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we hereby certify that company has complied with all the provisions of Corporate Governance with respect to Guidelines on Corporate Governance for Central Public Sector Enterprises for the aforesaid financial year except for the points listed below:

- Company has not framed a formal training programme for its new Board Members. However all its present Board Members are well versed with the Business model, risk profile etc.
- Company has not yet constituted any Committee and not yet laid down its Risk Management Policy and Whistle Blower Policy



## CONTINUATION SHEET

- Since Company has no independent directors on its Board (However, it is not required to appoint independent directors as per Companies Act, 2013) so certain compliances as mandated under the aforesaid guidelines have not been complied with by the Company.
- 4. Composition of the Board and frequency of Number of Board Meetings (Gap between first two Board meetings held during the financial year 2018-2019 is more than 3 months) as prescribed under the aforesaid guidelines is not complied with.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Garima Duggal & Associates

Company Secretaries gal &

M. No. F 7923

Garima Duggal

Proprietor Membership No.-F-7923 CP No. 8413

Date: 18th July, 2019

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

#### 1. INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENT

#### (i) Economic outlook

Indian economy is strengthening through higher infrastructure spending and continued reforms through financial and monetary policies. There is a high degree of correlation between power sector growth and economic growth. Therefore, it is imperative that power sector needs to grow for sustainable economic growth.

#### (ii) Sectoral outlook

Electricity is one of the most critical components for the infrastructure development of any country affecting economic growth and well-being of the people at large. The sector consists of generation, transmission and distribution utilities and is a key enabler for India's economic growth. The total installed capacity as on 31.03.2019 was 3,56,100.19 MW with contribution of 2,26,279.43 MW, 45,339.22 MW, 77,641.63 MW and 6780 MW from Thermal, Hydro, Renewable power respectively and Nuclear Power¹ respectively. Public Sectors with the State and Central Government produce a major share of power, from various sources such as coal, water, nuclear, fuel, solar and wind. The total electricity generation from conventional source in the Country during the FY 2018-19 was 1244.80 billion units as compared to 1201.54 billion units during the previous FY, registered a growth of 3.6%.

#### (iii) Solar power scenario

The Government has up-scaled the target of renewable energy capacity to 175 GW by the year 2022 which includes 100 GW from solar, 60 GW from wind, 10 GW from bio-power and 5 GW from small hydro-power. The capacity target of 100 GW set under the National Solar Mission (JNNSM) will principally comprise of 40 GW Rooftop and 60 GW through Large and Medium Scale Grid Connected Solar Power Projects. With this ambitious target, India will become one of the largest Green Energy producers in the world, surpassing several developed countries<sup>2</sup>.

#### 2. STRENGTH

Company is supported by strong financial and technical strength of NHPC Limited (promoter) for project award, construction and operation while UPNEDA (promoter) has a strong base in Uttar Pradesh and acts as a link between Government of Uttar Pradesh and the Company for implementation of Solar Power Project.

## (i) Competent and committed workforce

At present, all the manpower of the Company is from NHPC Limited. The staff deputed by NHPC Limited has extensive experience in the industry. The skill, industry knowledge and operating experience of these executives provide the Company with a significant competitive advantage.

Source: Central Electricity Authority

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Source: Ministry of New and Renewable Energy

# (ii) Strong design and engineering team of parent organization

The Company is well supported by NHPC Limited which has an in-house team for project design and engineering capabilities ranging from concept to commissioning. The engineers have experience with a variety of specialized analysis, design and computer aided design ("CAD") software applications and their innovative and fully-integrated approach brings a full complement of skills and knowledge to provide solutions to any given design problem.

#### 3. OPPORTUNITIES

There are number of incentives from Government of India and Government of Uttar Pradesh to promote solar power like accelerated depreciation, concessional customs, tax holidays, Viability Gap Funding (VGF) etc.

#### 4. THREATS, WEAKNESSES, RISKS AND CONCERNS

Management perceives following as threats, weaknesses, risks and concerns in construction of Solar power Projects:

(i) Unexpected complexities

Development of the Project may be subject to unexpected complexities which may result in time and cost over-run compared to estimates. The generation capacity may vary substantially because of climatic conditions, which may cause significant variation in revenue earnings of the Company.

## 5. SEGMENT WISE OR PRODUCT WISE PERFORMANCE

The project is yet to be constructed and commissioned.

#### OUTLOOK

The company is expected to accelerate the generation of electricity after the commissioning of the project.

## 7. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has a specific delegation of powers. The Organizational structure is well defined in terms of the structured authority / responsibility involved at a particular hierarchy level.

# 8. DISCUSSION ON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

As the company is in initial stage, no information is provided.

## DEVELOPMENT IN HUMAN RESOURCES, INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT, INCLUDING NUMBER OF PEOPLE EMPLOYED

All the staff of the Company is from by NHPC Limited.

# 10. INDUSTRIAL RELATION & STAFF WELFARE

Industrial relations between employees and employer were cordial and harmonious. No man-days were lost on account of strikes / lock-out. Staff welfare activities were given special consideration. Workers were encouraged to participate in the areas concerning their working conditions, welfare etc.

#### 11. RESERVATION FOR SC/ST/OBC

The Company is making a modest contribution for the socio-economic development of SC / ST and other weaker sections of the society. Since, in terms of the Promoters' Agreement between NHPC Limited and UPNEDA, the staff for the Company is to be provided by promoters, therefore, no recruitments are being done by the Company.

#### 12. WELFARE OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

There was one physically challenged employee in the Company as on 31.03.2019 and welfare extended to him are as per norms.

# 13. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGICAL CONSERVATION, RENEWABLE ENERGY DEVELOPMENTS, FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONSERVATION

The Company is committed to preserve mankind's precious heritage 'nature' by maintaining a balance between preservation of environment and its activities at project site. The adverse impact, if any, of construction activities will be mitigated and compensated by adopting suitable measures like Compensatory Afforestation, Catchment Area Treatment, Green Belt Development.

#### 14. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Your Company is committed to Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") efforts and strives to demonstrate environmentally as well as ethically conscious behaviour. It seeks to incorporate best practices in corporate governance, employee welfare, and environmental commitment.

#### 15. FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BSUL is in the start-up stage and no major activities are going on in the project. There is no operating income apart from the income shown under other income which arose mainly out of interest on deposit of share capital.

#### (i) RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company is in the start-up stage and as such there is no sale of energy. An amount of Rs 2,30,339 has been recognised in Fiscal 2018-19 as other income. The income of the Company comprises interest on share capital deposited with SBI and shown under other income. No expenditure has been booked during the Fiscal 2017-18.

#### (ii) PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The PBT was Rs (55,239) in Fiscal 2018-19.

#### (iii) TAX EXPENSES

The tax outgo during Fiscal 2018-19 was Rs 19,17,049.

#### (iv) TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Total comprehensive income for Fiscal 2018-19 was Rs (19,72,288).

### (v) DISCUSSION OF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

Balance Sheet Highlights

(In Rs)

Particulars	As on Ma	arch 31 <sup>st</sup>
	2019	2018
Non - Current Assets		
Property, Plant and Equipment	5,75,88,544	5,76,34,550
Capital Work in progress	3,79,82,196	3,11,18,516
Other Non-Current Assets	NIL	1,700
Deferred Tax Assets	NIL	NIL
Other Intangible Asset	26,000	52,000
Current Assets		
Cash & Cash Equivalents	11,86,37,372	11,55,18,203
Other financial asset	2,37,994	2,22,317
Current Tax Assets (Net)	NIL	NIL
Other Current Assets	NIL	NIL

### (vi) FINANCIAL CONDITION

### a. Net Worth

The net worth of the Company was Rs 8,59,93,242 as on March 31, 2019 as compared to Rs 8,79,65,530 as on March 31, 2018.

### b. Cash and Bank Balances

Cash and bank balances consists of balances with scheduled banks in Current Account. Our cash and bank balances as on March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 were Rs 1186.37 Lakh and Rs 1155.18 Lakh respectively.

### c. Other Financial Assets - Current

Other financial assets, as on March 31, 2019 was Rs 2.37 lakh against Rs 2.22 Lakh for previous year.

### d. Liabilities and provisions

(In Rs)

Particulars	As on M	arch 31st
T di trodici o	2019	2018
Non-Current Liabilities		
Financial Liabilities	. NIL	NIL
Deferred Tax Liabilities,	NIL	NIL
Other Long Term Liabilities	NIL	NIL
Provisions	NIL	NIL
Current Liabilities		
Trade Payable	2,50,815	1,71,603
Other Current Liabilities	10,00,12,514	10,00,00,000
Other Financial Liabilities	2,82,15,535	1,64,10,153
Short Term Provisions	NIL	NIL

### e. Other Financial Liabilities - Current

The other Financial Liabilities stood at Rs 282.15 lakh in Fiscal 2018-19 against Rs 164.10 lakh for the previous fiscal.

### f. Other Current Liabilities

The other current liabilities stood at Rs 1000.13 lakh in Fiscal 2018-19 as against Rs 1000.00 lakh for the previous fiscal consisting mainly of grants in aid and statutory dues payable.

### 16. CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

The views and forward-looking statements contained in this report are based on reasonable assumptions and subject to certain risks and uncertainty that could cause actual results to differ from those reflected in such statements. Readers should carefully review the other information in this report and in the Company's periodic reports. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any of these forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

The financial figures in the Directors' Report are based on the audited results of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Ratish Kumar) CHAIRMAN DIN: 06852735

Date: 11/09/2019
Place: facilalinal

Annexure to the Director's Report on Energy Conservation, Technology absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings as per Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

### A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY.

The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:

NIL

The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy:

NIL

The capital investment on energy conservation equipments:

NIL

### B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION.

- the efforts made towards technology absorption; NIL
- the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution; NIL
- (iii) in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)
  - a. the details of technology imported; NIL
  - b. the year of import; NIL
  - c. whether the technology being fully absorbed; NIL
  - d. if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place and the reasons thereof; NIL and
- (iv) the expenditure incurred on Research and Development. NIL

### C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO.

The foreign exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the foreign exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflow:

NIL

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Ratish Kumar)

CHAIRMAN DIN: 06852735

Date: 11/09/2019
Place: facility

### FORM NO.MGT-9

## **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule12 (1) of the Companies (Management and Administration)Rules, 2014] as on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2019

## REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

(i	CIN	U40300UP2015GOI068632
íi	Registration Date:	02.02.2015
iii	Name of the Company:	Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited
<u>(</u> 2	Category/ Sub-Category of the Company:	Public Company/Govt. Company, Limited by Shares
<u>&gt;</u>	Address of the Registered office and contact details:	Address of the Registered office and contact TC-43/, Vibhuti Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh - 226010 details:
vi)	Whether listed company:	No
vii)	Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any:	NA

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY
All the business activities contributing 10%or more of the total turnover of the Company shall be stated:-

S.	Name and Description of main products/	NIC Code of the	% to total turnover of the
٠.	services	Product/service	Company
-	Generation of Electricity#	35105*	Z

<sup>\*</sup> As per National Industrial Classification 2008-Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation.

# The project is yet to be constructed.

## Ħ PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUGSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -

_	NO.
NHPC Limited NHPC Office Complex, Sector-33, Faridabad-121003, Haryana	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THECOMPANY
L40101HR1975GOI032564	CIN
Holding	HOLDING / SUBSIDIARY/ ASSOCIATE
99.99%	% OFSHARES HELD
Section 2 (46) of the Companies Act, 2013	APPLICABLE SECTION

## Ξ. SHAREHOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

## i) Category-wise Share holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of S	hares held at t	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (as on 01.04.2018)	of the year	No. of Sh	No. of Shares held at the end of the year (as on 31.03.2019)	d at the end of the y 31.03.2019)	/ear (as on	% Chan
	Demat	Physical	Total	%of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	%of Total Shares	ge durin g the year
A.Promoters									
(1)Indian									
a) Individual/HUF		6		1	ı.	ı	•	1	,
b) Central Govt.	1		1		1	1		r	ı
c) State Govt (s)	i.	_	_	0.00001		_	_	0.00001	Z
d) Bodies Corp.	1	39,99,999*	39,99,999*	99,99999		39,99,999*	39,99,999*	99.99999	NA#
e) Banks/ FI	i		1		1		ī	1	i
f) Any Other	1		<b>a</b>		9	1		C	,
Sub-total(A)(1):-		40,00,000	40,00,000	100		40,00,000	40,00,000	100	Z
(2)Foreign	200								
a)NRIs- Individuals	1		ı	i	1	1	1	1	,
b)Other -		1	1	-10	l)	ı	1)	1	, 1
c) Bodies Corp.	C)	P	ı	ľ	r.	ı	1	ī	1
d)Banks/Fl	1	ı	1	-		,	1	1	,

e)Any Other	1			1			1	t	ı
Sub-total(A)(2):-		1	1	ĭ			,		
Total shareholding of Promoter(A)= (A)(1)+(A)(2)	1)	40,00,000	40,00,000	100	ı	40,00,000	40,00,000	100	NIL
B. Public Shareholding	ing								
1.Institutions									
a)Mutual Funds	N	JN.	JIN .	JN.	I	NIE	ī	N	N
b)Banks/FI	ī	JN.	NIL	Ī	JK	ī	Ĭ	JIN	Z
c)Central Govt.	JIN N	NIL	JIN	NIL	¥	¥	¥	Į.	N
d)State Govt.(s)	ī	JK	NIL	NIL	JN.	NF	ī	NIL	IN.
e)Venture Capital Funds	N N	Ħ	NF	¥	¥	JN.	Ĭ	IJ.	Ī
f) Insurance Companies	JN N	JIN .	JIN N	Ī	¥	Ę	¥	JN.	¥
g) FIIs	JN.	JIN	NIL	ī	Ī	JN.	JI.	JZ	N
h)Foreign Venture Capital Funds	Ĭ	Į	IJ.	IJ	Ĭ	¥	Ĭ,	IN N	į
i)Others	JN.	NIL	JIN	NIL	Ĭ	¥	I	NF	Ŋ
Sub-total(B)(1):-	JIN N	NF	NL	NIL	II	NIL	JN.	N	N
Z.Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.	Ī	¥	J.	JIV.	JE	NIL	JIN	NIL	¥
i)Indian	Ī	¥	J	JN.	JIN.	NIL	I	NIL	¥
ii)Overseas	ī	J	NIL	٦	٦Ľ	ī	Ĭ	٦K	Į,
b) Individuals	Į,	JK.	NIL	NE	IN.	¥	¥	NIL	IJ.
i)Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs.1 lakh ii)Individual shareholders holding	Ĭ		J Z	I	뒫	· 볼	Ę	. Ħ	¥

share capital in excess of Rs1 lakh			)	_		)			
c)Others	Z E	NIL	NIL.	Z F	Z	NIL	Z F	NE N	Z
Sub-total(B)(2):-	¥.	NE NE	Z	NE NE	NE NE	NIL	NIL	NIL	NE NE
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2)	. Z	NIL	NIL	NIL	N.	NIL	N.	¥	Z.
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	Z	NIL	Ž	NE NE	Z	N.	Z.	Ę	Z
Grand Total (A+B+C)		40,00,000	40,00,000	100		40,00,000	40,00,000	100	Z

(\*) including through its nominees. (#)The Company has allotted 30,00,000 number of Equity Shares to NHPC Limited as approved by Board of Directors in its meeting held on 26.08.2017.

### (ii)Shareholding of Promoters

Shareholding at the end of the year (as on 31.03.2019)	% of total %of Shares Share Shares of Pledged/ Holding the company to total shares	99.99999 NIL N.A*	0.00001 NIL NIL	100 NIL NIL
Shareholding	No. of Shares	39,99,999		40,00,000
of the year (as	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbered to total shares	NIL	NIL	NI.
Shareholding at the beginning of the year (as on 01.04.2018)	% of total Shares of the company	66666666	0.00001	100
Shareholding	No. of Shares	39,99,999*	-	40,00,000
Shareholder's Name		NHPC Limited	UPNEDA	Total
No S		-	2	

(\*) including through its nominees (\*) including through its nominees (\*) The Company has allotted 30,00,000 number of Equity Shares to NHPC Limited as approved by Board of Directors in its meeting held on 26.08.2017.

(iii)Change in Promoters 'Shareholding (Please specify, if there is no change).

No.															
Particulars		At the beginning of the year	Date wise Increase/	Decrease in	Promoters	d 1500 +b0 1000		ũ	reasons for increase/	decrease (e.g.	transfer/	bonus/sweat	equity etc.)	At the End of	the year
beginning of the year (as on 01.04.2018)	No. of shares	40,00,000*					•							40,00,000	8
the year (as 4.2018)	%of total shares of the company	100												100	
Tra	Date	+						Œ.							
Transactions during the year	Increase/ Decrease in Shareholding			2				8							
the year	Reason														
during the year (01.04.2018 to 31.03.2019)	No. of shares	40,00,000							19					40,00,000	
01.04.2018 019)	%of total shares of the company	100												100	0.000

There is no change in the shareholding of promoter group.
\*NHPC holds 39,99,999 equity shares and UPNEDA holds 1 equity shares.

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

SI. No.	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	Shareholding at the b on 01.	For Each of the Top Shareholding at the beginning of the year (as 10 Shareholders on 01.04.2018)	Cumulative Shareholding during t (01.04.2018 to 31.03.2019)	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (01.04.2018 to 31.03.2019)
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	%of total shares of
	At the beginning of the year	JK	NII	NI	
	Date wise Increase/ Decrease in Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/ decrease(e.g. allotment/ transfer/ bonus / sweat equity etc)	ĬZ	J.	J.	Ĭ
	At the End of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)	IJ.	NIL	NII.	JIN

	(V) SHAFFIIOIUNG OF	(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:	lanageriai Personi	nel:		
S S	For Each of the Directors and KMP		Shareholding at the begyear (as on 01.04.2018)	Shareholding at the beginning of the year (as on 01.04.2018)	Cumulative Shareholding durin year (01.04.2018 to 31.03.2019)	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (01.04.2018 to 31.03.2019)
	2		No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
_	Shri Ratish Kumar, Chairman	At the beginning of the year	•	Negligible	-	Negligible
		Date wise increase/ Decrease in Shareholding during the year		Z	NIL	
		At the End of the year	•	Negligible	-	Negligible

	'n							ω							.4			
Y	Shri Cherian Mathew, Director (ceased from	directorship w.e.f 31.05.2019 (AN))		6.00			2	Ms Namrata Kalra,	director on	13.08.2018)			**		Shri Harish Kumar, Director (became	director on . 04.12.2018)		
	At the beginning of the year	Date wise Increase/	Decrease in	Shareholding	At the End of the	year		At the beginning of the year	Date wise	Increase/	Shareholding	during the year specifying the	At the End of the	year	At the beginning of the year	Date wise increase/	Decrease in Shareholding during the year	At the End of the year
•	-							Z					N.		ZI.			ے
	Negligible		7		Nealigible			NIL					NIC.		Z.	8		Negligible
	-		NIL					NIL			NIL.		Z.		NE NE	NE.		_
NI SERVICE SERVICE	Negligible	G.			Negligible			NIL.					N.	•	Z.			Negligible

)

Note: Key Managerial Personnel of the Company i.e. Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary did not held any shares in the Company during the FY 2018-19

)

### V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
i)Principal Amount ii)Interest due but not paid iii)Interest accrued but not due	NIL	NI	NI	NIL
Total(i+ii+iii)	NIL	NIL	N.	N
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year     Addition     Reduction	NIL	JIN	JIN N	NIF
Net Change	NIC	NIL	NIC	Z
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year i)Principal Amount ii)Interest due but not paid iii)Interest accrued but not due	JIN	NIL	JIN N	N N
Total(i+ii+iii)	NIC	NIL	NIL	

# REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

S. S.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager	(D/ Manager	2	ticulars of Remuneration Name of MD/WTD/ Manager	-
o.		Shri. Ratish Kumar	Shri. Cherian Methew	Sh N (ce	Shri. Arun Kumar Mishra (ceased on 30.11.2018)	ri. Arun Ms. Namrata (umar Kalra Mishra ased on 11.2018)
	Gross salary (a)Salary as per provisions				fig.	fs &
	insection17(1)oftheIncome-	Z F	Z		N.	NIL
	taxAct,1961 (b)Value of perquisites u/s17(2) Income-	N.	N.		Z	NIL
	taxAct,1961 (c)Profits in lieu of salary under section17(3) Income- taxAct,1961	¥.	<u>≅</u>		Z F	NIL NIL
2.	Stock Option	NIL	NIL		NE NE	NIL NIL
ω	Sweat Equity .	NIL	NIL.		NE.	NIL NIL
4.	Commission -as% of profit					
	-others, specify	Z F	Z		Z	ZIE ZIE
<u>,</u>	Others, please specify	NIL	NIL		NE	NIL NIL
	Total (A)	NIL	N		NIL	NIL
	Ceiling as per the Act				學	-

B. Remuneration to other Directors:

ď	Particulars of Remuneration	62	Name of	Name of Directors		Total
÷••••	Independent Directors Fee for attending board/committee meetings Commission Others, please specify	M	N	Ħ	E E	뒽
Tot	Total(1)	JI N	NIL	NIL	NIL	N N
2. C	Other Non-Executive     Directors     Fee for attending     board/committee meetings     Commission     Others, please specify	₩ N	. I	- I	NE	
To	Total (2)	J <sub>N</sub>	N	NIL	NIL	N
Tot	Total (B)=(1+2)	JIN N	NIC	NIL	NIL	Į.
Tot	Total Managerial Remuneration	J N	NIL	NIL	NIL	륃
ð	Over all Ceiling as per the Act					

## 9 REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

4 S w N No. theIncome-taxAct, 1961 containedinsection17(1)of (a)Salary as per provisions Sweat Equity Gross salary Total specify Commission Stock Option taxAct,1961 undersection17(3) Income-(c)Profits in lieu of salary 17(2) Income-taxAct, 1961 (b)Value of perquisites u/s Others, please as% of profit Others, specify... Remuneration Particulars of 13.80 13.80 Z Z CEO Z Z Z Z Company Secretary Z Z Z Z Key Managerial Personnel Z Z Z Z 31.09 31.09 Z CFO Z Z Z Z Z Amount in Rs (Lakh) 44.89 44.89 Total Z Z Z Z Z Z

# VII. PENALTIES/ PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty/ Punishment /Compounding fees	Authority [RD/NCLT/	Appeal made, if any (give Details)
A. COMPANY			pasadini	COON	
Penalty	NA	¥N	- <del>-</del>	NA	NA
Punishment	NA	AN	Z	AN	C A
Compounding	AN	Ä	Ž	AN	C V
B. DIRECTORS					2
Penalty	NA	NA		AN	ΔN
Punishment	NA	NA	Ž	AN	Q V
Compounding	NA	NA	Ž	NA	AN
C. OTHER OFFIC	C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT				2
Penalty	NA	NA	Z	AN	AN
Punishment	NA	NA	J.	NA	AN
Compounding	NA	NA	Ž	NA	NA.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Ratish Kumar) CHAIRMAN DIN: 06852735

> Date: 11-09-2019 Place: Faridabal



### BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LTD. LUCKNOW

BALANCE SHEET AS ON 31.03.2019

### बुंदेलखण्ड सौर ऊर्जा लिमिटेड

(एनएचपीसी लिमिटेड और यूपीनेडा का संयुक्त उपक्रम)



### **Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited**

(A Joint Venture of NHPC Limited & UPNEDA)

फोन/Phone: 0522-2720952

संदर्भ सं./Ref. No. : BSUL/LKO/2019/

### COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE BY UNITS FOR PREPARATION OF CFO CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO CLAUSE 17(8) OF SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS & DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015

- a) We have reviewed financial statements for the year ended 31.03.2019 of the Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited, Lucknow and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
  - This is to certify that the financial statements do not contain any materially untrue statements or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading No change in linkage to chart of accounts has been made without approval from NHPC Ltd.
  - These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing Accounting Standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- b) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the period ended 31.03.2019 which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
- c) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and management, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- d) We have indicated to the auditors and management
  - Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the period ended 31.03.2019.
  - ii. significant changes in accounting policies during the period ended 31.03.2019 and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
  - iii. Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Surendra Prasad Singh Chief Financial Officer

Place: Lucknow

Date: 07.05.2019



### बुंदेलखण्ड सौर ऊर्जा लिमिटेड

(एनएचपीसी लिमिटेड और यूपीनेडा का संयुक्त उपक्रम)

### **Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited**

(A Joint Venture of NHPC Limited & UPNEDA)

फोन/Phone : 0522-2720952

संदर्भ सं./Ref. No. : BSUL/LKO/2019/

### Management's Responsibility Statement for preparation of Director's Responsibility Statement

This is to certify that the Annual Accounts of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited, Lucknow for the financial year 2018-19 have been prepared keeping in view the provisions of section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Director's Responsibility Statement i.e.,

 that in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures.

ii) that the management has selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period.

iii) that the proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities has been taken.

iv) that the accounts are prepared on going concern basis.

v) that management had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.

vi) that the management had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

Surendra Prasad Singh Chief Financial Officer

Place: Lucknow

Date: 07.05.2019

Chartered Accountants

16, Jehangirabad Mansions Hazratganj, P.B. No. 229 Lucknow 226001

Phone: 0522- 4009956 E-mail: ankit@cabhargava.in

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited (herein after referred to as "the Company"), which comprise of the balance sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2019, and the statement of Profit and Loss, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2019, and its loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw your attention to Note 15.1 of the financial statements, wherein it is disclosed that the 57,14,190 equity shares amounting to Rs. 5,71,41,900 issued to UPNEDA are pending allotment and disclosed unde Other Equity. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



Chartered Accountants

16, Jehangirabad Mansions Hazratganj, P.B. No. 229 Lucknow 226001

Phone: 0522-4009956

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### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of



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not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### Chartered Accountants

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### Other Matter

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2018, were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 13<sup>th</sup> Aug, 2018.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of subsection (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure 'A' statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - (e) The provisions of sub-section (2) of section 164 of the Companies Act are not applicable to a Government Company therefore none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2019.
  - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
  - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
    - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.



### Chartered Accountants

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iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For BHARGAVA & CO.

Chartered Accountants,

Firm Registration no.: 000765C

Place: Lucknow Date: 07-05-2019

Ale

Ankit Bhargava

(Partner)

Member number: 405985

### Chartered Accountants

16, Jehangirabad Mansions Hazratganj, P.B. No. 229 Lucknow 226001

Phone: 0522- 4009956 E-mail: ankit@cabhargava.in

### ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited)

- i In respect of the Company's fixed assets:
  - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of fixed assets in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us and based on the examination of the conveyance deeds / registered sale deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land and buildings which are freehold, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. In respect of immovable properties of land and building that have been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed assets in the standalone financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company.
- ii. The Company has not commenced the commercial productions and as such there are no inventories The clause relating to physical verification of inventory is therefore not applicable..
- iii. According the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans secured or unsecured to companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties, covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- v. The Company has accepted not accepted any deposits during the year.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Thus reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

### Chartered Accountants

16, Jehangirabad Mansions Hazratganj, P.B. No. 229 Lucknow 226001 Phone: 0522-4009956

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vii. According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:

- (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. As per information and explanations furnished to us the dues of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Customs Duty and Cess are not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, there are no amounts payable in respect of income tax, wealth tax, service tax, sales tax, customs duty and excise duty which have not been deposited on account of any disputes pending.
- viii.According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, banks and government or has not issued any debentures. Hence reporting under clause 3 (viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans and hence reporting under clause 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has paid/provided managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii.In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

W

### Chartered Accountants

 Jehangirabad Mansions Hazratganj, P.B. No. 229 Lucknow 226001

Phone: 0522- 4009956 E-mail: ankit@cabhargava.in

- xiv. During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly paid convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause 3 (xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For BHARGAVA & CO.

Chartered Accountants, Firm Registration no.: 000765C

Place: Lucknow Date: 07-05-2019

Ankit Bhargava

(Partner)

Member number: 405985

### Chartered Accountants

16, Jehangirabad Mansions Hazratganj, P.B. No. 229 Lucknow 226001 Phone: 0522- 4009956

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Annexure 'B'

### Directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under subsection 5 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

Based on the verification of records of the Company and according to information and explanations given to us, we report as under:

 Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.

Yes, the Company has system in place to process all accounting transactions through  $\Pi$  system. We have not observed any transaction processed outside the  $\Pi$  system.

 Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts /loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated.

No, there were no cases in which any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/ write off of debts / loans/ interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan.

 Whether funds received/receivable for specific schemes from central/ state agencies were properly accounted for/ utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.

Yes, the funds received/ receivable for specific schemes from central/ state agencies were properly accounted for as per its term and conditions. The funds received from State Government amounting to Rs. 10,00,00,000.00 [Rupees Ten Crores] had been received in earlier years for transmission lines. The project is still under implementation, the amount is unutilised and is disclosed in Other Current Liabilities (Note 21).

For BHARGAVA & CO.

Chartered Accountants,

Firm Registration no.: 000765C

Place: Lucknow Date: 07-05-2019

Ankit Bhargava

(Partner)

Member number: 405985

Chartered Accountants

16, Jehangirabad Mansions Hazratganj, P.B. No. 229 Lucknow 226001 Phone: 0522-4009956

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### ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements section of our report to the Members of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited as of March 31, 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design. implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



### Chartered Accountants

16, Jehangirabad Mansions Hazratganj, P.B. No. 229 Lucknow 226001

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Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company.
- 2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company.
- 3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Chartered Accountants

16, Jehangirabad Mansions Hazratganj, P.B. No. 229 Lucknow 226001 Phone: 0522- 4009956

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### Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place: Lucknow Date: 07-05-2019 For BHARGAVA & CO.

Chartered Accountants,

Firm Registration no.: 000765C

Ankit Bhargava

(Partner)

Member number: 405985

### Chartered Accountants

16, Jehangirabad Mansions Hazratganj, P.B. No. 229 Lucknow 226001 Phone: 0522-4009956

E-mail: ankit@cabhargava.in

### Compliance Certificate

We have conducted the audit of annual accounts of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited for the year ended 31 March 2019 in accordance with the directions/ sub-directions issued by the C&AG of India under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have compiled with all the Directions/ Sub-directions issued to us.

Place: Lucknow Date: 07/05/2018 For BHARGAVA & CO.

Chartered Accountants, Firm Registration no.: 000765C

Ankit Bhargava (Partner)

Member number: 405985



### BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED

(A joint venture of NHPC Ltd. And UPNEDA)

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2019

(Amount in ₹) PARTICULARS As at 31st March, 2019 As at 31st March, 2018 As at 1st April, 2017 \* Restated Restated ASSETS NON-CURRENT ASSETS a) Property, Plant and Equipment 2.1 575,88,544 576.34.550 5.02 354 b) Capital Work in Progress 22 379,82,196 311,18,516 182,77,567 c) Investment Property 23 d) Intanoible Assets 2.4 26,000 52,000 e) Financial Assets i) Investments 3 1 ii) Trade Receivables 3.2 iiil Loans 1,700 3.3 1,700 iv) Others 3.4 f) Non Current Tax Assets (Net) gl. Other Non Current Assets **TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS** 955,96,740 888,06,766 187.81.621 (2) CURRENT ASSETS a) Inventories 6 b) Financial Assets B Trade Receivables II) Cash & Cash Equivalents В 1186,37,372 1155:18:203 1135.42.530 iii) Bank balances other than Cash & Cash Equivalents q iv) Loans 10 v) Others 1 2,37,994 2,22,317 1.95 445 c) Current Tax Assets (Net) 12 d) Other Current Assets 13 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 1188,75,366 1157,40,520 1137,37,975 (3) Regulatory Deferral Account Debit Balances 14 TOTAL ASSETS AND REGULATORY DEFERRAL ACCOUNT DEBIT 2144,72,106 2045,47,286 1325.19.596 BALANCES EQUITY AND LIABILITIES EQUITY (a) Equity Share Capital 15.1 400,00,000 400,00,000 100,00,000 (b) Other Equity 15.2 459,93,242 479,65,530 (39,68,319) TOTAL FOURTY 859.93.242 879,65,530 60,31,681 LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES a) Financial Liabilities i) Borrowings 16.1 ii) Other financial liabilities 16.2 b) Provisions 17 c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) 18 d) Other non-current Liabilities 19 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES **CURRENT LIABILITIES** a) Financial Liabilities i) Borrowines 20.1 ii) Trade Payables 20.2 Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 2,04,334 Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than micro enterprises 46,481 1,71,603 1,49,373 and small enterprises iii) Other financial liabilities 20.3 282 15 535 164,10,153 263,28,303 b) Other Current Liabilities 21 1000,12,514 1000,00,000 1000, 10, 239 c) Provisions 22 d) Current Tax Liabilities /Not) 23 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 1284.78.864 1165,81,756 1264,87,915 TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES 2144,72,106 2045,47,286 1325,19,596 Significant Accounting Policies Expenditure attributable to construction (EAC) during the year forming part of capital 32 work in progress Disclosure on Financial Instruments and Risk Management 33 Other Explanatory Notes to Accounts 34 Refer Note 35 for restatement. Note 1 to 35 form integral part of the Accounts (BSUL) accounts are audited for the purpose of Consolidation. For Bhargava & Co. (Ration Kurnar) (Harish Kumar) Chartered Accountants Chairman Director (Firm Regn. No. 000765C) (A.K. Singh) (CA Ankit Bharpaya) Chief Executive Office Partner; M.No. 405985 Place: Lucknow (S. P. Singh) (Tarkeshwa Singh) Date: . 67.05.2019 Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary)

### BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED

(A joint venture of NHPC Ltd. And UPNEDA)

### TATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2019

(Amount in ₹) For the Year ended For the Year ended Note 31st March, 2019 31st March, 2018 No. INCOME 100 Revenue from Continuing Operations 24.1 iii Other Income 2,30,339 3,54,003 TOTAL INCOME 2,30,339 3,54,003 EXPENSES i) Generation Expenses 25 iū. Employee Benefits Exponse 26 10) 27 (v) Depreciation & Amortivation Expense 28 Other Expenses 29 2.85.578 37,50,000 TOTAL EXPENSES 2,85,578 37,50,000 Profit before Exceptional Items, Rate Regulated Activities and Tax (55.239) (33.95.997) Exceptional items PROFIT BEFORE TAX (55,239) (33.95.997) Tax Expenses 30 Current Tex 19 17 049 18,43,494 i): Adjustments for Income Tax (31,440)In Deferred Tax Total Tax Expenses 19,17,049 18.12.054 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR BEFORE NET MOVEMENTS IN REGULATORY DEFERRAL (19,72,288) (52,08,051) ACCOUNT BALANCES Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances (Net of Tax) 31 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR AFTER NET MOVEMENTS IN REGULATORY DEFERRAL (19,72,288) (52,08,051) ACCOUNT BALANCES. Profit for the year from continuing operations (A) (19,72,288) (52,08,051) Profit from discontinued operations Tax expense of discontinued operations Profit from discontinuing operations after tax OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (B) (I) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (a) Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans Loss: Income Tax on remeasurement of the defined benefit plans Less: Deferred Tax Adjustment Against Deferred Tax Liabilities on Remeasurement of defined benefit plans -Movement in Regulatory Deforral Account. Balances-Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Less: Impact of Tax on Regulatory Deferral Accounts Sub total (a) (b) investment in Equity instruments Less: Income Tax on Equity Instruments Sub total (b) Total (i)=(a)+(b) (ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss - Investment in Dobt instruments Loss: Income Tax on investment in Debt Instruments Total (iii) Other Comprehensive Income (B)=(i+ii) TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR (A+B) (19,72,288) (52,08,051) Earning per share before movements in Regulatory Deterral Account Balances (Equity shares, face value of 10/- each) Basic (0.49)(2.01)Diluted (0.20)(0.63)Earning per share after movements in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances (Equity shares, face value of 10/- each) Basic & Diluted Significant Accounting Policies Expenditure attributable to construction (LAC) during the year forming part of capital 32 work in progress Disclosure on Financial instruments and Risk Management 33 Other Explanatory Notes to Accounts Note 1 to 35 form integral part of the Accounts (BSUL) accounts are audited for the purpose of Consolidation. For Bhargeva & Co. Chartered Accountants Chairman Director n. No. 00076503 asajawa (A.K. SI

Place: Lucknow Date: -07.05,2619

Partner M.No. 405985 Chief Executive Office

(S. P. Singht Chief Financial Officer

crotary)



### BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED

(A Joint Venture between NHPC Ltd., and UPNEDA)

(7 ni JnuomA)

### CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2019

	PARTICULARS	For the year 31st March,			year ended larch, 2018
A.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		States and the state of the sta		* Reslated
	Profit before tax and extraordinary items	1	-55,239		27.22.22
	Less: Rate Regulated Income/ (Expenditure)		-33,635		-33,95,99
	100 (200), We 700: UNESCO 140 (200)		-55,239		-33,95,99
	ADD:				-90,80,89
	Depreciation (including Prior Period & ERV impact)	1 6		316	
	Finance Cost (Net of EDC)	1 2			
	Provisions (Net loss)		1		
	Expenditure incurred to create RRA (not of finance and depreciation)				
	Tariff Adjustment (loss)	N 20 1		- 1	
	FERV Sale	W #			
	Loss on sale of assets/Claims written off			11	
	Others	2.0			
	i ren	10 22	-55,239		-33,95,99
	LESS:				
	Advance against Depredation written back	100		- W	
	Provisions (Nel garri)	58		100	
	self insurance fund Utilisetion during the year) period NET GAIN/LOSS ON SALE OF Investmets	2.0			
		2//	Al .		
	Profit on Sale of Assets \ Realization of Loss	£11			
	Dividend Income	2000 Televis			
	Interest Income	1,46,783		2,85,956	
			1.46,783		2,85,95
0	Cash flow from operating activities before working capital adjustments		-2,02,022		-36,81,95
			2,92,022		-20,01,20
	Decrease (Increase) in Working Capital:		1		
	Inventories Trade Receivables		- 1		
		Al.			
	Other Assets, Leans and Advances Other Liabilities & Provisions	-13,977		1,506	
1	Collet Cabillies a Provisions	118,97,108		-99.05,159	
3	Cash flow from operating activities before taxes	77.0	118,83,131	- I	-99,04,65
	activities dolloperating activities dollore takes		116,81,109		-135,86,609
1	ess : Taxes		19,17,049	1	24.32.40
1	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)		97,64,060		18,12,050
			31,04,000	_	-153,98,660
1	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
į	Purchase of Fixed Assets & expenditure on construction projects		1		
1	incluiding expenditure during construction forming part of Capital Work		-140,85,071		107 04 00
i	n Progress for the year)		110,00,011		-187,84,25
	Creation of Rate Regulatory Assets	100			
	Realization from Investments / Bonds		5.0		
	Nvidend Income				
	nlerest Income		74,41,180		E4 CD 000
			25,761,300	1	61,59,270
ì	NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)		-65,44,891		-126,24,986
.0	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
	Owldend and Dividend Tax Paid				
ō					
F	inance from Borrowings				
	Shere Capital		92	1	200 00 000
	lorrowings				300,00,000
	opayment of Borrowings				12.5
	Herest & Finance Charges			1	Arm.
		11		-	-681
N	ET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	_			299.99,314
N	ET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (	A+B+C)	31,19,169		19,75,673
	Automorphic and Automorphic an	100			15,12,613
C	ash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	1	155,18,203		1135,42,530
	ash & Cash Equivalents at the close of the year		186,37,372	1	1155,18,203

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO CASH FLOW STATEMENT

 Cash and Cash equivalents consists of Cash in hand, cheques/grafts in hands are Bank Halances including Short Term Deposits of Cash and Cash equivalents
 1185,37,372
 1155,1 1155,18,203 Othor Bank Balances \*

In terms of our report of even size attached

For Bhargeve & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 000765CU A

(Ratish Kuma

1155,18,203

Chairman

For and up behalf of Board of Directors

Kumar)

(CA Ancettranpaya) of TEVE COUNTRATS

808 (A.K.Singh) Chief Executive Officer

(S. P. Singh) (Tarkern an Singh) Chief Financial Officer Company Socretary

Pätiner M.No. 405985 A

Plax Lucknow Date: 6 J. 05° 2419

### NOTE NO. 1: COMPANY INFORMATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (I) Reporting entity

Bundelkhand Saur Urja Ltd (the "Company") is a Company domiciled in India and limited by shares. The address of the Company's registered office is TC-43/V,Vibhuti Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow., Uttar Pradesh -226010. The Company is primarily involved in the generation and sale of bulk power to State Power Utilities.

### (II) Basis of preparation

### (A) Statement of Compliance

These standalone financial statements are prepared on going concern basis following accrual system of accounting and comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and subsequent amendments thereto, the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified and applicable), applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, and the provisions of the Electricity Act, 2003 to the extent applicable.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on .....

### (B) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except for:

- · Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.
- · Plan assets of defined employee benefit plans measured at fair value.

The methods used to measure fair values are discussed in Note 33.

### (C) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded off to the nearest crore (upto two decimals).

### (D) Use of estimates and management judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that may impact the application of accounting policies and the reported value of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and related disclosures including contingent assets and liabilities at the Balance Sheet date. The estimates and management's judgments are based on previous experience and other factors considered reasonable and prudent in the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In order to enhance understanding of the financial statements, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are included in the following notes:

### Critical judgments and estimates

### a) Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease

Appendix C, Ind AS 17 'Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease' requires an assessment of whether:

- -fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets (the asset); and
- -the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

Further, an arrangement conveys a right to use the asset if facts and circumstances indicate that it is remote that one or more parties other than the purchaser will take more than an insignificant amount of the output or other utility that will be produced or generated by the asset during the term of the arrangement, and the price that the purchaser will pay for the output is neither contractually fixed per unit of output nor equal to the current market price per unit of output as of the time of delivery of the output.

The Company enters into power purchase agreements with beneficiaries. Power Purchase Agreements (PPA) in the nature of embedded lease with a single beneficiary where the minimum lease term is for the major part of the plant's economic life and the minimum lease payments amount to substantially all the fair value of the plant are considered as a Finance Lease. Other embedded leases are considered as Operating Lease.

For embedded leases in the nature of a Finance Lease, the investment in the plant is recognised as a Lease Receivable. The minimum lease payments are identified by segregating the embedded lease payments from the rest of the contract amounts. Each lease receipt is allocated between the receivable and finance lease income so as to achieve a constant rate of return on the Lease Receivable outstanding.

In the case of operating leases or embedded operating leases, the lease income from the operating lease is recognised in revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The respective leased assets are included in the Balance Sheet based on their nature.

# b) Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

Useful life of the assets used for generation of electricity is determined by the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) Tariff Regulations as mentioned in part B of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for construction plant & machinery and computers & peripherals which are in accordance with Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and mobile phones which are as per management assessment.

# Recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress and intangible assets

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress and intangible assets are based on estimates and assumptions, in particular the expected market outlook and future cash flows associated with the power plants. Any changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on the measurement of the recoverable amount resulting in impairment.

#### d) Post-retirement benefit plans

Employee benefit obligations are measured on the basis of actuarial assumptions which include mortality and withdrawal rates as well as assumptions concerning future developments in discount rates, the rate of salary increase, the inflation rate and expected rate of return on plan assets. The Company considers that the assumptions used to measure its obligations are appropriate and documented. However, any changes in these assumptions may have an impact on the resulting calculations.

#### e) Revenue

The Company records revenue from sale of power based on Tariff approved by the CERC, as per the principles of Ind AS 115. However, in cases where tariff rates are yet to be approved, provisional rates are adopted considering the applicable CERC Tariff Regulations. Further, where tariff are pending revision due to revision in cost estimates, tariffs are computed based on the parameters and methods prescribed under the CERC Tariff Regulations and an estimated amount of revenue is recognised when an application is made to the CERC after obtaining necessary approvals to the extent it is highly probable that there will be no downward adjustment to the revenue recognised.

#### Provisions and contingencies

The assessments undertaken in recognising provisions and contingencies have been made in accordance with Ind AS 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets'. The evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events has been made on the basis of best judgment by management regarding probable outflow of economic resources. Such estimation can change following unforeseeable developments.

#### g) Recoverable Amount of Rate Regulated Assets

The operating activities of the Company are subject to cost-of-service regulations whereby tariff charged for electricity generated is based on allowable costs like interest costs, depreciation, operation & maintenance including a stipulated return. Guidance Note on Rate Regulated Activities issued by the ICAI (previous GAAP) and Ind AS 114- 'Regulatory Deferral Accounts' permits an entity to include in the rate base, as part of the cost of self-constructed (tangible) PPE or internally generated intangible assets, amounts that would otherwise be recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss in accordance with Ind AS. The Company estimates that items of regulatory deferral accounts recognised in the financial statements are recoverable as per the current CERC Tariff Regulations 2014-19. However, changes in CERC tariff regulations beyond the current tariff period may affect the recoverability of such balances.

# h) Impairment of Trade Receivables

Considering the historical credit loss experience for trade receivables, the Company does not envisage either impairment in the value of receivables from beneficiaries or loss due to time value of money owing to delay in realization of trade receivables, except to the extent already provided for.

#### i) Investment in Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures

Investment has been carried at cost and as per assessment by the Company, there is no indication of impairment on such investments. Any changes in assumption may have a material impact on the measurement of the recoverable amount,

## j) Insurance Claim Recoverable

The recoverable amount of insurance claims in respect of damages to Property, Plant & Equipment is based on estimates & assumptions as per terms and conditions of insurance policies.

(III) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Summary of the significant accounting policies for the preparation of financial statements as given below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements. These accounting policies are formulated in a manner that results in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about the transactions, other events and conditions to which they apply. These policies need not be applied when the effect of applying them is immaterial.

Up to March 31, 2015, Property, Plant and Equipment, Capital Work in Progress, Intangible Assets and Investment Property were carried in the Balance Sheet in accordance with Indian GAAP. The Company had elected to avail the exemption granted by IND AS 101, "First time adoption of IND AS" to regard those amounts as the deemed cost at the date of transition to IND AS (i.e. as on April 1, 2015).

#### 1.0 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

- a) An item of PPE is recognized as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.
- b) PPE are initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including decommissioning or restoration cost wherever required. The cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. In cases where final settlement of bills with contractors is pending, but the asset is complete and available for operating in the manner intended by the management, capitalisation is done on estimated basis subject to necessary adjustments, including those arising out of settlement of arbitration/court cases.
- c) Expenditure incurred on renovation and modernization of PPE on completion of the originally estimated useful life of the power station resulting in increased life and/or efficiency of an existing asset, is added to the cost of the related asset. PPE acquired as replacement of the existing assets are capitalized and its corresponding replaced assets removed/ retired from active use are derecognized.
- d) After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation/amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.
- e) Deposits, payments made/ liabilities created provisionally towards compensation (including interest on enhanced compensation till the date of award by the Court), rehabilitation &

resettlement and other expenses including expenditure on environment management plans relatable to land in possession are treated as cost of land.

- f) Assets over which the Company has control, though created on land not belonging to the Company, are included under Property, Plant and Equipment.
- g) Standby equipment and servicing equipment which meet the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized.
- h) Spares parts (procured along with the Plant & Machinery or subsequently) which meet the recognition criteria are capitalized. The carrying amount of those spare parts that are replaced is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal. Other spare parts are treated as "stores & spares" forming part of inventory.
- i) If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts/inspection is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection carried out.
- j) An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

## 2.0 Capital work in Progress

- a) Expenditure incurred on assets under construction (including a project) is carried at cost under Capital Work in Progress (CWIP). Such costs comprise purchase price of assets including import duties and non-refundable taxes (after deducting trade discounts and rebates), expenditure in relation to survey and investigation activities of projects, cost of site preparation, initial delivery and handling charges, installation and assembly costs, etc.
- b) Costs including employee benefits, professional fees, expenditure on maintenance and upgradation of common public facilities, depreciation on assets used in construction of project, interest during construction and other costs that are directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management are accumulated under "Expenditure Attributable to Construction (EAC)" and subsequently allocated on systematic basis over major immovable assets, other than land and infrastructure facilities on commissioning of projects. Net pre-commissioning income/expenditure is adjusted directly in the cost of related assets.
- c) Capital Expenditure incurred for creation of facilities, over which the Company does not have control but the creation of which is essential principally for construction of the project is accumulated under "Expenditure Attributable to Construction" and carried under "Capital Work in Progress" and subsequently allocated on a systematic basis over major immovable assets, other than land and infrastructure facilities on commissioning of projects, keeping in view the "attributability" and the "Unit of Measure" concepts in Ind AS 16- "Property, Plant & Equipment". Expenditure of such nature incurred after completion of the project, is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 3.0 Investment Property

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of derecognition.

Transfers to or from investment property is made when and only when there is a change in use supported by an evidence .

# 4.0 Intangible Assets and Intangible Assets under Development

 a) Expenditure on research is charged to revenue as and when incurred. Expenditure on development is capitalized only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Company intends to & has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset.

- b) Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Cost includes any directly attributable expenses necessary to make the assets ready for its intended use. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.
- c) Land taken for use from State Government (without transfer of title) and expenses on relief and rehabilitation as also on creation of alternate facilities for land evacuees or in lieu of existing facilities coming under submergence and where construction of such alternate facilities is a specific pre-condition for the acquisition of the land for the purpose of the project, are accounted for as Land-Right to use.
- d) Software (not being an integral part of the related hardware) acquired for internal use, is stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses if any.
- e) An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

# 5.0 Foreign Currency Transactions

- a) Transactions in foreign currency are initially recorded at the functional currency spot rate at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. At each Balance Sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currency are translated at the functional currency exchange rates prevailing on that date.
- b) Exchange differences relating to PPE/capital work-in-progress arising out of transaction entered into prior to April 1, 2004 are adjusted to the carrying cost of respective PPE/capital work-in-progress.
- c) Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign currency borrowings entered into prior to March 31, 2016 recoverable from or payable to beneficiaries in subsequent periods as per CERC Tariff regulations are recognised as "Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Recoverable/ Payable Account" and adjusted from the year in which the same is recovered/ paid.
- d) Exchange differences arising from settlement/ translation of monetary items denominated in foreign currency entered into on or after 01.04.2016 to the extent recoverable from or payable to the beneficiaries in subsequent periods as per CERC Tariff Regulations are recognized as 'Regulatory Deferral Account Balances' during construction period and adjusted from the year in which the same become recoverable from or payable to the beneficiaries.
- e) Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Where the Company has paid or received advance consideration in a foreign currency, the date of transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it), is the date when the Company initially recognizes the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the payment or receipt of advance consideration.

#### 6.0 Regulatory Deferral Accounts

- a) Where an item of expenditure incurred during the period of construction of a project is recognised as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss i.e. not allowed to be capitalized as part of cost of relevant PPE in accordance with Ind AS, but is nevertheless permitted by CERC to be recovered from the beneficiaries in future through tariff, the right to recover the same is recognized as "Regulatory Deferral Account balances."
- b) Expense/ income recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent recoverable from or payable to the beneficiaries in subsequent periods as per CERC Tariff Regulations are recognised as "Regulatory Deferral Account balances."
- c) These Regulatory Deferral Account balances are adjusted from the year in which the same become recoverable from or payable to the beneficiaries.

- d) Regulatory Deferral Account balances are evaluated at each Balance Sheet date to ensure that the underlying activities meet the recognition criteria and it is probable that future economic benefits associated with such balances will flow to the entity. If these criteria are not met, the Regulatory Deferral Account balances are derecognised.
- e) Regulatory Deferral Account balances are tested for impairment at each Balance Sheet date.

#### 7.0 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Normally at initial recognition, the transaction price is the best evidence of fair value.

However, when the Company determines that transaction price does not represent the fair value, it uses inter-alia valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All financial assets and financial liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy. This categorisation is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- $\circ$  Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- $\circ$  Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation at the end of each reporting period.

# 8.0 Investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures

Investments in equity shares of subsidiaries and joint ventures are carried at cost.

# 9.0 Financial assets other than investment in subsidiaries and joint ventures

A financial asset includes inter-alia any asset that is cash, equity instrument of another entity or contractual obligation to receive cash or another financial asset or to exchange financial asset or financial liability under conditions that are potentially favourable to the Company. A financial asset is recognized when and only when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets of the Company comprise Cash and Cash Equivalents, Bank Balances, Investments in equity shares of companies other than in subsidiaries & joint ventures, Trade Receivables, Advances to employees/ contractors, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

#### a) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- At amortised cost,
- At fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), and

The classification depends on the following:

- (a) The entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- (b) The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in the Statement of Profit and Loss or Other Comprehensive Income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.

b) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or Loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Company measures the trade receivables at their transaction price, if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component.

## c) Subsequent measurement

#### Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- ii) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## Debt instrument at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at FVTOCI if both the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- ii) The asset's contractual cash flows represent Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI).

Debt instruments at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income are measured at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses, reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the EIR method.

#### Equity investments:

All equity investments in entities other than subsidiaries and joint ventures are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading, if any, are classified at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVIPL). For all other equity instruments, the Company classifies the same as at FVTOCI. The Company makes such election on an instrument by- instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

All fair value changes on an equity instrument classified at FVTOCI, are recognized in the OCI. There is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to the Statement of Profit and Loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Dividends from such investments are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as other income when the company's right to receive payments is established.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category, if any, are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Trade Receivables:

Trade receivables containing a significant financing component are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### d) Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised only when:

i) The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset; or

ii) Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the Company has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the Company has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

On derecognition, the difference between the carrying amount and the amount of consideration received / receivable is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# e) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets:

- Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost.
- ii) Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI
- iii) Contract Assets and Trade Receivables under Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- iv) Lease Receivables under Ind AS 17, Leases.

The Company follows the 'simplified approach' permitted under Ind AS 109, "Financial Instruments" for recognition of impairment loss allowance based on life time expected credit loss from initial recognition on contract assets, lease receivables and trade receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 17 and Ind AS 115.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets, the Company assesses whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company assesses the credit risk characteristics on instrument-by-instrument basis. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL. The amount of expected credit loss (or reversal) for the period is recognized as expense/income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 10.0 Inventories

Inventories mainly comprise stores and spare parts to be used for maintenance of Property, Plant and Equipment and are valued at cost or net realizable value (NRV) whichever is lower. The cost is determined using weighted average cost formula and NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Scrap is valued at net realisable value.

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories is recognized as an expense in the period in which write-down or loss occurs.

## 11.0 Dividends

Dividends and interim dividends payable to the Company's shareholders are recognised as change in equity in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders and the Board of Directors respectively.

#### 12.0 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Company are contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company.

The Company's financial liabilities include loans & borrowings, trade and other payables.

# a) Classification, initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus transaction costs that are directly attributable and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Financial liabilities are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the fair value at initial recognition is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss or in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion, over the period of the borrowings using the effective rate of interest.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

# b) Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss or in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion, when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## c) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# d) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 13.0 Government Grants

- a) The benefits of a government loan at a below market rate of interest is treated as Government Grant. The loan is initially recognised and measured at fair value and the government grant is measured as the difference between the initially recognized amount of the loan and the proceeds received. The loan is subsequently measured as per the accounting policy applicable to financial liabilities and government grant is recognized initially as deferred income and subsequently in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.
- b) Monetary grants from the government for creation of assets are initially recognised as deferred income when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the company will comply with the conditions associated with the grant. The deferred income so recognised is subsequently amortised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the useful life of the related assets.
- c) Government grant related to income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

## 14.0 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

a) Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embedying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Such provisions are determined based on management estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably. The expense relating to a provision net of any reimbursement is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss or in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion.

- b) If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.
- c) Contingent liabilities are possible obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of management/independent experts. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.
- d) Contingent assets are possible assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements when inflow of economic benefits is probable on the basis of judgment of management. These are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

# 15.0 Revenue Recognition and Other Income

Company's revenues arise from sale and trading of energy, project management / construction contracts/ consultancy assignment services and other income. Revenue from other income comprises interest from banks, employees, contractors etc., dividend from investments in joint ventures & subsidiary companies, dividend from investments in equity, interest from investment in bonds, surcharge received from beneficiaries for delayed payments, sale of scrap, other miscellaneous income, etc.

With effect from 1st April, 2018, the Company has adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" using the cumulative catch-up method. However, no material adjustments were necessary.

## a) Revenue from sale of power

- i) Revenue is measured based on the consideration that is specified in a contract with a customer or is expected to be received in exchange for the products or services and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue when it transfers control over the products or services to a customer.
- Revenue from sale of power (except for power stations considered as Finance/Operating Lease) is accounted for as per tariff notified by the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) under the CERC (Terms & Conditions of Tariff) Regulations, 2014. In the case of Power Stations where provisional/ final tariff is yet to be notified or where incentives/disincentives are chargeable/ payable as per CERC (Terms & Conditions of Tariff) Regulations, revenue is recognised to the extent it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. Rebates given to beneficiaries as early payments incentives are deducted from the amount of revenue.
- iii) In the comparative period, revenue from sale of power was measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue was recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership had been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration was probable, the associated costs could be estimated reliably, there was no continuous management involvement and the amount of revenue could be measured reliably.

- iv) Customers are billed on a periodic and regular basis. As at each reporting date, revenue from sale of power includes an accrual for sales delivered to customers but not yet billed (unbilled revenue).
- v) Recovery/ refund towards foreign currency variation in respect of foreign currency loans and recovery towards Income Tax are recognised on year to year basis based on regulatory norms. Recovery towards deferred tax items recognized till March 31, 2009 are accounted for when the same materialises.
- Adjustments arising out of finalisation of Regional Energy Account (REA), though not material, are effected in the year of respective finalisation.
- vii) Advance Against Depreciation (AAD) considered as deferred income up to 31st March 2009 is included in sales on straight line basis over the balance useful life after a period of 12 years from the date of commercial operation of the Power Station.

# b) Revenue from Project Management / Construction Contracts/ Consultancy assignments

- Revenue from Project Management / Construction Contracts/ Consultancy assignments is measured based on the consideration that is specified in a contract with a customer or is expected to be received in exchange for the services and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue on the basis of input method. Input methods recognise revenue on the basis of the costs incurred towards the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected costs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation.
- ii) In the comparative period, revenue on Project Management / Construction Contracts/ Consultancy assignments was recognized on percentage of completion method. The percentage of completion is determined as proportion of "cost incurred up to reporting date" to "estimated cost to complete the concerned Project Management / Construction Contracts and Consultancy assignment".
- Contract modifications, if any, are accounted for when there is a change in the scope or price (or both) of a contract that is approved by the parties to the contract and when the parties to a contract approve a modification that either creates new or changes existing enforceable rights and obligations of the parties to the contract. Accounting for modifications of contracts involves assessing whether the services added to an existing contract are distinct and whether the pricing is at the standalone selling price. Contract modifications are recorded on standalone basis when the scope of the contract increases because of the addition of promised goods or services or the price of the contract increases by an amount of consideration that reflects the Company's standalone selling prices of the additional promised goods or services and any appropriate adjustments to that price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract. Services added that are not distinct are accounted for on a cumulative catch-up basis, while those that are distinct are accounted for prospectively, either as a separate contract, if the additional services are priced at the standalone selling price, or as a termination of the existing contract and creation of a new contract if not priced at the standalone selling price.

#### c) Revenue from trading of power

- Accounting for revenue from trading of power involves assessment of the contract conditions to determine whether the Company is required to act in the capacity of a principal or as an agent. The Company acts in the nature of a principal in case it obtains control of the electricity before transferring it to the customer. Indicators of control includes assessment of whether the company is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the electricity, it has the discretion to establish the price or whether it bears the inventory risk. Where the Company does not obtain control of the electricity before transferring it to the customer and its performance obligation is to arrange for the supply of electricity by another party, it acts in the nature of an agent.
- ii) Where the Company acts as a principal in a contract for trading of power, the amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance obligation that is satisfied is recognised as revenue.
- iii) Where the Company acts as an agent in a contract for trading of power, the net consideration retained after paying the supplier for the electricity provided to the customer

is recognised as revenue from operations. Financial assets and liabilities arising out of these transactions are not set off.

# d) Other income

- Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the same is established.
- For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.
- iii) Interest/Surcharge recoverable from customers including those arising out of contracts for trading of power and liquidated damages /interest on advances to contractors is recognised when it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of revenue recognised will not occur in the future.

## 16.0 Employee Benefits

# Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed or included in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term performance related cash bonus if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

# ii) Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into separate trusts and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss or included in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion in the periods during which services are rendered by employees. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction from future payments is available. Contributions to a defined contribution plan that is due more than 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the service are discounted to their present value.

Employees Defined Contribution Superannuation Scheme (EDCSS) for providing pension benefits and Social Security Scheme administered through separate trusts are accounted as defined contribution plans.

#### iii) Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Company's Gratuity Scheme, Retired Employees Health Scheme (REHS), Provident Fund Scheme, Allowance on Retirement/Death and Memento on Superannuation to employees are in the nature of defined benefit plans. All these plans, other than Allowance on Retirement/Death and Memento on Superannuation to employees are administered through separate trusts.

The liability or asset recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of Gratuity, Retired Employees Health Scheme and Provident Fund Scheme is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plantassets.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by the actuary using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related

obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss or included in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in Other Comprehensive Income. They are included in retained earnings in the Statement of Changes in Equity and in the Balance Sheet.

# iv) Other long-term employee benefits

Benefits under the Company's leave encashment scheme constitute other long term employee benefits.

The Company's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any related assets is deducted. The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the reporting date that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Company's obligations. The calculation is performed using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Contributions to the scheme and actuarial gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss or included in the carrying amount of an asset if another standard permits such inclusion in the period in which they arise.

## v) Termination benefits

The expenses incurred on terminal benefits in the form of ex-gratia payments and notice pay on voluntary retirement schemes are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year of incurrence of such expenses.

# 17.0 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Capitalisation of borrowing cost ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying assets for their intended use are complete.

## 18.0 Depreciation and amortization

- a) Depreciation on additions to /deductions from Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE) during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from / up to the date on which the asset is available for use / disposal.
- b) (i) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment of Operating Units of the Company capitalized till five years before the end of the useful life of the Power Station is charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss on straight-line method following the rates and methodology notified by CERC for the fixation of tariff except for assets specified in Policy No. 18.0(d).
  - (ii) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment capitalized during the last five years of the useful life of a Power Station is charged on straight-line method for the period of extended life as per CERC Tariff Regulations/Orders, from the date on which such asset becomes available for use.
  - (iii) Where the life and / or efficiency of a Power Station is increased due to renovation and modernization, the expenditure thereon along with its unamortized depreciable amount is charged prospectively on straight-line method over the revised / remaining useful life.
- c) i) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment (except old and used) of other than Operating Units of the Company is charged to the extent of 90% of the cost of the asset following the rates notified by CERC for the fixation of tariff except for assets specified in Policy No. 18.0(d) below.

- ii) Depreciation on old and used items of PPE of other than Operating Units is charged on straight-line method to the extent of 90% of the cost of the asset over estimated useful life determined on the basis of technical assessment.
- d) i) Depreciation in respect of following items of PPE is provided on straight line method based on the life and residual value (5%) given in the Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013:
  - Construction Plant & Machinery
  - Computer & Peripherals
  - ii) Based on management assessment, depreciation on Mobile Phones is provided on straight line basis over a period of three years with residual value of Re 1.
- Temporary erections are depreciated fully (100%) in the year of acquisition /capitalization by retaining Re. 1/- as WDV.
- f) Assets valuing Rs. 5000/- or less but more than Rs. 750/- are fully depreciated during the year in which the asset becomes available for use with Re. 1/- as WDV.
- g) Low value items, which are in the nature of assets (excluding immovable assets) and valuing upto Rs. 750/- are not capitalized and charged off to revenue in the year of use.
- h) Leasehold Land of operating units, is amortized over the period of lease or 35 years whichever is lower, following the rates and methodology notified vide CERC tariff regulations.
- Leasehold Land and buildings, of units other than operating units, is amortized over the period of lease or 35 years, whichever is lower.
- j) PPE created on leasehold land are depreciated to the extent of 90% of original cost over the balance available lease period of respective land from the date such asset is available for use or at the applicable depreciation rates & methodology notified by CERC tariff regulations for such assets, whichever is higher.
- k) Right to use in respect of land is amortized over a period of 30 years from the date of commercial operation of the project in line with CERC tariff regulations notified for tariff fixation.
- Cost of software recognized as 'Intangible Assets' is amortized on straight line method over a
  period of legal right to use or three financial years, whichever is earlier, starting from the year
  in which it is acquired.
- m) Where the cost of depreciable assets has undergone a change during the year due to increase/decrease in long term liabilities on account of exchange fluctuation, price adjustment, settlement of arbitration/court cases, change in duties or similar factors, the unamortized balance of such assets is depreciated prospectively over the residual life of such assets at the rate of depreciation and methodology notified by CERC tariff regulations.
- n) Spare parts procured along with the Plant & Machinery or subsequently which are capitalized and added in the carrying amount of such item are depreciated over the residual useful life of the related plant and machinery at the rates and methodology notified by CERC.
- o) Useful life, method of depreciation and residual value of assets where depreciation is charged as per management assessment are reviewed at the end of each financial year and adjusted prospectively over the balance life of the asset, wherever required.

#### 19.0 Impairment of non-financial assets other than inventories

- a) The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair-value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets of the Company. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. The resulting impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- b) In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value

of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

- c) In case of expenditure on survey & investigation of projects, if it is decided to abandon such a project under survey & investigation, expenditure incurred thereon is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which such decision is taken.
- d) In case a project under survey and Investigation remains in abeyance by the order of appropriate authority/ by injunction of court order, any expenditure incurred on such projects from the date of order/injunction of court is provided in the books from the date of such order till the period project is kept in abeyance by such order/injunction. Provision so made is however reversed on the revocation of aforesaid order/injunction.
- e) Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

#### 20.0 Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case the tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

#### a) Current tax

- i) The current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year on the basis of the tax laws applicable at the reporting date and any adjustments to tax payable in previous years. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years (temporary differences) and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible (permanent differences).
- Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised at the same time that the liability to pay the related dividend is recognised.

#### b) Deferred tax

- i) Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Company's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and are accounted for using the Balance Sheet method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of an asset or liability in a transaction that at the time of the transaction affects neither the taxable profit or loss nor the accounting profit or loss.
- ii) The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.
- iii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would flow in the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

- iv) Deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- v) Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.
- vi) Deferred tax recovery adjustment account is credited/ debited to the extent the deferred tax for the current period which forms part of current tax in the subsequent periods and affects the computation of return on equity (ROE), a component of tariff.

## 21.0 Compensation from third parties

Impairments or losses of items, related claims for payments of compensation from third parties including insurance companies and any subsequent purchase or construction of assets/inventory are separate economic events and are accounted for separately.

Compensation from third parties including from insurance companies for items of property, plant and equipment or for other items that were impaired, lost or given up is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the compensation becomes receivable. Insurance claims for loss of profit are accounted for based on certainty of realisation.

## 22.0 Segment Reporting

- a) In accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segment, the operating segments used to present segment information are identified on the basis of internal reports used by the Company's Management to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. The Board of Directors is collectively the Company's "Chief Operating Decision Maker" or "CODM" within the meaning of Ind AS 108.
- b) Electricity generation is the principal business activity of the Company. Other operations viz., Contracts, Project Management and Consultancy works do not form a reportable segment as per the Ind AS -108 - 'Operating Segments'.
- c) The Company has a single geographical segment as all its Power Stations are located within the Country.

## 23.0 Leases

#### a) Company as a Lessee:

- i. Leases of property, plant and equipment (), where the Company, as lessee, has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance lease. Such finance leases are generally capitalised at the lease's inception at the fair value of the leased property which equals the transaction price i.e. lump sum upfront payments.
- ii. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Company as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of lease.

#### b) Company as a Lessor:

Power Purchase Agreements (PPA) in the nature of embedded lease with a single beneficiary where the minimum lease term is for the major part of the plant's economic life and the minimum lease payments amounts to substantially all the fair value of the plant are considered as a Finance Lease. Other embedded leases are considered as Operating Lease.



- i) For embedded leases in the nature of a Finance Lease, the investment in the plant is recognised as a Lease Receivable. The minimum lease payments are identified by segregating the embedded lease payments from the rest of the contract amounts (including Advance Against Depreciation (AAD) recognised in accordance with CERC Tariff regulations 2004-09 up to 31st March 2009 and considered as deferred income. Each lease receipt is allocated between the receivable and finance lease income (forming part of revenue from operations) so as to achieve a constant rate of return on the Lease Receivable outstanding.
- ii) In the case of Operating Leases or embedded operating leases, the lease income from the operating lease is recognised in revenue over the lease term to reflect the pattern of use benefit derived from the leased asset. The respective leased assets are included in the Balance Sheet based on their nature and depreciated over its economic life.

# 24.0 Material prior period errors

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are restated unless it is impracticable, in which case, the comparative information is adjusted to apply the new accounting policy prospectively from the earliest date practicable.

# 25.0 Earnings per share

- a) Basic carnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year.
- b) Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.
- c) Basic and diluted earnings per equity share are also presented using the earnings amounts excluding the movements in regulatory deferral account balances.

#### 26.0 Statement of Cash Flows

#### a) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. However for Balance Sheet presentation, Bank overdrafts are shown within "Borrowings" under Current Liabilities.

b) Statement of cash flows is prepared in accordance with the indirect method prescribed in Ind AS 7- 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

#### 27.0 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/non-current classification.

#### a) An asset is current when it is:

Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle Held primarily for the purpose of trading

Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or

Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

## b) A liability is current when:

It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle It is held primarily for the purpose of trading

It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

There is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months
after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

#### 28.0 Miscellaneous

- a) Each material class of similar items is presented separately in the financial statements. Items of a dissimilar nature or function are presented separately unless they are immaterial.
- b) Liabilities for Goods in transit/Capital works executed but not certified are not provided for, pending inspection and acceptance by the Company.

# (IV) Recent accounting pronouncements

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has issued the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2019 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2019 on March 30, 2019. Both the Rules shall come into force on April 1, 2019.

# Standards issued but not yet effective

- a) Ind AS 116- Leases is to be effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2019. The new standard requires entities to make more judgements and estimates (e.g., determining when a customer has the right to direct the use of an identified asset, estimating the incremental rate of borrowing) and make more disclosures (e.g., discount rate, weighted average lease term, other qualitative and quantitative information). In the capacity of a lessee, companies will have a significant impact on their balance sheets along with ancillary impacts on their financial metrics. The new standards replaces Ind AS 17 and the related appendices.
- b) Appendix C to Ind AS 12, Income Taxes: This Appendix clarifies how to apply the recognition and measurement requirements in Ind AS 12 when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. In such a circumstance, an entity shall recognise and measure its current or deferred tax asset or liability applying the requirements in Ind AS 12 based on taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates determined.

The appendix can be applied either retrospectively for each period presented applying Ind AS 8 or prospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying the Appendix recognised at the date of initial application. If an entity selects this transition approach, it shall not restate comparative information. Instead, the entity shall recognise the cumulative effect as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained carnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate).

- c) New paragraph 57A added to Ind AS 12: This Paragraph clarifies that an entity shall recognise the income tax consequences of dividends as defined in Ind AS 109 when it recognises a liability to pay a dividend. The income tax consequences of dividends are linked more directly to past transactions or events that generated distributable profits than to distributions to owners. Therefore, an entity shall recognise the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognised those past transactions or events. The amendment shall be applied by the entity for annual periods reporting beginning on or after 1st April, 2019.
- d) Amendment to Ind AS 19, Employee Benefits: This amendment requires an entity to use updated assumptions to determine current service cost and net interest for the remainder of the period after a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement and recognise in profit or loss as part of past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, any reduction in a surplus, even if that surplus was not previously recognised because of the impact of the asset ceiling. An entity shall apply these amendments to plan amendments, curtailments or settlements occurring on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period that begins on or after 1 April, 2019.

- e) Amendment to Ind AS 23, Borrowing Costs: This amendment is to clarify that if a specific borrowing remains outstanding after a qualifying asset is ready for its intended use or sale, it becomes part of general borrowings. An entity shall apply those amendments to borrowing costs incurred on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies those amendments.
- f) Amendment to Ind AS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures: This amendment clarifies that investors could have long-term interests (for example, preference shares or long-term loans) in an associate or joint venture that form part of the net investment in the associate or joint venture. The amendment clarifies that these long-term interests in an associate or joint venture to which the equity method is not applied should be accounted for using Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments. The requirements of Ind AS 109 are applied to long-term interests before applying the loss allocation and impairment requirements of Ind AS 28. An entity shall apply those amendments to long-term interest in associates or joint-ventures on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies those amendments. The entity is not required to restate prior periods to reflect the application of the amendments.
- g) Amendment to Ind AS 103, Business Combinations and Ind AS 111, Joint Arrangements: This amendment provides a clarification on measurement of previously held interest in obtaining control/joint control over a joint operation. On obtaining control of a business that is a joint operation, previously held interest in joint operation is remeasured at fair value at the acquisition date while in the case where a party that participates in, but does not have joint control of, a joint operation might obtain joint control of the joint operation in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business as defined in Ind AS 103. In such cases, previously held interests in the joint operation are not remeasured.
  - An entity shall apply those amendments to business combinations and joint arrangements for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 April, 2019.
- h) Amendment to Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments: This amendment provides a clarification on prepayable financial assets with negative compensation to be measured by the entity at amortized cost. An entity shall apply those amendments retrospectively. Further this amendment clarifies "an entity is not required to restate prior periods to reflect the application of these amendments. The entity may restate prior periods if, and only if, it is possible without the use of hindsight and the restated financial statements reflect all the requirements in this Standard. If an entity does not restate prior periods, the entity shall recognise any difference between the previous carrying amount and the carrying amount at the beginning of the annual reporting period that includes the date of initial application of these amendments in the opening retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) of the annual reporting period that includes the date of initial application of these amendments."

The Company is in the process on assessing the detailed impact of the above accounting pronouncements. The Company intends to adopt the amendments prospectively on or after the beginning of the reporting period in which these standards/ amendments are first applied (i.e. from 1 April 2019).



(Amount in ₹)

NOTE NO. 2.1 Property, Plant and Equipment as on 31.3.2019

Note: Additional discosure of Property Plant and Equibment (PPE) as per gross black of assets and accumulated depreciation under provided Sean provided as Annexure-1 to this Note. For other explanationy notes, these are stated in Annexure-1 to Note 2.1.



			9	GROSS BLOCK					AMORT	AMORTISATION		NET	NET BLOCK
PARTICIHARS	90	Addi	Additions	Dedu	Deductions	rotto	Ac at 11ct March	An of			An or Original Massell.		
	01-Apr-2018	ŢŪ	Others	ħ	Others	Adjustments	2019	01-Apr-2018	For the Year	Adjustments	AS 41.51 March, As 41.51 March 2019	As at 41st march, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018
and- Right to Use	0						0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Computer Software	78000						78000	26000			1 52000		
Total	78000		0 0	0	0		78000	26000	26000	0	52000	26000	62000
Pravious year			78000				78000		26000		26000		

Note : Additional disclasure of Intamplible Assats as per gross allock of assats and accumulated depreciation under previous GAAP has been provided as America- I to this Note.



				GROSS BLOCK	×				DEPRE	DEPRECIATION		NET BLOCK	LOCK
PARTICULARS	Asat	Add	Additions	Ded	Deductions	Other	As at 31st March,	As at			As at 31st March,	As at 31st March, As at 31st March,	As at
	01-Apr-2018	TUI	Others	TUI	Others	Adjustments	2019	01-Apr-2018	rar me rear	Adjustrients	2019		31st March, 2018
Land - Freehold	57141900					0	57141900	0			0	57141900	57141900
Land - Leasehold	0		0 0		0			0	0		0		0
Roads and Uridges	0		0 0		0	0		0	0				0
Buildings	0	05	0 0			0		0	0		0		0
Building-Under Lesse	0		0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	D
Ratiway sidings	0		0		0	0		0	0				0
Hydrauto Works(Dams, Water Conductor system, Hydro mechanical gates, furmels)	D		0 0		0			0	0				0
Generating Plant and machinery	0	100	0		0	0		0	0		0		0
Plant and machinery Sub station.	0		0 0		0		0	0	0		0	0	0
Plant and machinery Transmission lines	0		0		0	0	0	0	0			0	0
Plant and machinery Others	0					0 0		0	0			0	0
Canstruction Equipment	0		0		0		10	0	0		0		0
Water Supply System/Orainage and Sewerage	0		0 0		0	0 0	0	0	c			0	G
Electrical installations	0		0 0		0			0			0	0	C
Vehides	0		0 0		0	0	0	0			0		0
Alreratt/ Boets	0		0 0		0			0				0	0
Furniture and fixture	338927	e T	0 0			0		26962	25252		52234	34689	371945
Computers	156500		0 0		0		158500	134585			148673	7827	21915
Communication Equipment	0						10	0	0	7	0	ic.	0
Office Equipments	82300	000			0		82300	5409	5210	3	0 10619	71681	76891
Research and Development	0					0		0	0	3	0	0	0
Other assets	23000		0 0		0		23000	101	(456	0	2557	20443	21899
Tangibia Assets of minor value >750 and < Bs.5000	0		0		0	0	0	D	0	3			0
Total	57802827		0		0	0	57802627	188077	48008	3	0 214083	57588544	57834550
TRAY SUCINGLY	580727		672118CD				57802827	88373	70704		168027	6769258n	Parcha



				100000000000000000000000000000000000000									
			0	GROSS BLOCK	0.00				AMOR	AMORTISATION		NET BL	LOCK
PARTICULARS	Asat	Additions	ions	Deductions	tions	Other	Ac of 1det Marrh	Ac of			An of Other Manual	A Or O	
	D1-Apr-2018	TUI	Others	TUI	Others	Adjustments	2019	01-Apr-2018	For the Year	Adjustments	2019 2019 2019	As at 515t March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018
Land-Right to Use	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	Q	0	0	C	e
Jamputer Software	78000	C	D D	0	O		0 78000			0	1 52000		
Total	78000	0	0	0	0		0 78000	26000	26000	0	0 62000	26000	62000
Previous year			78000				78000		28000		26000		



Note no. 2.2 Capital Work In Progress

ii) Roads and Bridges iii) Buildings iii) Buildings-Under Lease iv) Railway sidings Hydraulic Works(Dams, Water Conductor system, Hydro mechanical gates, tunnels) iv) Generating Plant and Machinery vii) Plant and Machinery - Sub station viii) Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines ix) Plant and Machinery - Others ix) Construction Equipment xi) Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage	0102-104-10				AS at 3 ist Malcil, 2019
Buildings Buildings Buildings Building-Under Lease Railway sidings Hydraulic Works(Dams, Water Conductor system, Hydro mechanical gates, tunnels) Generating Plant and Machinery Plant and Machinery - Sub station Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines Plant and Machinery - Others Construction Equipment Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage					
Buildings Building-Under Lease Railway sidings Hydraulic Works(Dams, Water Conductor system, Hydro mechanical gates, tunnels) Generating Plant and Machinery Plant and Machinery - Sub station Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines Plant and Machinery - Others Construction Equipment Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage					
Building-Under Lease Railway sidings Hydraulic Works(Dams, Water Conductor system, Hydro mechanical gates, tunnels) Generating Plant and Machinery Plant and Machinery - Sub station Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines Plant and Machinery - Others Construction Equipment Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage	•				
Railway sidings Hydraulic Works(Dams, Water Conductor system, Hydro mechanical gates, tunnels) Generating Plant and Machinery Plant and Machinery - Sub station Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines Plant and Machinery - Others Construction Equipment Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage					
Hydraulic Works(Dams, Water Conductor system, Hydro mechanical gates, tunnels) Generating Plant and Machinery Plant and Machinery - Sub station Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines Plant and Machinery - Others Construction Equipment Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage					
Hydro mechanical gates, tunnels) Generating Plant and Machinery Plant and Machinery - Sub station Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines Plant and Machinery - Others Construction Equipment Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage					
Generating Plant and Machinery Plant and Machinery - Sub station Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines Plant and Machinery - Others Construction Equipment Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage					3
Plant and Machinery - Sub station Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines Plant and Machinery - Others Construction Equipment Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage	,				
Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines Plant and Machinery - Others Construction Equipment Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage	,				I.
Plant and Machinery - Others Construction Equipment Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage	,				
Construction Equipment Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage	7				
Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage					
7. 2					,
Other assets awaiting installation					
CWIP - Assets Under 5 KM Scheme Of the GOI					
Survey, investigation, consultancy and supervision charges	689210				012088
Expenditure on compensatory Afforestation	P				0.7600
Expenditure attributable to construction *	30429306	6863680			37303086
Less: Provided for	7				21.22.200
Sub total (a)	31118516	6863680			37082106
* For addition during the year refer Note No. 32					00170010
Construction Stores	•				
Less: Provisions for construction stores					
Sub total (b)	0	,		ī	0
TOTAL	31118516	6863680	1		37982196
Previous year	18277567	12840949			34440646



Note no. 2,2 Capital Work in Progress

	Dartionlase	Asat	Addition	Adjustment	Capitalised	As at 31st March, 2018
	ratuculats	01-Apr-2017				
	Roads and Bridges					
-	Buildings	3				
-	Railway sidings					
	Hydraulic Works(Dams, Water Conductor system,					
S	Hydro mechanical gates, tunnels)					
-	Generating Plant and Machinery	6				
0	Plant and Machinery - Sub station		A 1000 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			
13	Plant and Machinery - Transmission lines					A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
	Plant and Machinery - Others					
0	Construction Equipment	,				
	Water Supply System/Drainage and Sewerage					
0	Other assets awaiting installation					
18	CWIP - Assets Under 5 KM Scheme Of the GOI					
1	Survey, investigation, consultancy and supervision charges	676456	12754	STATE OF THE PARTY		689210
(XIX	Expenditure on compensatory Afforestation					
(AX	Expenditure attributable to construction *	17601111	12828195	1 The Control of the		30429306
	Less: Provided for					
	Sub total (a)	18277567	12840949		•	31118516
	* For addition during the period refer Note No. 32					
	Construction Stores					
	Less: Provisions for construction stores					
	Sub total (b)	0				
	TOTAL	18277567	12840949			31118516
	Previous vear	9918760	8358807			18277567

Please check the figures manually and make correction if required.



# BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED

Annexure to Note 2.2

CUMMULATIVE EDC		Annexure to Note		
Particulars		(Amount in		
A. EMPLOYEES BENEFITS EXPENSES	Linkage	31-03-2019	31-03-2018	01-04.2017
Salaries, wages, allowances		100000000		
Gratulty and contribution to provident fund (including administration	437501	42461081	32429352	1876223
fees)	437502	5678921	4392580	286295
Staff welfare expenses	202000000	NAME OF STREET		
Leave Salary & Pension Contribution	437503	1622253	1316725	89032
	437504	0	0	
Sub-total(a)		49762255	38138657	2251551
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438103	0	0	20
Sub-total(A)		49762255	38138657	22515514
B. REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE				
Bullding	437510	1865359	1001171	15095
Machinery	437511	0	D	
Others	437512	10778	5779	i
Rent	437514	2089423	1341709	54260
Rates and taxes	437515	74210	74210	
Insurance	437516	0	74210	20080
Security expenses	437510	0		(
Electricity Charges		50000000000000000000000000000000000000	0	(
Travelling and Conveyance	437518	23740	21240	4500
Expenses on vehicles	437519	2624035	2109471	1311934
	437520	0	0	(
Telephone, telex and Postage	437521	305135	234543	162907
Advertisement and publicity	437522	1875516	1875516	1875516
Entertainment and hospitality expenses	437523	68991	68991	21298
Printing and stationery	437524	237903	209076	134370
Remuneration to Auditors	437552	146000	146000	106000
Design and Consultancy charges:			0	10000
- Indigenous	437526	34236	34236	24224
- Foreign	437527	0	0	34236
Expenses on compensatory afforestation/ catchment area treatment/	437531	u u	U	0
environmental expenses	457551		20	0
Expenditure on land not belonging to corporation	*******	0	0	
Land acquisition and rehabilitation	437532	0	0	0
Loss on assets/ materials written off	437533	0	0	0
	437528	0	0	0
Losses on sale of assets	437530	0	0	0
Other general expenses	437525	1209781	980692	737872
Sub-total (b)		10565107	8102634	5102275
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438102	0	0	0
Sub-total(B)	****************	10565107	8102634	5102275
3000 mm market and a second at 1000 mm market and 1				
C. FINANCE COST				
i) Interest on :				
a) Government of India loan	437540	0	0	0.00
b) Bonds		0	0	0
c) Foreign loan	437541	- 5	0	0
-7	437542	0	0	0
d) Term Joan	437543			0
NAME OF THE PARTY	and 44	0	0	
e) Cash credit facilities /WCDL	437545	0	0	0
g) Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost	437554	800 BULL 800	0 82	. 0
Loss on Hedging Transactions	437555	100	9 0	0
ii) Bond issue/ service expenses	437546	(0)	1 1/2 0	0
III) Commitment fee	437547	The state of the s	0 1 0	0
iv) Guarantee fee on loan	437548	on the contract of	/ // 0	
v) Other finance charges	437549	1950	X eli	0
v1) EAC- INTEREST ON LOANS FROM CENTRAL GOVERNMENT-		1930	1950	1269
ADJUSTMENT ON ACCOUNT OF EFFECTIVE INTEREST	437581	FINCE		0
vii) EAC- INTEREST ON SECURITY DEPOSIT/ RETENTION MONEY-		0	0	
	437583			0
ADJUSTMENT ON ACCOUNT OF EFFECTIVE INTEREST		0	0	
viii) EAC- COMMITTED CAPITAL EXPENSES- ADJUSTMENT FOR TIME	437585			0
VALUE		0	0	
			70-0-00-7	2 4 2 4
Sub-total (c)		1950	1950	1769
Sub-total (c) Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438105	1950	1950	1269
	438105	The second secon		1269

D. EXCHANGE RATE VARIATION (NET)			-	
i) ERV (Debit balance)	437550	0	0	
Less: li) ERV (Credit balance)	437551	0	0	0
Sub-total (d)	437331	0	0	<u>D</u>
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438108	0	9/	0
Sub-total(D)	420100	0	O O	0
our total(b)	-	U	0	0
E. PROVISIONS	437561	0	0	
Sub-total(e)	THE COURT	0	0	0
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438106	0	ACTES	- C
Sub-total(E)	438100	0	0	0
	300	U	U	0
F. DEPRECIATION & AMORTISATION	437560	269085	197079	01070
Sub-total (f)	427300	269085	197079	91375
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438104		시 회사자 기계성	91375
Sub-totol(F)	450104	360000	0	24000
own totally	_	269085	197079	91375
G. PRIOR PERIOD EXPENSES (NET)				
Prior period expenses	437565	0	0	
Less Prior period income	437579	0	0	0
Sub-tatal (g)	42/2/3 -	0	0	0
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438107	0	0	0
Sub-total (G)	456107	0	0	0
Sub-total (d)	_	U	0	0
H. LESS : RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES				
i) Income from generation of electricity –	437570			0.
precommissioning	307570	0	0	U
ii) Interest on loans and advances	437571	15932322	0 15932322	
iii) Miscellaneous receipts	437572	7373089		10030630
iv) Profit on sale of assets	437573		78692	78692
v) Provision not required written back		0	0	0
vi) Hire charges/ outturn on plant and machinery	437574	0	О	0
vii) EAC-FAIR VALUE GAIN - SECURITY DEPOSIT/ RETENTION MONEY	437575	C	0	0
viii) EAC- FAIR VALUE GAIN ON PROVISIONS FOR COMMITTED CAPITAL	437582	0	0	0
EXPENDITURE	437584			0
and anti-rone		0	0	
Sub-total (h)		23305411	16011014	10100333
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438101	23303411	19011014	10109322
Sub-total (H)	450101	23305411	16011014	10100222
		23303411	10011014	10109322
I. C.O./Regional Office Expenses (I)	437599	0	D	0
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period	438109	0	D	0
Sub-total(I)		0	0	0
	-			
GRAND TOTAL ( a+b+c+d+e+f+g-h+i)		37292986	30429306	17601111
Less: Capitalized During the year/Period		0	0	
cess. Cupitunzea Daring the year/Perioa				



#### NOTE NO. 3.1 NON-CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - INVESTMENTS As at 31st March, As at 31st March, PARTICULARS As at 1st April, 2019 2018 2017 Total NOTE NO. 3.2 NON-CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - TRADE RECEIVABLES As at 31st March, PARTICULARS As at 31st March. As at 1st April, 2019 2018 2017 Trade Receivables - Considered Good- Unsecured NOTE NO. 3.3 NON-CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - LOANS As at 31st March, PARTICULARS As at 31st March. As at 1st April. 2019 2018 2017 8) Deposits - Unsecured (considered good) 1,700 1,700 - Unsecured (considered doubtful) Less : Provision for Doubtful Deposits \*1 Sub-total 1.700 1,700 b) Employees (at amortised Cost) - Loans Receivables- Considered good- Secured - Loans Receivables- Considered good- Unsecured - Unsecured (considered doubtful) Less : Provisions for doubtful Employees loans \*2 Sub-total c) Contractor / supplier - Secured (considered good) - Unsecured (considered good) - Against bank guarantee - Others - Unsecured (considered doubtful) Less : Provisions for doubtful advances to Contractor/ Supplier \*3 Sub-total d) State Government in settlement of dues from customer - Secured (considered good) - Unsecured (considered good) - Unsecured (considered doubtful) Less: Provisions for doubtful Loan to State Government \*4 Sub-total 6) Government of Arunachal Pradesh (at amortised Cost) - Loan- including accrued Interest - Secured Loan including accrued Interest- Unsecured- Considered good - Unsecured (considered doubtful) Sub-total 1,700 1,700 Provision for Doubtful Deposits \*1 Opening Balance Addition during the year Used during the year

Reversed during the year Closing balance ×. Provisions for doubtful Employees loans \*2 Opening Balance Addition during the year Used during the year Reversed during the year Closing balance Provisions for doubtful advances to Contractor/ Supplier "3 Opening Balance Addition during the year Used during the year Reversed during the year Closing balance Provisions for doubtful Loan to State Government '4 Opening Balance Addition during the year Used during the year Reversed during the year Closing balance

> CHYGATERED MOGGGGRANTE

NOTE NO. 3.4 NON-CURRENT - FINANCIAL ASSETS - OTHERS FINANCIAL ASSETS

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April 2011
Λ.	Bank Deposits with more than 12 Months Maturity			
В.	Lease Rent receivable*	8.1		
C.	Interest receivable on lease		7/27	
D.	Interest accrued on:			
	- Bank Deposits with more than 12 Months Maturity - Others			
E.	Share Application Money-CVPPL (Pending Allotment)**		(+)	
	TOTAL			

<sup>\*</sup> Refer para-9 of Note No. 34-Other Explanatory Notes to Accounts for receivable mortgaged/hypothecated as security.

NOTE NO. 4 NON CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April, 2017
Advance Income Tax & Tax Deducted at Source	37,60,543	18,43,494	35,15,618
Less: Provision for Taxation	37,60,543	18,43,494	35,15,61
Total			

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st Apri 2017
4	CAPITAL ADVANCES			
	Secured (considered good)		- 4	
	Unsecured (considered good)			
	<ul> <li>Against bank guarantee</li> </ul>	1		
	- Others			
	Less: Expenditure booked pending utilisation certificate	100	1 n @ 1	
	Unsecured (considered doubtful)			
	Less : Provisions for doubtful advances *1	-	12	
	Sub-	total -		
i	ADVANCES OTHER THAN CAPITAL ADVANCES i) DEPOSITS			
	- Unsecured (considered good)	1		
	Less : Expenditure booked against demand raised by Govt. Depts		3 1	
	- Unsecured (considered doubtful)			
	Less : Provision for Doubtful Deposits *2			
	The state of the s	-		
- 1	i) Other advances	-	-	
	- Unsecured (considered good)		l)	
	- Unsecured (considered doubtful)			
	A TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP			
	Others			
j	Advance against arbitration awards towards capital works			
	Released to Contractors -Unsecured- Against Bank Guarantee			
	Released to Contractors -Unsecured- Others			
	Deposited with Court -Unsecured	4		
	Sub-4	otal -	-	
ii	Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Assets/Expenditure			
	Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Assets			
	Deferred Expenditure on Foreign Currency Fluctuation			
111	) D.E (0.11 - E)			
131	Deferred Cost on Employees Advances Secured - Considered Good			
	Unsecured - Considered Good	12	51	
	Olisophied - Collisidered Good			
-	TOTAL	-	-	
	Provision for doubtful Advances *1			
	Opening Balance			
	Addition during the year			
	Used during the year	11 1		
	Reversed during the year Closing balance			
	510 (cd. 10 to	-		
	Provision for doubtful Deposits *2			
	Opening Balance			
	Addition during the year			
	Used during the year			
	Reversed during the year Closing balance	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		5-14-A

#### NOTE NO. 6 INVENTORIES

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April 2017
(Valuation as per Significant Accounting Policy No.1(iii)(10))			
Stores and spares		100	
Stores in transit/ pending inspection	15		
Loose tools			
Scrap inventory		8 1	
Material at site		-	
Material issued to contractors/ fabricators			
Inventory for Self Generated VER's/REC			
Less: Provision for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value *1			
TOTAL			
1 Provision for Obsolescence & Diminution in Value Opening Balance Addition during the year Used during the year Reversed during the year # Closing balance	/-		
Explanatory Note:	1	-	
<ul> <li>i) During the year, inventories written down to net realisable value (NRV) and recognised as an expense in profit or loss.</li> </ul>		-	W.

NOTE NO. 7 FINANCIAL ASSETS - CURRENT - TRADE RECEIVABLES

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April 2017
- Trade Receivables- Considered Good- Unsecured - Trade Receivables- Credit Impaired Less: Provision for credit Impaired Trade Recevables *1			
TOTAL			
*1 Provision for credit impaired Trade Recevables Opening Balance Addition during the year Used during the year		-	
Reversed during the year Closing balance			

NOTE NO. 8 FINANCIAL ASSETS - CURRENT - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April, 2017
A	Balances with banks With scheduled banks i) - In Current Account ii) - In deposits account (Deposits with original maturity of less than three months)	1186,37,372	1155,18,203	1135,42,53
	With other banks - In current account Bank of Bhutan			
В	Cheques, drafts on hand	-0.		
С	Cash on hand Cash on hand	-	20	
	TOTAL	1186,37,372	1155,18,203	1135,42,53



NOTE 9: FINANCIAL ASSETS - CURRENT - BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April 2017
A B	Balances with Banks Deposit account-Unpaid Dividend / Interest	1	0.1	
	TOTAL			

NOTE NO. 10 FINANCIAL ASSETS - CURRENT - LOANS

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April 2017
Deposits			
- Unsecured (considered good)		187	
- Unsecured (considered doubtful)			
Less: Provision for Doubtful Deposits *1			
Loan to Related Parties			
NHPTL (including accrued interest)			
- Loans Receivables- Considered good- Unsecured			
	÷		
OTHER LOANS			
Employees (including accrued interest)			
- Loans Recoivables- Considered good- Secured	12	23	
- Loans Receivables - Considered good- Unsecured		4	
- Loans Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	2		
Less : Provisions for loans which have significant increase in Credit Risk *2	8 9		
Loan to State Government in settlement of dues from customer			
- Unsecured (considered good)			
		-	
Advances to Subsidiaries / JV's	22	1.00	
TOTAL			
1 Provision for Doubtful Deposits			
Opening Balance	5 9		
Addition during the year Used during the year			
Reversed during the year			
Closing balance			
	*		-
"2 Provisions for loan which have significant increase in Credit Risk			
Opening Balance	-		
Addition during the year			
Used during the year		100	
Reversed during the year			
Closing balance			



# NOTE NO. 11 FINANCIAL ASSETS - CURRENT - OTHERS

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April, 2017
Others			
a) Claims recoverable	9.7		1,50
Less: Provisions for Doubtful Claims *1			1,50
Sub-total			1,50
b) Interest Income accrued on Bank Deposits	2,37,994	2,22,317	1,93,931
c) Receivable from Subsidiaries / JV's	2,01,000	2,22,011	1,00,00
d) Interest recoverable from beneficiary	2	3 1	
c) Lease Rent receivable (Finance Lease)-Current			
f) Interest receivable on Finance lease		1	
g) Interest Accrued on Investment (Bonds)	2.7		
h) Receivable on account of unbilled revenue			
n Interest accrued on Loan to State Government in settlement of dues from			
customers	- 1	-	
TOTAL	2,37,994	2,22,317	1,95,44

NOTE NO. 12 CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April, 2017
Current Tax Assets			
Current Tax (Refer Note No-23)			
Total			



# NOTE NO. 13 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	PARTICULARS		As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st Apr 2017
A.	Advances other than Capital Advances		100.000		LUTT
	a) Deposits				
	- Unsecured (considered good)		Carlo		
	Less: Expenditure booked against demand raised by Govt, Depts.		1		
	- Unsecured (considered doubtful)				
	Less : Provision for Doubtful Deposits *1			3	
	b) Advance to contractor / supplier	Sub-total			
	- Secured (considered good)				
	- Unsecured (considered good)				
	- Against bank guaranteo			54	
	- Others		* 1		
	Less : Expenditure booked pending utilisation certificate				
	- Unscoured (considered doubtful)			*	
	Less : Provisions for doubtful advances *2		3.1	3.4	
	resent toylabilis for southful advances. Z				
		Sub-total	- 4		
	c) Other advances - Employees				
	- Unsecured (considered good)	1		40	
	- Unsecured (considered doublful)				
		Sub-total			
	d) Interest accrued on:				
	Others				
	- Considered Good		"		
	- Considered Doubtful	- 1	9		
	Less: Provisions for Doubtful Interest *3			1.7	
		Sub-total			
į,	Others	320-(003)	-	-	
	Expenditure awaiting adjustment				
	Less: Provision for project expenses awailing write off sanction "4			5 1	
	AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	Sub-total_			
	b) Losses awailing write off sanction/pending investigation				
	Less: Provision for losses pending investigation/awaiting write off / s	anction			
	*5	12			
		Sub-total		- 2	
	c) Work In Progress	1			
	Construction work in progress(on behalf of client)			100	
	Consultancy work in progress(on behalf of client)			22.00	
	d) Prepaid Expenditure	- 1			
	e) Deferred Cost on Employees Advances				
	Secured - Considered Good		4.	920	
	Unsecured - Considered Good		9.1		
	f) Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation				
	Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Assets	- 8	25	90	
	Deferred Expenditure on Foreign Currency Fluctuation				
	g) Surplus / Obsolete Assets				
	h) Input GST				
	I) Others		8 1		
_	TOTAL			57.0	
-			•	- 1	
	*1 Provisions for Doubtful Deposits				
	Opening Balance		69	3	
	Addition during the year		1		
	Used during the year				
	Reversed during the year				
	Closing balance				
	*2 Provisions for doubtful advances (Contractors & Suppliers)				
	Opening Balance	1	9 1		
	Addition during the year				
	Used during the year	+			
	Reversed during the year				
	Closing balance				
	Globing Balance		42	25.14	



*3 Provisions for Doubtful Accrued Interest Opening Balance Addition during the year Used during the year Reversed during the year Closing balance	0	
*4 Provision for project expenses awaiting write off sanction	-	
Opening Balance Addition during the year Used during the year Reversed during the year	49	
Closing balance		
*5 Provision for losses pending investigation/awaiting write off / senction		
Opening Balance Addition during the year Used during the year Reversed during the year	120	5
Closing balance		
Sidding Datalice		201

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st Apri 2017
(i)	Regulatory Deferral Account Balances i.r.o Subansiri Lower Project Opening Balance Addition during the year Adjustment during the year Reversed during the year Less Provided for	-		
	Closing balance	2		
(ii)	Wage Revision as per 3rd PRC Opening Balance Addition during the year (through P&L) Addition during the year (through OCI) Adjustment during the year Reversed during the year Closing balance			
	orang same		-	
	Kishenganga Power Station:-Depreciation due to Moderation of Tariff Opening Balance Addition during the year Adjustment during the year Reversed during the year Closing balance	*		2
	Exchange Differences on Monetary Items Opening Balance Addition during the year Adjustment during the year Reversed during the year	* *		
	Closing balance	•		
	Closing Balance (A)=(i)+(ii)+(iii)+(iv)			
	Deferred Tax Assets on Regulatory Deferral Account Balances Less:-Deferred Tax Adjustments against deferred tax assets	- 1	-	
	Total(B)	-	- 1	
	Regulatory Deferral Account Balances net of Deferred Tax.(A-B)			

<sup>\*</sup> For details refer para 22 of Note No.-34-Other Explanatory Notes to Accounts



NOTE - 15.	FOURTY	SHARE	CAPITAL

		(Amoun	t in ₹)
As at 31st Ma	arch, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	
Nos	Amount	Nos	Amount
6,00,00,000	60,00,00.000	6.00.00,000	60,00,00,000
97.14,190	9,71,41,900	97,14,190	9,71,41.900
40,00,000	4,00.00,000	40,00.000	4,00,00,000
40.00.000	4 85 50 000	10.00.000	1,00,00,000
40,08,000	4,00,00,000		
	-	30.00.000	3,00,00,000
*	4		11
40,00,000	4,00,00,000	40,00,000	4,00,00,000
	Nos 6,00,00,000 97,14,190 40,00,000 40,00,000	6,00,00,000 60,00,00,000 97,14,190 9,71,41,900 40,00,000 4,00,00,000 40,00,000 4,00,00,000	Nos         Amount         Nos           6,00,00,000         60,00,00,000         6,00,00,000           97,14,190         9,71,41,900         97,14,190           40,00,000         4,00,00,000         40,00,000           40,00,000         4,00,00,000         10,00,000           -         30,00,000

e) The Company has issued only one kind of equity shares with voting rights proportionate to the share holding of the shareholders. These voting rights are exercisable at meeting of shareholders. The holders of the equity shares are also entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time for them.

f) Shares in respect of each class in the company held by its holding company or its ultimate holding company including shares held by or by subsidiaries or associates of the holding company or the ultimate holding company in aggregate:

g) Shares in the company held by each shareholder holding more than 5 percent specifying the number of shares held

	As at 31st f	As at 31st March, 2019		March, 2018
	Nos	In (%)	Nos	In (%)
NHPC LTD	3999993	99.99%	3999993	99.99%

h) Shares reserved for issue under options and contracts/commitments for the sale of shares/disinvestment, including the terms and amounts: NIL

i) In preceding five financial years immediately preceding 31.3.2019. Company has not allotted any equity share as fully paid up pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash/ not allotted any equity share as fully paid up by way of bonus share(s).

j) Terms of any securities convertible into equity shares issued along with the earliest date of conversion in descending order starting from the farthest such date:- NIL

k) Calls unpaid (showing aggregate value of calls unpaid by directors and officers): NIL

I) Forfeited shares (amount originally paid up):NIL

Note: During Financial Year 2017-18 UPNEDA, a co- volumer in the company has transferred land worth Rs. 57141900 as equity contribution. Pending allotment of equity shares to UPNEDA the said amount has been presented as "Share Pending Allotment' under other equity. Had the company alloted the equity shares to UPNEDA the shareholding of NHPC Ltd. would be 41.12% (Previous year 41.12%) and the shareholding of UPNEDA would be 58.82% (Previous year



#### Note 15.2 Other Equity

	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April, 2017
1	Capital Reserve			
2	Capital Redemption Reserve		9.4	
3	Securities Premium Account			
4	Bond Redemption Roserve			
5	Research & Development Fund			
5	Share Application Money Pending Allotment		571,41,900	
7	General Reserve			
8	Retained Earnings		8 1	
	i) Reserves created on account of Ind AS Adjustment			
	Closing Balance Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans		2.1	
	ii) Surptus	459,93,242	(91,76,370)	(39,68,319
9	FVTOCI Reserve-	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	(350)(5)(5)(6)	100,00,000
	- Equity Instruments			
	- Debt Instruments	-	4	
	Total	459,93,242		
	* Surplus	455,85,242	479,65,530	(39,68,319
	Profit for the Year as per Statement of Profit and Loss			
	Adjustment arising out of transition provisions for recognising Rate	(19,72,288)	(52,08,051)	(32,30,409
	Regulatory Assets		2	
	Balance brought forward	479.65.530	22222	
	Add:	478,65,530	(39,68,319)	(7,37,910
	Amount Written Back From Bond Redemption Reserve			
	Write Back From Capital Reserve		3 4	
	Write Back From Other Reserve	-		
	Amount Utilised From Self Insurance Fund	[4] S. [4]	5 1	
	Tax On Dividend Write Back			
	Write Back From Corporate Social Responsibility Fund			
	Write Back From Research & Development Fund		7. [	
	Balance available for Appropriation	459,93,242	(91,76,370)	(39,68,319
	Less:	144,000,14	[31,10,310]	(35,00,318
	Transfer to Bond Redemption Reserve	9.0	.	
	Transfer to Self Insurance Fund			
	Transfer to General Reserve			
	Transfer to Corporate Social Responsibility Fund		2 L	
	Transfer to Research & Development Fund	1 2 1		
	Dividend :	4		
	- Interim			
	- Final			
	Tax on Dividend			
	- Interim	1 2 1	723	
	- Final			
	Balance carried forward	459,93,242	(91,76,370)	(39,68,319)



# NOTE NO. 16.1 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - NON CURRENT - BORROWINGS

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April 2017
Bonds		33337	-816
- Secured	20		
- Unsecured			
Term Loans		1 25	
From Banks			
- Secured	97		
- Unsecured	20		
From Other Parties			
- Secured	28	1 92 1	
- Unsecured-From Government (Subordinate Debts)	49 E :		
- Unsecured-From Others			- 50
TOTAL			
Redemption / terms of repayment ctc.			
i) Debt Covenants : Refer point no. 3 (Capital Management) of Note no. 33.			
ii) Particulars of Redemption & Repayments: Refer Annexures to Note 15.1	85		
Maturity Analysis of Borrowings			
The table below summarises the maturity profile of the company's borrowings			
based on contractual payments (Undiscounted Cash Flows) :			
Particulars		3	
More than 1 Year & Less than 3 Years		9	
More than 3 Year & Less than 5 Years			
More than 5 Years		ii .	
TOTAL			



### NOTE NO. 16.2 FINANCIAL LIABILTIES - NON CURRENT - OTHERS

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April 2017
Deposits/ retention money		577.40	2011
TOTAL		-	
Maturity Analysis of Deposit / Retention Money The table below summarises the maturity profile of the deposits/retention money based on contractual payments (Undiscounted Cash Flows): Particulars More than 1 Year & Less than 3 Years More than 3 Year & Less than 5 Years More than 5 Years TOTAL			

### NOTE NO. 17 PROVISIONS - NON CURRENT

Α.	PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April 2017
ж.	PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS  Provision for Long term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of actuarial valuation)  As per last Balance Sheet Additions during the year  Amount used during the year  Amount reversed during the year  Closing Balance	×		
В.	OTHERS i) Provision For Committed Capital Expenditure As per last Balance Sheet Additions during the year Amount used during the year Amount reversed during the year Unwinding of discount Closing Balance			
7	iii) Provision For Livelihood Assistance As per last Balance Sheet Additions during the year Amount used during the year Amount reversed during the year Unwinding of discount Closing Balance			
ii	ii) Provision-Others As per last Balance Sheet Additions during the year Amount used during the year Amount reversed during the year Closing Balance			
	TOTAL		-	

### NOTE NO. 18 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET) - NON CURRENT

2) Movement in Deforred Tax Liability/(Assets) are shown in Annexure to Note No-18

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April 2017
Deferred Tax Liability			
a) Property, Plant and Equipments, Investment Property and Intangible Assets.			
b) Financial Assets at FVTOCI c) Other Items			
Less: Recoverable for tariff period upto 2009 Less: Deferred Tax Adjustment against Deferred Tax Liabilities for tariff period 2014-19. Not Deferred Tax Liability			
Less:-Set off Deferred Tax Assets pursuant to set off provisions  a) Provision for doubtful dobts, inventory and others  b) Provision for employee benefit schemes  c) Other Items  Net Deferred Tax Assets			
TOTAL	+	- 20	

CHARTERED COOK PARTS

### NOTE NO. 19 OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April 2017
Income received in advance			
(Advance Against Depreciation)	4 8 1	160	
Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Liabilities		1125	
Deferred Income from Foreign Currency Fluctuation Account	9.1		
Grants in aid-from Government-Deforred Income			1
TOTAL		-	
GRANTS IN AID-FROM GOVERNMENT-DEFERRED INCOME As per last Balance Sheet			
Add: Received during the year Loss: Released to Statement of Profit and Loss			
Closing Balanco *		20	
Grants in Aid-from Government-Deferred Income (Current) Grants in Aid-from Government-Deferred Income		*	
(Non-Current)		94	

### NOTE NO. 20.1 BORROWINGS - CURRENT

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April 2017
Borrowings-Other Loans-Secured From Banks			
TOTAL			

### NOTE NO. 20.2 TRADE PAYABLE - CURRENT

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April, 2017
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprise and small enterprise(s)  Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	2,04,334 45,48†	1,71,603	1,49,37
TOTAL	2,50,815	1,71,603	1,49,37

Disclosure requirement under Section 22 of The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is given under para 15 of Note No.34. Other Explanatory Notes to Accounts.



### NOTE NO. 20.3 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - CURRENT

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April, 2017
Current maturities of long term debt *			2011
Bonds		6	
Term Loan -Banks-Secured		0 3 4	
- Term Loan -Banks-Unsecured	1 2 1	- 1	
- Other Parties-Secured			
<ul> <li>Unsecured-From Government (Subordinate Debts)</li> </ul>			
- Other Parties-Unsecured			
Bond application money			
Liability against capital works/supplies			
Liability against capital works/supplies-MSME →		5.1	
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		-	
interest accrued and due on borrowings			
Deposits/ retention money	U		
Due to Holding Company	62,180	61,352	24,93
	281,53,355	163,48,801	263,03,37
Liability for share application money -to the extent refundable Unpaid dividend ***			
Unpaid interest ***		2	
Other Payables-Payable to Employees	1	-	
Other Payables-Payable to Others		2	
TOTAL	282,15,535	164,10,153	263,28,303

### NOTE NO. 21 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st April, 2017
Income received in advance (Advance against depreciation)			2012
Deferred Income from Foreign Currency Fluctuation Account		**	
Deferred Foreign Currency Fluctuation Liabilities		3 1	
Unspent amount of deposit/agency basis works		27	
Statutory dues payables	24,622		
Advances against the deposit works	12,514	- 1	10,239
Amount Spent on Deposit Works		21	
Advances against cost of Project Mgt./ Consultancy Work	8.0		
Amount Sport in respect of Decision May 100	- 1		
Amount Spent in respect of Project Mgt./ Consultancy Works	2		
Provision Toward Amt Recoverable in r/o Project Mgt / Consultancy Works			
Other liabilities-Advance from Customers & Others.		0 6	
Grants in aid-from Government-Deferred Income	1000,00,000	1000,00,000	1000,00,000
TOTAL	1000,12,514	1000,00,000	1000,10,239



### NOTE NO. 22 PROVISIONS - CURRENT

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st Apr 2017
A. PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS Provision for Long term Benefits (Provided for on the basis of actuars valuation) As per last Balance Sheet Additions during the year Amount used during the year Amount reversed during the year Closing Balance	21		2017
ii) Provision for Wage Revision *1 As per last Balance Sheet Additions during the year Amount used during the year Amount reversed during the year Closing Balance			
Less: Advance paid Glosing Balance (Net of advance)			
ii) Provision for Performance Related Pay/Incentive As per last Balance Sheet Additions during the year Amount used during the year Amount reversed during the year Closing Balance			
iv) Provision for Superannuation / Pension Fund As per last Balance Shee; Additions during the year Amount used during the year Amount reversed during the year Closing Balance	-		
Provision For Wage Revision 3rd PRC     As per last Balance Sheet     Additions during the year     Amount used during the year     Amount reversed during the year     Closing Balance			
OTHERS i) Provision For Tariff Adjustment As per last Balance Sheet Additions during the year Amount used during the year Amount reversed during the year Closing Balance			
ii) Provision For Committed Capital Expenditure As per last Balance Shoot Additions during the year Amount used during the year Amount reversed during the year Unwinding of discount Closing Balance			
iii) Provision for Restoration expenses of Insured Assets As per last Balance Sheet Additions during the year Amount used during the year Amount reversed during the year Closing Balance			



iv) Provision For Livelihood Assistance As per last Balance Sheel			
Additions during the year			
Amount used during the year	-		
Amount reversed during the year		35	
Unwinding of discount	-		
Closing Balance after Fair Value Adjustment	-		
v) Provision for exp in n/o arbitration award/ court cases		-	-
As per last Balance Sheet			
Additions during the year			
Amount used during the year			
Amount reversed during the year			
Closing Balance			_
vi) Provision - Others			
As per last Balance Sheet	The second secon		
Additions during the year			
Amount used during the year	() UTA E		
Amount reversed during the year		1	
Closing Balance			
TOTAL			
Explanatory Note: -			

NOTE NO. 23 CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (NET)

PARTICULARS	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 1st Apri 2017
income Tax		2010	2017
As per last Balance Sheet			
Additions during the year	1		
Amount adjusted during the year			
Amount used during the year			
Amount reversed during the year			
Closing Balance		***	
Less: Current Advance Tax			
Net Current Tax Liabilities (Net)			
Less: Current tax Assets (Move to Note No-12)			
TOTAL			



### NOTE NO. 24.1 REVENUE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ende 31st March, 2018
E	Operating Revenue		
A	SALES		
	SALE OF POWER	4	192
	ADVANCE AGAINST DEPRECIATION -Written back during the year		
	Less		
	Sales adjustment on a/c of Foreign Exchange Rate Variation Tariff Adjustments	24 1	
	Regulated Power Adjustment		
	Income from generation of electricity – precommissioning	20	
	(Transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction)	-	
	Rebate to customers		
	Sub - Total (A)		
В	Income from Finance Lease		
C	Income from Operating Lease		
D	REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS, PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND CONSULTANCY WORKS Contract Income		·
	Revenue from Project management/ Consultancy works	-	74
	Sub - Total (D)	-	
E	Revenue from Power Trading Business		-
-	Sale of Power (Not of Rebate)		
	Trading Margin		
	Sub - Total (E)		
	Sub-Total-I (A+B+C+D+E)		194
F	OTHER OPERATING REVENUE		
	Interest from Beneficiary States (Revision of Tariff)	122	
	Sub-Total-II		
	TOTAL (I+II)		



	PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ended 31st March, 2018
A)	Interest Income - Interest from Investments carried at FVTOCI - Interest - Government Securities (8.5% tax free bonds issued by the State		2
	Governments)	(\$0)	8
	Interest from Financial Assets carried at Amortized Cost     Loan to Government of Arunachal Pradesh		
	-Deposit Account	400/122	7.2
	- Employee's Loans and Advances (Net of Rebate)	74,41,180	61,87,64
	- Interest from advance to contractors	-	
	- Others		-
B)	Dividend Income		73
	- Dividend from subsidiaries	1 a 1	
	- Dividend -Others	-	
C)	Other Non Operating Income	25	*
	Late payment surcharge	-	20
	Income From Sale of Self Generated VERs/REC Realization of Loss Due To Business Interruption	9	- 8
	Profit on sale of investments		-
	Profit on sale of Assets (Net)	-	-
	Income from Insurance Claim	S 4	-
	Liability/ Provisions not required written back #1	8 1	
	Material Issued to contractor	10	
	(i) Sale on account of material issued to contractors	0	
	(ii) Cost of material issued to contractors on recoverable basis (iii)Adjustment on account of material issued to contractor	77 8	-:=:
	Amortization of Grant in Aid	-	0.5
	Income on account of generation based incentive (GBI)	-	923
	Exchange rate variation (Net)	- 1	
	Others	83,556	68,04
	Sub-total	75,24,736	62,55,69
	Add/(Less): C.O./Regional Office/PID Expenses	. 5   5   6	02,00,00
	Sub-total	75,24,736	62,55,69
	Less: Income transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction Less: Income transferred to Advance/ Deposit from Client/Contractees and	72,94,397	59,01,69
	against Deposit Works		63
	Less: Transfer of other income to grant		
	Total carried forward to Statement of Profit & Loss	2,30,339	3,54,003



IOTE NO. 25 GENERATION EXPENSES		(Amount in ₹)
PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ended 31st March, 2018
Water Usage Charges	-	
Consumption of stores and spare parts		1
Purchase of Power -Power Tracing (Net of Rebate)  Total carried forward to Statement of Profit 8, Long.		



NOTE NO. 26 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE			(Amount in ₹)
	PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ended 31st March, 2018
	Salaries, wages, allowances	100,31,729	136,67,119
	Grafully, Contribution to provident fund & pension scheme (incl. administration fees)	12,86,341	15,29,626
	Staff welfare expenses Leave Salary & Pension Contribution	3,05,528	4,26,398
	Sub-tota	116,23,598	156.23.143

Sub-total

Total carried forward to Statement of Profit & Loss

Explanatory Note: 1 Disclosure about operating leases are given in para 16 (A) of Note 34 of Balance Sheet.

Less: Employee Cost transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction

2 Gratuity, Contribution to provident fund & pension scheme include contributions:

Add/(Less): C.O./Regional Office Expenses

Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works

 towards Employees Provident Fund
 towards Employees Defined Contribution Superannuation Scheme

For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ended 31st March, 2018
7,29,153	14,93,239
5,57,188	20,83,879

116,23,598

116,23,598

116,23,598

156,23,143

156,23,143

156,23,143



	PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ended 31st March, 2018
٨	Interest on Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost:		
	Bonds		
	Term loan	+	
	Foreign loan	2 1	
	Government of India loan		
	Unwinding of discount-GOI Loan	4 1	(# E
	Sub-total Sub-total		
В	Other Borrowing Cost		
	Loss on Hedging Transactions	20	
	Bond issue/ service expenses		
	Commitment fee	9 1	
	Guarantee fee on foreign loan	- X	
	Other finance charges	-5	68
	Unwinding of discount-Provision & Financial Liabities		
	Sub-total Sub-total		68
C	Applicable not gain/ loss on Foreign currency transactions and		.00
	translation		
	Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost	20 1	
	Less: Interest adjustment on account of Foreign Exchange Rate Variation		
	Sub-total		
	Total (A + B + C)		58
	Add/(Less): C.O./Regional Office/PID Expenses	23	00
	TOTAL	+11	68
	Lord Flores Contracts of L. F.	EG 1	00
	Less: Finance Cost transferred to Expenditure Altribulable to Construction		68
	Less: Recoverable from Doposit Works	24	120
	Total carried forward to Statement of Profit & Loss		<del>_</del>



### NOTE NO. 28 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES

PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ended 31st March, 2018
Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses  Depreciation adjustment on account of Foreign Exchange Rate Variation  Add/(Less): C O./Regional Office / PID Expenses	72,006	1,05,704
Sub-total	72,006	1,05,704
Less: Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses transferred to Expenditure Attributable to Construction	72,008	1,05,704
Less Recoverable from Deposit Works	100	3
Total carried forward to Statement of Profit & Loss		



	PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ends 31st March, 2018
A.	Direct Expenditure on Contract, Project Management and Consultan Works	cy .	
В.	REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE		
	- Building		J. D.
	- Machinery	8,54,168	B,50,2
2	- Others	4,999	5,7
C.	OTHER EXPENSES	1	3,1
	Rent & Hire Charges	7,47,714	7,99,1
	Rates and laxes	69,005	38,04,1
	Security expenses		17000000
	Electricity Charges	200	19.03
	Travelling and Conveyance	2,500	16,7
	Expenses on vehicles	6,24,209	7,97,6
	l eleptione, felex and Postage	70,592	71,6
	Advertisement and publicity	-	
	Entertainment and hospitality expenses Printing and stallenery	27,868	47,6
	Consultancy charges - Indigenous	25,827	74,7
	Consultancy charges - Foreign		
	Audit expenses (Refer explanatory note-3 below)	79.060	40.0
	Expenses on compensatory afforestation/ catchment area treatment/	15,000	40,0
	environmental expenses		19
	Expenditure on land not belonging to company Loss on Assets (Net)		8
	Losses out of insurance daims (upto excess clause)	-	
	Losses out of insurance claims (beyond excess clause)	-	
	Books & Periodicals		
	Donation		
	CSR/ Sustainable Development		
	Community Development Expenses		
	Directors' Sitting Fees Research and development expenses		
	Interest on Arbitration/ Court Cases		2
	Interest to beneficiary states		
	Expanditure on Self Generated VER's/REC	1	
	Expenses for Regulated Power		
	Less; - Exp Recoverable on Regulated Power		
	Exchange rate variation (Net)		
	Training Expenses Petition Fee /Registration Fee /Other Fee — To CERC/RLDC/RPC/IEX/PXII	42,456	54,1
	TO CENTRAL DE TOTAL DE LO CENTRAL DE LA CONTRAL DE LA CONT		3
	Operational/Running Expenses of Kendriya Vidyalay	1	
	Operational/Running Expenses of Other Schools		3
	Operational/Running Exponses of Guest House/Transit Hostel	2,293	5,90
	Operating Expenses of DG Set-Other than Residential		-
	Other general expenses	1,84,340	1,72,80
	Add/(Less): C.O./Regional Office/PID Expenses	tal 27,48,051	67,50,35
	Sub-to Less: Amount transferred to Expenditure Altributable to Construction	(174) CHARLES II	67,50,35
	Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works	24,62,473	30,00,35
	Less: Transfer of Generation & other expenses - IPO/Buyback		
	Sub-total	(i) 2,85,578	37,50,00
9 ]	PROVISIONS		
	Bad and doubtful debts provided	- 1	2.0
	Expected Credit Loss Allowance-Trade Receivables Bad and doubtful advances / deposits provided		-
	Bad and doubtful claims provided		
	1. FOR THE OF SECTION AND A SECTION OF THE PARTY.	-	1.50
	Doubtful Interest Provided for		
	Diminution in value of stores and spares /Construction stores Shortage in store & spares provided	82	19
	Provision against diminution in the value of investment	1	-
	Project expenses provided for		
	Provision for fixed assets/ stores provided for	20	-
	Diminution in value of Inventory of Self Generated VER's Provided for	3 1	19
	Provision for catchment area treatment plan		8
1	Provision for Interest to Beneficiary	1 9 1	100
	Provision for interest against court/arbitration award	-2	S.,
	Others	8	
	Sub-tot	700 0	
	Sub-tot	. 15	100
1	Less: Amount transferred to Exponditure Attributable to Construction Less: Recoverable from Deposit Works	5	33
		-	
	Sub-total ( Total carried forward to Statement of Profit & Loss (i+ii)	-	-

CHARTERED ASCOUNTANTS

A DOMESTIC OF THE PERSON OF TH	
Explanatory	Motor

Disclosure about operating leases are given in para 16 (A) of Note 34 of Balance Sheet.

2 Pending notification of revision order by CERC in respect of truing up application fied by the company under CERC notification dated 21.02.2014, stated amount has been provided in the books during the year towards interest to Beneficiary States, which may have to be paid in case of reduction in fariff as a result of said revision order.

For the Year ended 31st March, 2018
-

3 Detail of audit expenses are as under: -

I) Statutory auditors
As Auditor
Audit Fees
Tax Audit Fees
In other Capacity
Taxation Matters
Company Law Matters
Management Services
Other Matters/services
Reimbursement of expenses
II) Cost Auditors
Audit Fees
Reimbursement of expenses
Total Audit Expenses

(Amount in ₹		
For the Year ended 31st March, 2018	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	
40,000	79,060	
-		
	-	
10		
	8 1	
(30)	-	
	-	
4		
40,000	79,060	



I E NC	D. 30 TAX EXPENSES		(Amount in ₹)
	PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ended 31st March, 2018
	Current Tax Income Tax Provision Adjustment Relating To Earlier periods	19,17,049	18,43,494 (31,440
	Total current tax expenses	19,17,049	18,12,054
	Deferred Tax-* Decrease (increase) in deferred tax assets Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences		
	Relating to change in tax rate	*	
	- Adjustments in respect of deferred tax of prior periods		
	Increase (decrease) in deferred tax flabilities - Relating to origination and revorsal of temporary differences	34-3	
	- Relating to change in tax rate		
	<ul> <li>Adjustments in respect of deferred tax of prior periods</li> </ul>	- 5	
	Total deferred tax expenses (benefits)		
	Less: Recoverable for tariff period upto 2009		
	Less: Deferred Tax Adjustment Against Deforred Tax Liabilities for tariff period 2014-19.	92	
	Not Deferred Tax		
	Total carried forward to Statement of Profit & Loss	19,17,049	18,12,054
	Explanatory Notes:-		
i)	Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic rate.	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ended 31st March, 2018
	Accounting profitioss before income tax Applicable tax rate	(55,239)	(33,95,997
	Computed tax expense Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible (Taxable) in calculating taxable Income. CSR/ Sustainable Development/ Community Development Expenses Recoverable portion of Deferred Tax Exempt and Tax Free Income Tax Incentives Adjustment for current tax of earlier years	19,17,049	18,12,054
	MAT Credit Available/futilization) Reversal of Deferred Tax Assets Other Items		



NOTE NO. 31	Movement	in Regulatory	Deferral	Account	Balances

- (	Amount	in	₹)	

	PARTICULARS	For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ender 31st March, 2018
	Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances on account of:-		
(i)	Subansiri Lower Project:-		
a)	Employee Remuneration & Benefits	11.00	
b)	Generation & Other exps.		
c)	Depreciation		
d)	Finance Cost	100	
e)	Other Income		
	Sub Total (i)		
(iii)	Wage Revision as per 3rd PRC	1951	
(iii)	Kishenganga Power Station:-Depreciation due to moderation of Tariff		
	Exchange Differences on Monetary Items	4	
1	TOTAL (A)=(i)+(ii)+(iii)+(iv)		
	mpact of Tax on Regulatory Deferral Accounts		
	Deferred Tax Expense (Benefit) on Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances		
1	ess;-Deferred Tax Adjustement against deferred tax assets.	- 1	27
	TOTAL (B)	-	-
	Total carried forward to Statement of Profit & Loss (A-B)		50



### NOTE NO. 32 EXPENDITURE ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONSTRUCTION FORMING PART OF CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR.

	W. 19600.00 1800.00		Currence Area Constructions	(Amount in ₹)
	PARTICULARS		For the Year ended 31st March, 2019	For the Year ender 31st March, 2018
A.	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE			
	Salaries, wages, allowances		100,31,729	136,67,1
	Gratully and contribution to provident fund Staff wolfare expenses		12,86,341	15,29,8
	Leave Salary & Pension Contribution		3,05,528	4,26,3
	costs dataly of official statistically	Sub-total	110 22 500	450.00.4
28		aug-total	116,23,598	156,23,1
В.	FINANCE COST			
	Interest on : Government of India logn			
	Bonds			
	Foreign loan			-
	Term loan			
	Cash credit facilities /W/CDL			1
	Exchange differences regarded as adjustment to interest cost			
	Loss on Hedging Transactions			
	Bond issue/ service expenses Commitment fee		7020	
	Guarantee fee on loan			
	Other finance charges			6
	Transfer of expenses to EAC- Interest on loans from Central Govern	iment-	333	0
	adjustment on account of effective interest			
	Transfer of expenses to EAC-Interest on security deposit/ retention of	money-		
	adjustment on account of effective interest.  Transfer of expenses to EAC-committed capital expenses-adjustme	N= 1	57-X	
	time value	nt for	- 1	
		Sub-total		
C.	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES	Dub-total	72,006	1,05,70
200	AND CONTRACTOR CONTROL	Sub-total	72,006	1,05,70
D.	OTHER EXPENSES		3,500,000	
	Building Machinery		8,64,188	8,50,21
	Others		72.5	0.0
	Rent		4,999 7,47,714	5,77
	Rates and taxes		7,47,714	7,99,10 54,13
	Insurance			
	Security expenses		13.0	
	Electricity Charges Travelling and Conveyance		2,500	16,74
	Expenses on vehicles	2	5,14,564	7,97,53
	Telephone, telex and Postage		70,592	71.63
	Advertisement and publicity	4	- 0,002	71.00
	Enterlainment and hospitality expenses			47,69
	Printing and stationery  Design and Consultancy charges:		28,827	74,70
	- Indigenous	- 9		
	- Foreign			
	Expenses on compensatory afforestation/ catchment area treatment	E 1	78. 1	
	environmental expenses			
	Expenditure on land not belonging to company			
	Assets/ Claims written off Land Acquisition and Rehabilitation Expenditure			1.5
	Losses on sale of assets	1	* I	
	Other general expenses		2,29,089	2,42,82
	Exchange rate variation (Debit)		2,23,503	2,46,02
	5	Sub-total	24,62,473	30,00,35
-	PROVISIONS	4	-	
		Sub-total		
3.		Sub-total	-	
2.	LESS: RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES Income from generation of electricity – precommissioning			
	Interest on loans and advances		72,94,397	50.04.00
	Profit on sale of assets		12,54,357	59,01,69
	Exchange rate variation (Credit)			
	Provision/Liability not required written back		**	
	Hire charges/ outlurn on plant and machinery		24	
	Miscellaneous receipts		= 1	100
	Transfer of fair value gain to EAC- security deposit / retention money		-	5 9
	Transfer of fair value gain to EAC - on provisions for committed capital	al		
	expenditure	ac.	82	9
	s	ub-total	72,94,397	59,01,692
	TOTAL (A+B+C+D+E+F+G-H)		68,63,680	128,28,19



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2019 A EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	Note No.	Amount ( in ₹)
As at 1st April 2018	15.1	4,00,00,000
Change in Equity Share Capital		
As at 31st March 2019	15.1	4,00,00,000

## OTHER EQUITY

Assertion able to county holefore				Reserve & Surplus				Other Comprehensive Income	ensive income	
	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium	Bond Redemption Reserve	Research & Development Fund	General Reserve	Surplus/ Retained Earnings	Equity Instruments through OCI	Debt instruments through OCI	Total
Balance at at 1st April 2018	5,71,41,900						-91,76,370			4,79,65,530
Destit for the coar			1				-19,72,288			-19,72,288
Other Consideration Income									<b>x</b>	
Total Comprehensive Income				(4)	00	1	19,72,288			-19,72,288
Share Application Money received during										ŕ
Utilization for Buy Back of Shares										
Transfer to Retained Earning										
Amount written back from Bond Redemption			3	8						100
Tax on Dividend - Write back		10								
Amount written back from Research 6 Development Fund					*		٠			
Amount Transferred from General Reserve										4
Transfer from Retained Earning										7
Dividend		-								
Tax on Dividend										
Transfer to Bond Andemption Reserve			10							
Transfer to Research & Development Fund										
Trifit to General Reserve				4			00000			CAC 60 03 A
Total as an 31st March 2019	5,71,41,900						-1,11,48,658			4,09,93,242

(S.P. Singh) Chief Financial Officer

(A.K.Singh)

O.A Ankit Bhardava (1970)

M No 405985

(Tarkestiwar Singh) Company Secretary)

### SEC\_MARCH\_18

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2018 A EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

	A	
Particulars	Note No.	(Amount in 5)
As at 1st Apr. 2017	15.1	1,00,00,001
Change in Equity Share Caphai		300,00,000
As at 31st March 2018	15.3	400,00,000

### OTHER EQUITY

Attributable to equity holders				Reserve & Surplus				Other Comprehensive Income	ensive Income	
	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium	Bond Redemption Reserve	Research & Development Fund	General Reserve	Surplus/ Retained Earnings	Equity instruments through OCI	Debt instruments through OCI	Total
Balance as at 1st April, 2017							-39,68,319		,	-39,68,319
Profit for the year		*					-52,08,051			-52,08,051
Other Comprehensive Income										
Total Comprehensive Income				,			-52,08,057		•	-52,08,051
Share Application Money received during the year.	571,41,900									571.41,90D
Transfer to Retained Earning										32.
Amount written back from Bond Redemption Reserve				+						e.
Tax on Dividend - Write back		2								
Others										7
Transfer from Retained Earning										
Dividend		30				-	3			.00
Tax on Dividend										7
Transfer to Bond Redemption Reserve		-		-	×		-			
Transfer to Research & Development Fund		841								
Trift to General Reserve										A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
Total as on 31st March 2018	571,41,900		-50				-91,76,370			479,65,530

(Surendra Prasad Singh) Chief Financial Officer



Note: 33(1A)

Note-33: Disclosure on Financial Instruments and Risk Management BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED (1) Fair Value Measurement

A) Financial Instruments by category

		As at 3.	As at 31st March, 2019	As as 31	As as 31st March, 2018
Financial assets	Notes	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost
Non-current Financial assets					
(i) Non-current investments a) In Equity instrument (Quoted)	6	1	9	12	
3U)-Quoted					
Sub-total	=	2			
(ii) Trade Receivables	3.2				
(iii) Loans	f				
b) Loan to Government of Arunachal Pradesh (Including	?		200 100 100 100		7
Interest accrued)	6,6	-55			
c) Others	3,3				1,700
(Iv) Others					
-Lease Receivables Including interest	3.4		,	9	
<ul> <li>Bank Deposits with more than 12 Months</li> <li>Maturity (Including Interest sociuled)</li> </ul>	5.4		33		
Total Non-current Financial assets					4 700
Current Financial assets					
(a) Trade Receivables	~ 1				10
(iii) Bank balances	10 a		1186,37,372		1155,18,203
(iv) Loans	, £				81
-Employee Loans					•
-Loans to JV (NHPTL)			97		
Others	3883				X.
<ul> <li>(v) others (Excluding Lease Receivables)</li> <li>(vi) others (Lease Receivables including interest)</li> </ul>	= =		2,37,994	15	2,22,317
Total Current Financial Assets		7	1188.75.366		1157 AD 520
Total Financial Assets			1188,75,366		1157,42,220
		As at 31	As at 31st March, 2019	As as 31s	As as 31st March, 2018
Financial Liabilities	Notes	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost
(i) Long-term borrowings	18.1				
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	16.2		00		
(iii) Borrowing -Short Term	20.1		20		
(iv) Trade Payables including MSME	20.2		2,50,815		1.71 603
(w) Other Current financial liabilities	200				
b) Interest Accrued but not due on borrowings	20.3				
c) Other Current Liabilities	20.3		282,15,535		164.10.153
Total Financial Liabilities			284,66,350		165.81.756

## BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED

(Amount in ')

Note: 33(1B)

B) FAIR VALUATION MEASUREMENT (i) Fair Value Hierarchy

This section exists its progestants and existence make mining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and (b) recognised and (b) recognised and (b) recognised and (b) recognised and (c) which for which for which the the transfer of the financial statements and (c) is released to the financial statements and (c) is released to the financial statements and (c) is released to the financial statements.

Lave? \* Hererchy houdes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments and traded bonds that have quoted price. The far value of substances and traded bonds that have quoted price. The far value of substances and traded in the recognised Stock. Exchange and money markets are valued using the dosing prices as at the reporting date. Level 2. The sirvable of financial instruments that are not traced in an active market, is determined using variation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as title as possible on antity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs negative to lar value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This includes iscounty deposits/ retention monoy and loans at below market rates of interest.

al Financial Assets/Labilities Measured at Fair Value-Recurring Fair Value Measurement:

As at 31st March, Level 1 As at 31st March, 2019 Level 1 Note No. P. 3.1 (i) Investments- in Equity Instrument (Qualed)
- in Equity Instrument (Qualed)
- in Debt Instruments (Govd./PSU)

All other friendel essets and thance I labilities have been measured at amortsed cost at balance sheet date and classified as non-recurring

feir value messurement.

Energial assets   San   Level 3   Level 3	Particulars			As at 31st March, 2019			As at 31st March, 2018	
3.2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Note No.	Lavel 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
33 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Financial assets							
3.3.3.4	(I) Trade Receivables	3.2		c				
3.3 3.4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(II) Loans							
333 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	a) Employees	63.53		a			c	
334 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	<ol> <li>Losn to Government of Arunachal Predesh (Including Interest</li> </ol>							
3.3	Ancrueci	23534		0				
19.4 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	c) Others	3.3					>	+ 7/4
10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(ii) Others							00.00
16.7 & 20.3	-Bank Deposits with more than 12 Months Maturity (Including Interest accused)	ष	c					
16 16 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Total Financial Assets		00		0	0	0	1700
16.7 8.20.3 16.2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Financial Liabilities							
	(i) Long-term borrowings including current maturities and accrued interest	1818.20.3						
0 0	(ii) Other Long Term Financial Liabilities	16.2						
	Total Financial Liebilities		0		0		C	9 6



(Amount in 1)

The state of the s	des medsanica at M	nortised Cost	The second secon		
Particulars	- Consideration of the Constitution of the Con	As at 31st March, 2019	rch, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	rch. 2018
	Note No.	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Caradaa America	E of the P
Financial assets				TORONINA BUILDING	Last
(i) Trade Receivables	3.2				
(i) Loans					
a) Employens	3.3				
b) Loan to Government of Arunachal Pradesh (including interest Accrued)	3.3 2.3 4				
n) Others				+	
III) Others				1,700	10000000
117 011010					
<ul> <li>Bank Deposits with more than 12.</li> <li>Vonths Maturity (including interes! ecclused)</li> </ul>	8.6				
Total Strancial Assets					
				1,700	
Financial Liabilities					
(i) Lang-term borrowings Including Current maturities and socraed interest	16.1 & 20.3				
(ii) Other Long Term Financial Liabilities	16.2				
Yotal Financial Liabilities					

The Carpys smouth of current needbacks, Trade and other receivables, Cash and cash equivalents, Short-torm tokins and edvances, Short term borrowings. These payables and other current financial fabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to

Forfinancial assets and financial liabilities messured at fair value, the carying amounts are equal to the fair value.

# (d) Valuation techniques and process used to determine fair values

(1) The Company values than the farmed liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. Specific valuation techniques used to determine fair value of financial instruments includes.

Febr value of remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow snalysis.

(2) The discount into week to take white financial instruments classified at Level -3 is based on the Weighted Average Rate of company's autstanding increasing increases abbrevious.

(3) As per Ind As tog, financial labilities that are subsequently measured at amortised out are recognised initially at fair value minus transaction costs and the effective interest method. Since the discussion costs incurred on long term borrowings are not material, as such in company to a principle of initial mengalities.



Note: 33(2)

## BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED

Management	factors
Risk	risk
CIB	ancia
Final	Fins
2	3

(P) Hallotta Han tagona			
Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Gredit risk	Cash & Cash equivalents, Other Bank Balances, Trade Aging receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost, rating Lease Receivable.	Aging analysis, credit rating.	Oiversification of bank deposits, letter of credit for selected customers.
Liquidity Risk	Borrowings and other facilities.	Rolling cash flow forecasts & Budgets	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities.
Market Risk- Interest rate	Long term borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity Analysis	Diversification of fixed rate and floating rates     Refinancing     Actual interest is recovered through land as per CERC Regulation.
Market Risk- security prices	Investment in equity and debt securities	Sensitivity Analysis	Podľolio diversification
Market Risk- foreign exchange	Recognised financial liabilities not denominated in INR.	Sensitivity Analysis	Foreign exchange rate variation is recovered through tariff as per CERC Regulation.

f) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily race receivables/eased assets) and from its financing activities including deposits with banks and financial institutions.

### ii) Liquidity risk.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incuming unacceptable losses.

III) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise types of risk currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits and investments. Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fuctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates

1 Return on Equity (RDE), 2. Depreciation, 3. Interest on Loans, 4. Operation & Maintenance Expenses and 5. Interest on Working Capital Loans, in addition to the above Foreign Currency Exchange variations and Taxes are also recoverable from Beneficiaries in terms of the Tariff Regulations. Hence variation in interest rate, currency exchange rate variations and other price risk variations are recoverable from tariff and do not impact the The company operates in a regulated environment. Teriff of the company is fixed by the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) through Annual Fixed Charges (AFC) comprising the following five companients: profitability of the company.

(B) Credit Risk

the Company is exposed to creat hisk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and other financial instruments.

## Trade Receivables & lease receivables :-

The Company extends credit to customers in normal course of business. The Company monitors the payment track record of the customers. Outstanding receivables are regularly monitored. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are mainly state government authorities and operate in largely independent markets. Lease receivables of the company are with regard to Power Purchase Agreements classified as deemed lease as per Appendix C of Ind AS 17- "Leases" as referred to in Note No. 34. The power purchase agreements are for sale of power to single beneficiary and recoverability of interest income and principal on leased assets i.e. PPE of the power stations are assessed on the same basis as applied for trade receivables.

CHARTERS

Financial instruments and cash deposits :-

The Company considers factors such as track record, size of the bank, market reputation and service standards to select the banks with which balances and deposits are maintained. Generally, the balances are maintained with the banks with which the Company has also availed borrowings. The Company invests surplus cash in short term deposits with scheduled banks. The company has balances and deposits with banks which are well diversified across private and public sector banks with limited exposure with any single bank,

## (i) Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as under:

Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL)  Non-current investments  Loans -Non-Current (including interest)  Other Non-Current financial Assets		2010
Non-current investments Loans-Non Current (including interest) Other Non Current financial Assons		
Jouns -Non Current (including interest) Other Non Current Financial Assots	c	
Other Non Carrent Pinancial Assots		o contract
	0	00/1
Current Investments		2 0
Cash and cash equivalents	118617179	2000
Bank halances	0	CONCRETE OF
Loans-Current		0 0
Other Pinancial Assets (Excluding Lease Receivables)	Someon4	110000
Fotal (A)	118800066	22237
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using Life time Expected Credit Losses (ECL)	00000	113/42220
Tude Receivables	C	c
using Receivables (Including Interest)	0	0 0
Fotal (B)	0	0
FOTAL (A+B)	118875366	115742220

(ii) Provision for expected credit losses :-

(a) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 month expected credit losses

The Company assesses ourstanding receivables on an ongoing basis considering changes in payment behaviour and provides for expected credit lass on case-to-case basis.

(b) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using life time expected credit losses

CERC Tariff Regulations 2014-19 allow the Company to raise bills on beneficiaries for late-payment surcharge, which adequately compensates the Company for time value of money arising due to delay in payment. Further, operating results and payment behaviour and provides for expected credit loss on ease-to-case basis. As at the reporting date company does not envisage any default risk on account of non-realisation of trade receivables. receivables from heneficiaries or loss due to time value of money due to delay in realization of trade receivables. However, the Company assesses outstanding trade receivables on an ongoing basis considering changes in the fact that beneficiaries are primarily State Governments/ State Discoms and considering the historical credit loss experience for trade receivables, the Company does not envisage either impairment in the value of

## (iii) Reconciliation of impairment loss provisions

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of financial assets during the period was as follows:

	Receivables	Claim Kecoverable	Loans	Total
Bulance as at 1.4.2018	0	0	0	a
Changes in Loss Allowanees	0	0	.0	0
Balance as at 31,3,2010	c	C		2 4



### (C) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due,

i) The Company's objective is to maintain optinum levels of liquidity at all times to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company relies on a mix of borrowings and excess operating cash flows to meet its short to meet its short to medium term expansion needs. The Company monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure that it has sufficient cash to meet capital expenditure and operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the borrowing limits or coverants (where applicable) are not breached on any of its borrowing facilities.

The company had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period

	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018
At Floating Rate		
fixed rate		
Total		

ii) Maturities of Financial Liabilities:

The amounts disclosed in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 1 year is equal to their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

The second secon						( III IIII IIII III
Contractual maturities of financial	Note No.	Dutstanding Debt as on 31,3,2019	Within 1 Year	More than 1 Years Less More than 3 Year than 3 Years & Less than 5 Years	More than 3 Year & Less than 5 Years	More than 5 Year
Borrowings	16.1, 20.1 & 20.3					
Other financial Liabilities	16.2 & 20.3	282,15,535	282,15,535		-	
Trade Payables	20.2	2,50,815	2,50,815		,	
Total Financial Liabilities		284,66,350	284,66,350			
As at 31st March, 2018						(Amount in.')
Contractual maturifies of financial llabilities	Nate Na.	Outstanding Debt as on 31.03,2018	Within 1 Year	More than 1 Year & Loss More than 3 Year than 3 Years & Less than 5	More than 3 Year & Less than 5	More than 5 Year
C. C	40.4 40.4				Years	

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Nate Na.	Outstanding Debt as on 31.03.2018	Within 1 Year	More than 1 Year & Less More than 3 Year than 3 Years & Less than 5	More than 3 Year & Less than 5	More than 5 Year
Borrawings	16.1, 20.1 & 20.3				20	
Other financial Liabilities	16,2 & 20.3	164,10,153	164,10,153	*		
Irade Payables	20.2	1,71,503	1,71,603			
Total Financial Liabilities		165,81,756	165.81.756	4		



### (D) Market Risk;

relevant flow of the Statement of Profit and Loss is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including the effects of changes in The sensitivity analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying value of post-employment benefit obligation provisions and on the non-financial assets and liabilities. The sensitivity of the

## (i) Interest rate risk and sensitivity

fixed rate. Company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised post and are not subject to interest rate risk. Further the company refinance these debts as and when favourable terms are available. The company is also The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long term debt obligations with floating interest rates. Company's policy is to maintain most of its borrowings at compensated for variability in floating rate through recovery by way of tariff adjustments under CERC tariff regulations.

The exposure of the company's borrowing to inferest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulare	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2019 As at 31st March, 2018 As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March, 2018
	weighted average interest rate		weighted average interest rate	
loating Rate Borrowings (INR)				
loating Rate Borrowings (FC)				
Fixed Rate Borrowings (INR)				
ixed Rate Borrowings (FC)				
Total				

## Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis

Profit or loss is sensitive to higherflower interest expense from borrowings as a result of change in interest rates. With all other variables held constant, the following table demonstrates the impact of borrowing cost on floating rate portion of loans and borrowings.

As at 31st March, 2018  Borrowing in FC-Interest rates increased by 55 basis points.  Previous year 2017-18 increased by 55 basis points.			(Amount in )
As at 31st March, 2019 2019 Spoints Spoints	Particulars	Effect on F	Profit before Tax
		375	As at 31st March, 2018

However there is no impact on profit or loss for increase and decrease in interest rates, as the same is recoverable from beneficiaries through tariff.

### (ii) Price Risk;

### (a) Exposure

The company's exposure to price risk arises from investment in equity shares, and debt instruments classified in the financial statements as Fair Value Through OCI. Company's investment in equity shares are listed in recognised stock exchange and are publicly traded in the stock exchanges. Company's investment in debt instruments companse quoted. Government Securities and Public Sector Bands and are publicly traded in the market. The investment has been classified under non-current investment in Balance Sheet.



(b) Price Risk Sensitivity

For investment in Equity Instruments (Investment in equity shares of IOB and PTC)

The table below summarises the impact of increase/decrease in the market price of investment in equity instruments on the company's equity for the period/year;

Particulars	Asat	As at 31st March, 2019	5019	As at 3'	As at 31st March, 2018	
Investment in Equity shares of	% change	Impact on ath camponents of equity	Impact on ather components of equity	% change	Impact on of components of equity	other requity
PTC India Ltd						
Indian Overseas Bank						

Sensitivity has been worked out based on the previous 3 years average of six monthly fluctuations in the share price as quoted on the National Stock Exchange (NSE).

For investment in Debt Instruments (Investments in Govt and PSU Bonds)

The table below summarises the impact of increase/decrease of the market value of the debt instruments on company's equity for the period/year.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018	arch, 2018	
	% change impact on other components of equity	% change Impact compon	Impact on of components of equity	other uity
Government Securities				
PSU Tax Free Bonds				

(iii)Foreign Currency Risk

(a) Foreign Currency Exposure;

The company is compensated for variability in foreign currency exchange rate through recovery by way of fariff adjustments under the CERC Tarriff Regulations.

The company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period expressed in INR are as tollows.

		( management
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018
Financial Liabilities:		
Foreign Currency Loans		
Other Financial Liabilities		
Net Exposure to foreign currency (ilabilities)	c	

(b) Sensitivity Analysis

There is no impact of foreign currency fuctuations on the profit of the company as these are either adjusted to the carrying cost of respective fixed asset/Capital Work-in-Progress or recovered through tariff as per CERC



## Note: 33(3)

## BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED

## (3) Capital Management

(a) Capital Risk Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value. CERC Tariff Regulations prescribe Debt. Equity ratio of 70:30 for the purpose of fixation of lariff of Power Projects. Accordingly the company manages its capital structure to maintain the normative capital structure prescribed by the CERC.

The Company monitors capital using Debt : Equity ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital. The Debt : Equity ratio are as follows:

As at 31st Marc		Statement of Gearing Ratio	
859,93,242	articulars	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018
889,93,242	) Total Debt		
000	) Total Capital	859,93,242	879.65.530
	earing Ratio (a/b)	05.6	000

Note: For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and reserves. Net debt includes interest bearing loans and borrowings.

(b) Loan Covenants:
Under the terms of the major borrowing facilities, the company is required to comply with the following financial covenants:
1. Company shall maintain credit rating AAA and if rating comes down, rate of interest shall be increased by 25 basis point for each notch below AAA rating.

## Debt to net worth should not exceed 2:1.

3 Interest coverage ratio should be more than 2 times and should be calculated as ((Net Profit-Non Cash Expenditures+Interest Payable-Non Cash Income)/Interest Payable).
4. First Charge on Assets with 1:133 coverage on part passu basis.

During the year the company has complied with the above loan covenants.



### Note No. - 34: Other Explanatory Notes to Accounts (as on 31.03.2019)

- 1. Disclosures relating to Contingent Liabilities:-
- a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts in respect of:

### (i) Capital works

Contractors have lodged claims aggregating to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) against the Company on account of rate & quantity deviation, cost relating to extension of time, idling charges due to stoppage of work/delays in handing over the site etc. These claims are being contested by the company as being not admissible in terms of provisions of the respective contracts or are lying at arbitration tribunal/other forums/under examination with the Company. These include ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) towards arbitration awards including updated interest thereon, against the Company, which have been challenged/decided to be challenged in the Court of Law.

Management has assessed the above claims and recognized a provision of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) based on probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits and estimated ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) as the amount of contingent liability i.e. amounts for which Company may be held contingently liable. In respect of such estimated contingent claims either the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable or a reliable estimate of the amount required for settling the obligation cannot be made. In respect of the rest of the claims/obligations, possibility of any outflow in settlement is considered as remote.

### (ii) Land Compensation cases

In respect of land acquired for the projects, some of the erstwhile land owners have filed claims for higher compensation amounting to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) before various authorities/courts. Pending settlement, the Company has assessed and provided an amount of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) based on probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits and estimated ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) as the amount of contingent liability as outflow of resources is considered as not probable. In respect of the rest of the claims/obligations, possibility of any outflow in settlement is considered as remote.

### (iii) Disputed Tax Demands

Disputed Income Tax/Sales Tax/Service Tax/ other taxes/duties matters pending before various appellate authorities amount to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL). Pending settlement, the Company has assessed and provided an amount of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) based on probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits and rest of the claims i.e. ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) are being disclosed as contingent liability as outflow of resources is considered not probable. In respect of the rest of the claims/obligations, possibility of any outflow in settlement is considered as remote.

### (iv) Others

Claims on account of other miscellaneous matters amount to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL). These claims are pending before various forums. Pending settlement, the Company has assessed and provided an amount of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) based on probability of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits and estimated ₹ NIL Previous year ₹ NIL) as the amount of contingent liability as outflow of resources is considered as not probable. In respect of the rest of the claims/obligations, possibility of any outflow in settlement is considered as remote.

The above is summarized as at 31.03,2019 as below:

SI. No.	Particulars	Claims as on 31.03.2019	up to date Provision against the claims/ paid	Contingent liability as on 31.03.2019	Contingent liability as on 31.03.2018	Addition/( deduction) from contingent liability during the year	Decrease of contingent liability from Opening Balance as on 01.04.2018
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)	(vi)	(vii)=(v)-(vi)	(viii)
1.	Capital Works	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
2.	Land Compen- sation cases	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
3.	Disputed tax matters	NIL .	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
4.	Others	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Total	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

- (b) The above contingent liabilities do not include contingent liabilities on account of pending cases in respect of service matters & others where the amount cannot be quantified.
- (c) It is not practicable to ascertain and disclose the uncertainties relating to outflow in respect of contingent liabilities.
- (d) There is possibility of reimbursement to the company of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) towards above contingent liabilities.
- (e) (i) An amount of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) stands paid towards above Contingent Liabilities in respect of Capital Works, pursuant to Niti Aayog directions issued vide OM No. 14070/14/2016-PPPAU dated 5th September 2016, in cases where Arbitral Tribunals have passed orders in favour of contractors in arbitral proceedings and such awards/orders have been further challenged by the Company in a Court of Law, towards 75% of the arbitral award (including interest payable as per such award) subject to contractors fulfilling the terms and conditions laid down in the Standard Operating Procedures framed by the Company in this regard. The amount so paid is being shown as Other Non-Current Assets (Note No. 5).
  - (ii) An amount of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) stands paid /deposited with courts towards above contingent liabilities to contest the cases and are being shown as Other Non-Current/ Current Assets.
- (f) The company's management does not expect that the above claims/obligations (including under litigation), when ultimately concluded and determined, will have a material and adverse effect on the company's results of operations or financial condition.

(g) Category of agency wise details of contingent liabilities as at 31.03.2019 are as under:

(Amount in ₹)

SI. No.	Category of Agency	Claims as on 31.03.2019	up to date Provision against the claims/ paid	Contingent liability as on 31.03.2019	Contingent liability as on 31.03.2018	Addition(+) /deduction (-) from contingent liability during the year	Decrease of contingent liability from Opening Balance as on 01.04.2018
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)	(vi)	(vii)=(v)-(vi)	(viii)
1	Central Govt. departments	NIL	NIL	NIL.	NIL	NIL	NIL
2	State Govt. departments or Local Bodies	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
3	CPSEs	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
4	Others	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	TOTAL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

### 2. Contingent Assets: Contingent assets in respect of the company are on account of the following:

### a) Counter Claims lodged by the company on other entities:

The company has lodged counter claims aggregating to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) against claims of other entities. These claims have been lodged on the basis of contractual provisions and are being contested at arbitration tribunal/other forums/under examination with the counterparty. It includes counter claims of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) towards arbitration awards including updated interest thereon.

Based on Management assessment, a favourable outcome is probable in respect of the claims aggregating ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) and for rest of the claims, the possibility of any inflow is remote. However, the amount has not been recognised.

### b) Late Payment Surcharge:

CERC (Terms & Conditions of Tariff) Regulations 2014-19 provide for levy of Late Payment Surcharge by generating company in case of delay in payment by beneficiaries beyond 60 days from the date of presentation of bill. However, in view of significant uncertainties in the ultimate collection from the beneficiaries as resolved by the management an amount of ₹ N/L (previous year ₹ N/L) has not been recognised

### c) Revenue to the extent not recognised in respect of power stations:

Truing up order of 2009-14 and/or Tariff Order for 2014-19 are pending in respect of product. Power stations pending approval of revised cost estimate. Management has assessed the impact of these expenditures on tariff and considers that inflow of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) is probable.

### d) Business Interruption Losses

Insurance Claims due to Business Interruption Losses in respect of Power Stations are tecognised when no significant uncertainty of ultimate collection exists. Management has assessed that claim on

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account of Business Interruption losses aggregating to ₹ NIL (Previous Year ₹ NIL) is probable. Power Station-wise details of claims are given at Para 20 of this Note.

### e) Other Cases

Claims on account of other miscellaneous matters amount to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL). Management has assessed these claims and estimates that inflow of economic benefits of ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) are probable.

### Contingent Assets are summarized below:

(Amount in ₹)

SI. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2019	As at 31.03.2018
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
1.	In respect of Counter claims lodged by the company	NIL	NIL
2.	Late Payment Surcharge	NIL	NIL
3.	Revenue to the extent not recognised in respect of power stations	NIL	NIL
4.	Business Interruption Losses	NIL	NIL
5.	Other cases	NIL	NIL
	Total	NIL	NIL

### 3. Commitments:

(a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for are as under:

(Amount in ₹)

SI. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2019	As at 31.03.2018
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
1.	Property Plant and Equipment (including CWIP)	NIL	NIL
2.	Intangible Assets	NIL	NIL
	Total	NIL	NIL

- 4. Pending approval of competent authority, provisional payments / provisions made towards executed quantities of works of some of the items beyond the approved quantities as also for extra items totalling to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ NIL) are included in Capital Work-in-Progress /Property, Plant and Equipment.
- 5. Disclosure in respect of Project Management /Consultancy Work/Deposit Works under IND AS 115-'Revenue from contract with Customers' in areas under:

SI. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2019	As at 31.03.2018
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv) Y
(A)	Revenue recognised from contract liabilities		(ACCOUNTANTS)
	-Project Management /Consultancy Work	NIL	MIL

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	-Deposit Works	NIL	NIL
(B)	Revenue recognised due to price change or other contract variation that were not recognised earlier		
	-Project Management /Consultancy Work	NIL	NIL
	-Deposit Works	NIL	NIL

6. The effect of foreign exchange fluctuations during the year are as under:

(Amount in ₹)

SI. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31.03.2019	For the year ended 31.03.2018
(i)	Amount charged to Statement of Profit & Loss excluding depreciation (as FERV)	NIL	NIL
(ii)	Amount charged to Statement of Profit & Loss excluding depreciation (as Borrowing Cost)*	NIL	NIL
(iii)	Amount charged to Capital Work in Progress (as FERV)	NIL	NIL
(iv)	Amount adjusted by addition to the carrying amount of property, plant & equipment	NIL	NIL
(v)	Amount recognised to Regulatory Deferral Account Balances	NIL	NIL

<sup>\*</sup> There is however no impact on profitability of the Company, as the impact of change in foreign exchange rates is recoverable from beneficiaries in terms of prevailing CERC (Terms & Conditions of Tariff) Regulations 2014-19. The exchange rate variation for the year is transferred to deferred foreign currency fluctuation assets (recoverable from beneficiaries) as per Significant Accounting Policy of the Company.

### 7. Operating Segment:

- a) Electricity generation (including income from embedded Finance/ Operating leases) is the principal business activity of the Company. Other operations viz., Contracts, Project Management and Consultancy works do not form a reportable segment as per the Ind AS – 108 on 'Operating Segment'.
- b) The Company has a single geographical segment as all its Power Stations are located within the Country.
- 8. Disclosures under Ind AS-24 "Related Party Disclosures":
  - (A) List of Related parties:
    - (i) Parent:

Name of Companies	Principle place of operation
NHPC LTD	India
	A ROALS

(ii) Key Managerial Personnel:

			E Lacronians / P
SI.	Name	Position Held	
			KONON

No.		
1	SH. RATISH KUMAR	CHAIRMAN
2	SH. CHARIAN MATHEW	DIRECTOR
3	SH. A.K. MISHRA	DIRECTOR (UPTO 30.11.2018)
4	SH. HARISH KUMAR	DIRECTOR ( W.E.F. 30.11.2018)
5	SH. ARVIND KUMAR SINGH	DIRECTOR (UPTO 03.08.2018)
6	MS. NAMRATA KALRA	DIRECTOR (W.E.F. 03.08.2018)
7	SH. S.K. DUBEY	CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
8	SH. SURENDER PRASAD SINGH	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
9	SH. TARKESHWAR SINGH	COMPANY SECRETARY

### (iii) Other entities with joint-control or significant influence over the Company:

The Company is a Central Public Sector Undertaking (CPSU) controlled by Central Government by holding majority of shares. Pursuant to Paragraph 25 & 26 of Ind AS 24, entities over which the same government has control or joint control of, or significant influence, shall be regarded as related parties. The Company has applied the exemption available for government related entities and has made limited disclosures in the financial Statements in accordance with Ind AS 24. Therefore, partywise details of such transactions have not been given since such transactions are carried out in the ordinary course of business at normal commercial terms and are not considered to be significant.

SI. No.	Name of the Government	Nature of Relationship with NHPC
1	NHPC Limited	Shareholder having control over company
2	UPNEDA	Joint Venture Partner

### (B) Transactions with related parties are as follows:

### (i) Transactions with Parent:

Particulars	For the Year ended 31.03.2019	For the Year ended 31.03.2018
(i)	(ii)	(iii)
Services received by the Company from Parent	NIL	NIL
■ NHPC	NIL	NIL
Services provided by the Company to Parent	NIL	NIL
* NHPC	NIL 65	GAVANIL
Dividend Paid to Parent	NIL	COL
- NHPC	NIL ( AC	N/L N/L
Equity contributions by the Parent	NIL	KNOW NIL

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<ul> <li>NHPC</li> </ul>	NIL	NIL
Deputation of Employees by the Parent	1,18,04,554	1,63,48,801
Deputation of Employees to the Parent	NIL	NIL

### (ii) Compensation to Key Management Personnel:

(Amount in ₹)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31.03.2019	For the Year ended 31.03.2018
Short Term Employee Benefits	44,88,526	35,33,228
Post-Employment Benefits	NIL	NIL
Other Long Term Benefits	NIL	NIL

(Amount in ₹)

Other Transactions with KMP	For the Year ended 31.03.2019	For the Year ended 31.03.2018
Sitting Fees and other reimbursements to non- executive/independent directors	NIL	NIL
Interest Received during the year	NIL	NIL

### (iv) Transactions with Other Related Parties.

(Amount in ₹)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31.03.2019	For the Year ended 31.03.2018	
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
Services Received by the Company	NIL	NIL	
Services Provided by the Company	NIL	NIL	
Sale of goods/Inventory made by the company	NIL	NIL	
Dividend Paid During The Year	NIL	NIL	

### (C) Outstanding balances and guarantees with Related Parties:

Particulars	As at 31.03.2019	As at 31.03.2018	
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
Balances with Parent (NHPC)			
■ Payable by the Company	2,81,53,355	1,63,48,801	
Balances with KMP	NE	NIL NIL	
Receivables by the Company	NIL	Kenny Very NIL	
Balances with Other Related Parties	NIL	SNIL	
<ul> <li>Payables by the Company</li> </ul>	NIL	NIL	

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Receivables by the Company	NIL NIL	
		1717-

- (D) Other notes to related party transactions:
  - (i) Terms and conditions of transactions with the related parties:
    - (a) Transactions with the state governments and entities controlled by the Govt. of India are carried out at market terms on arms- length basis (except subordinate debts received from Central Govt. at concessional rate) through a transparent price discovery process against open tenders, except in a few cases of procurement of spares/services from Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) for proprietary items on single tender basis due to urgency, compatibility or other reasons. Such single tender procurements are also done through a process of negotiation with prices benchmarked against available price data of same/similar items.
    - (b) Consultancy services provided to the Company parent company are generally on nomination basis at the terms, conditions and principles applicable for consultancy services provided by other parties.
  - (ii) Outstanding balances of parent company at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs through banking transaction. These balances other than loans are interest free.
- Particulars of Security: The carrying amount of assets mortgaged/ hypothecated as security for borrowings are as under.

(Amount in ₹)

SI. No	Particulars	As at 31.03.2019	As at 31.03.2018	
	First Charge			
1	Property Plant & Equipment	NIL	NIL	
2	Capital Work In Progress	NIL	NIL	
	Total			

10. Other disclosures as per Schedule-III of the Companies Act, 2013 are as under:-

(Amount in ₹)

SI. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31.03.2019	For the year ended 31.03.2018
a)*	Value of imports calculated on CIF basis: i) Capital Goods	NIL	NIL
b)*	Expenditure in Foreign Currency i) Interest ii) Other Misc. Matters	NIL	NIL
c)*	Value of spare parts and Components consumed in operating units.  i) Imported  ii) Indigenous	NIL v	NIL
d)*	Earnings in foreign currency -Others	NIL	NIL CON

<sup>\*</sup> Accrual basis.

### Earnings Per Share:

a) The Earnings Per Share (Basic and Diluted) are as under:

Particulars	For the Year ended 31.03.2019	For the Year ended 31.03.2018
Earnings per Share before Regulatory Income (₹)  — Basic	49	-2.01
Earnings per Share after Regulatory Income (₹) — Diluted	20	63
Face value per share (₹)	10	10

b) Reconciliation of Earning used in calculating Earnings Per Share:

Particulars	For the Year ended 31.03.2019	For the Year ended 31.03.2018
Net Profit after Tax but before Regulatory Income used as numerator (Amount in ₹)	-19,72,288	-52,08,051
Net Profit after Tax and Regulatory Income used as numerator (Amount in ₹)	-19,72,288	-52,08,051

c) Reconciliation of weighted average number of shares used as denominator :

Particulars	For the Year ended 31.03.2019	For the Year ended 31.03.2018
Weighted Average number of equity shares used as denominator for Basic	40,00,000	25,86,301
Weighted Average number of equity shares used as denominator for Diluted	97,14,900	83,01,201

### 12. Disclosure related to Confirmation of Balances is as under :

- (a) Balances shown under material issued to contractors, claims recoverable including insurance claims, advances for Capital expenditure, Sundry Debtors, Advances to Contractors, Sundry Creditors and Deposits/Earnest money from contractors are subject to reconciliation/ confirmation and respective consequential adjustments. Claims recoverable also include claims in respect of projects handed over or decided to be handed over to other agencies in terms of Government of India directives. In the opinion of the management, unconfirmed balances shall not have any material impact.
- (b) The confirmation from external parties in respect of Trade Receivables, Trade Payables, Deposits, Advances to Contractors/Suppliers/Service Providers/Others including for capital expenditure and material issued to contractors is sought for outstanding balances of ₹ 5,00,000 or above in respect of each party as at 31st December of every year. Status of confirmation of balances as at December 31, 2018 as well as amount outstanding as on 31.03.2019 is as under:

Particulars	Outstanding amount as on 31.12.2018	Amount confirmed	Outstanding amount as on 31,03,2019
Trade receivable	NIL	1	NIL
Deposits, Advances to contractors/ suppliers/service providers/ others including for capital expenditure and	NIL	No.	NIL

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material issued to contractors		
Trade/Other payables	251997	250815
Security Deposit/Retention M	Money 41294	62180

- (c) In the opinion of the management, unconfirmed balances will not have any material impact.
- 14. Disclosure related to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)
  - (i) The breakup of CSR expenditure under various heads of expenses incurred is as below:-

(Amount in ₹)

SI. No.	Heads of Expenses constituting CSR expenses	For the year ended 31.03.2019	For the year ended 31.03.2018
1	Health Care and Sanitation	NIL	NIL
2	Education & Skill Development	NIL	NIL
3	Women Empowerment /Senior Citizen	NIL	NIL
4	Environment	NIL ·	NIL
5	Art & Culture	NIL	NIL
6	Ex-Armed Forces	NIL	NIL
7	Sports	NIL	NIL
8	National Welfare Fund	NIL	NIL
9	Rural Development	NIL	NIL
10	Capacity Building	NIL	NIL
11	Swachh Vidyalaya Abhiyan	NIL	NIL
12	Swachh Bharat Abhiyan	NIL	NIL
1	Total amount	NIL	NIL

- (ii) Other disclosures:-
- (a) Details of expenditure incurred during the year ended on 31.03.2019 paid and yet to be paid along with the nature of expenditure (capital or revenue nature) is as under:-

(Amount in ₹)

	Purpose	Paid (a)	Yet to be paid (b)	Total (a+b)
(i)	Construction/Acquisition of any asset	NIL	NIL	NIL
(ii)	On purpose other than (i) above	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Total	NIL ·	NIL	NIL

(b) As stated above, a sum of ₹ NIL out of total expenditure of ₹ NIL is yet to be paid to concerned parties which are included in the relevant head of accounts pertaining to liabilities.

- (iii) As per Section 135 read with Section 198 of Companies Act 2013, the amount required to be spent towards CSR works out to ₹ NIL for financial year 2018-19 (based on 2% of average net profit of preceding three financial years). The Board of Directors had allocated total budget of ₹ NIL for financial year 2018-19, out of which an amount of ₹ NIL remained unspent.
- Disclosures as required under Section 22 of The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 read with notification of Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated 11.10.2018 (Refer Note no. 20.2 and 20.3 of the Balance Sheet) are as under:

(Amount in ₹)

SI. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2019	As at 31.03.2018
(i)	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier on Balance Sheet date:  a) Trade Payables:  -Principal  -Interest  b) Others:  -Principal  -Interest	2,04,334/-	NIL
(ii)	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year.	NIL	NIL
(iii)	The amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;	NIL	NIL
(iv)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid as on Balance Sheet date.	NIL	NIL
(v)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	NIL	NIL

## 16. Disclosures regarding leases as per IND AS -17 "Leases":

## A) Operating leases- Company as Lessee

- a) The Company's significant leasing arrangements are in respect of operating leases of premises for residential use of employees. These leasing arrangements, which are not non-cancellable, are usually renewable on mutually agreeable terms. Lease payments in respect of premises for residential use of employees amounting to ₹ 416730/- (Previous period ₹ 824370/-) included under Salaries, wages, allowances in Note 26.
- b) The Company has taken premises for offices, guest houses & transit camps on operating leases which are not non-cancellable and are usually renewable on mutually agreeable terms. Lease payments in respect of premises for offices, guest houses & transit camps amounting to ₹264655/- (Previous period ₹323519/-) are shown under Rent & Hire Charges in Note 29.
- c) The Company has taken vehicles on operating leases generally for a period of 1 to 2 years and such leases are not non-cancellable. Lease payments in respect of hiring of vehicles amounting to ₹ 483059/- (Previous period ₹ 475583/-) are shown under Rent & Hire Charges in Note 29.

- 17. The management is of the opinion that no case of impairment of assets including regulatory deferral account balances exists under the provisions of Ind AS-36 on "Impairment of Assets" as at 31st March 2019.
  - Opening balances/corresponding figures for previous year have been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever necessary to conform to current year's classification.

For.Bhargava & CO.

**Chartered Accountants** 

(Firm Regn. No 000765C)

(CA Ankit Bhargava)

Partner

M. No. 405985

(Ratish Kumar)

CHAIRMAN

(Harish Kumar

DIRECTOR

are

(A.K. Singh) Chief Executive Officer (Tarkeshwar Singh)

Company Secretary

(S. P. Singh)

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Lucknow

Date: 67 . 5 - 2019

# CONDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED

## Note No. 35 to Financial Statements

Restated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2018 and as at 1st April, 2017 RESTATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2018 and as at 1st April, 2017

Restatements As at 1st April, 2017	126 CD 25	100,300,000	100,11,201	7	AU					1,700	107					1135,42,530	6		1,95,445	7.	1 10 10 10 10	0.18,36,361	
Restated Amount Reported Amount As at 31st April, 2017 2018	5.02.354	182.77.567								1.700	187.81.624				201 00 30 11	000,24,00	100	u u u	6440		1137 37 075		
Restated Amount As at 31st March, 2018	575,34,550	311,18,516		62.000	200			6 1	0157	1,700	888.06.786	7			1165 /0 000	2000		C 10 047	2,22,011	1	1157 40 520	,	
Restatements	83	(37,50,000)	,	31	2	2		373	3	r.	(37,50,000)	ï	,		8850	000	- 33		48				
Reported Amount As at 31st March, 2018	578,34,550	348,68,516		52.000		1				1,700	925,56,766	*			1155 18 203			2 22 317	in a land	(9)	1157,40,520		
Notes to explanation of reclassifications / restatements		-																					
후 = 호	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4		53.7	62	6	4,6	A ru		B		~	20	O	10	7	12	13		14	
Note No. of Financial Statements	311																					Regulatory Deferral Account Debit Balances	1



15.2   1   1   15.2   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	)_				1-			1
## ABILITIES  16.1 16.2 16.2 16.2 16.3 178 ABILITIES  20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.	Equity Share Capital Other Equity	15.1	4-1	400,00,000 (54,28,370)	533,91,900	400,00,000	100,00,000		100,00,00,000
ES 16.1	FOTAL EQUITY			345,73,630	533,91,900	879,65,530	60,31,681		60,31,681
## 16.7    16.7   16.2   177   189	LIABILITIES NON-CHARPENT HARH THE					1.1			
10.2 10.2 10.2 10.2 10.2 20.1 20.1 20.1	Financial Liabilities								881
ABILITIES  ABILITIES  ABILITIES  ABILITIES  ABILITIES  ABILITIES  20.1	Borrowings	16.5	-				100	7.0	ï
ABILITIES  ABILITIES  20.1  20.1  20.1  20.1  20.1  20.1  20.1  20.1  20.1  20.3  1,771,803  1,771,	) Other financial liabilities								
## ABILITIES  20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.	povisions					0	,		400
ABILITIES  20.1 20.1 20.2 20.2 20.3 21 735.52.053 (571,41,900) 1060,00.000 1000,10.239 22 23 735.23,656 (571,41,900) 1165,81,756 1264,87,915 1126	Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)					*			4
ABILITIES  20.1 20.2 20.1 20.2 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3	other non-current Liabilities	C.					2	98	£2
s of micro enterprises and small  20.1  20.1  20.2  20.3  7.736,52,063  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,71,803  1,60,000,000  1,000,10,239  1,000,10,238  1,264,87,915  1,264,87,915  1,264,87,915  1,264,87,916  1,264,87,916  1,264,87,916  1,264,87,916  1,264,87,916  1,264,87,916  1,264,87,916  1,264,87,916  1,264,87,916  1,264,87,916  1,264,87,916  1,264,87,916	OTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES								
20.1 20.1 20.2 5 of micro enterprises and small 5 of Creditors other than micro 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3	URRENT LIABILITIES				100				
s of micro enterprises and small s of Creditors other than micro  26.3 1 736,52,063 1 736,52,063 1 1000,000 1 1000,10,53 1 1000,000 1 1000,10,239 1 1737,23,666 1 1737,24,690 1 1737,23,666 1 1737,24,660 1 1737,24,666 1 1737,24,	Borrawings	20.1				9			C
s of Creditors other than micro  20.3  735,52,053  1000,000  1000,10,153  203,28,303  203  203  203  203  203  203  203	Trade Payables Total orderenting rules of micro addessing and assets	20.2		ill.			£.	, ,	(V )
20.3 1 735,22,053 (571,41,900) 164,10,153 263,28,303 2002,10,239 2000,10,10,10 239 1737,23,666 (571,41,900) 2045,47,286 1325,19,596 1325,19,596 1325,19,596 1325,19,596 1325,19,596 1325,19,596 1325,19,596 1325,19,596 1325,19,596 1325,19,596	therbridges			70	i				
735,22,053 (571,41,900) 164,10,153 263,28,303 263,28,303 2000, 1000,10,239 2000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000, 1000,10,239 1000,1000,1000,1000,1	Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than micro								
20.3 1 735,52,053 (571,41,900) 164,10,153 263,28,303 221 1000,00,000 1000,10,239 222 23	tterprises and small enterprises			1,71,803		1,71,603	1,49,373	1	1,49,373
71ES	Other tinancial flabilities	20.3	**	735.52.053	(571.41.900)	164 10 153	283 28 203		0.00
71ES 23 1737,23,656 (571,41,900) 1165,81,756 1264,87,915 2082,97,286 (37,50,000) 2045,47,286 1325,19,596	Ther Current Liabilities	21		1000,00,000	,	1000.00.0001	1000 10 239		203,28,303
TIES 1737,23,656 (571,41,900) 1165,81,756 1264,87,915 2082,97,286 (37,50,000) 2045,47,286 1325,19,596	COVISIONS	22							10,230
1737,23,656 (571,41,900) 1165,81,756 1264,87,915 - 2082,97,286 (37,50,000) 2045,47,286 1325,19,596	minu (ax rigolines [net])	23		i.	-	9.	19		
2002,97,286 (37,50,000) 2045,47,286 1325,19,596	OTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES			1737,23,656	(571,41,900)	1165,81,756	1264,87,915		1264.87.915
	OTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES			2082,97,286	(37,50,000)	2045,47,286	1325,19,596	,	1325.19.596



Other from Continuing Operations	PARTICULARS	Note No. of Financial Statements	Notes to explanation of reclassifications / restatements	Reported Amount For the Year ended 31st March, 2018	Restatements	Restated Amount For the Year ended 31st March, 2018
TOTAL INCOME  24.2  26.  27.  28.  TOTAL EXPENSES  29.  35.4003  37.50000  37.50000  37.50000  37.50000  37.50000  37.50000  37.50000  37.50000  37.50000  48.  48.8051)  37.50000  48.  48.8051)  58. Medine benefit plans  69.  40.  41.458051)  59.  50.  50.  50.  50.  50.  50.  50.	INCOME					
TOTAL INCOME  25  10  25  10  26  27  28  TOTAL EXPENSES  29  TOTAL INCOME  20  TOTAL INCOME  25  26  27  27  27  27  27  27  27  27  27		24.1		- 5		
TOTAL INCOME  25 1 27 28 29 29 29 4tivities and Tax 354003 30 41543494 3750000 31 4181064 31 4469 31 4181065 31 4181066 31 31440) 31 4181066 31 31 4181066 31 31 4181066 31 31 4181066 31 31 4181066 31 4181066 31 4181066 31 4181066 32 4181066 31 4181066 32 4181066 31 4181066 32 4181066 31 4181066 32 4181066 32 4181066 32 4181066 33 41810666 41810666		24.2		354003		354003
TOTAL EXPENSES  28  29  Cutivities and Tax  29  Cutivities and Tax  30  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (31  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (31  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (31  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (41  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (51  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (52  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (53  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (54  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (55  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (65  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (71  TOTAL EXPENSES  TOTAL EXPENSES  3750000  (71  TOTAL EXPENSES  TOTAL EX	TOTALINCOM	Ш	5	354003		354003
TOTAL EXPENSES  Activities and Tax  32  Activities and Tax  33  Activities and Tax  34003  354003  3750000  (1458051)  (145	EXPENSES					
TOTAL EXPENSES  28 29 29 29 TOTAL EXPENSES  Activities and Tax  33-4003 33-400		25	•	•	3750000	3750000
TOTAL EXPENSES  28  TOTAL EXPENSES  29  TOTAL EXPENSES  29  TOTAL EXPENSES  30  TS NA  354003  3550000  TS NA  (1458051)  S NA REGULATORY  (1458051)  TOTAL (I)=(a)+(b)  Sub total (b)  Total (i)=(a)+(b)  Total (i)=(a)+(b)  Total (i)=(a)+(b)		56		*		
TOTAL EXPENSES  Activities and Tax  Activities and Tax  Activities and Tax  354003  354003  3750000  (3750000)		27				
Activities and Tax  Activities and Tax  Activities and Tax  Activities and Tax  35,4003  37,50000  (37,50000)  (37,50000)  (37,50000)  (37,50000)  (37,50000)  (37,50000)  (37,50000)  (37,50000)  (41,58051)  (41,58051)  (41,58051)  (41,58051)  (41,58051)  (51,50000)  (52,50000)  (53,50000)  (53,50000)  (54,50000)  (54,50000)  (55,50000)  (56,50000)  (57		28				
### Cotal Expenses    Cotal Co		28			6	
State   Stat	TOTAL EXPENSE	(A)			3750000	3750000
354003 (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000 (3750000) (3750000) (3750000 (3750000) (37500000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000) (3750000)	Profit before Exceptional Items, Rate Regulated Activities and Tax			354003	(3750000)	7885855)
TST IN   T	Exceptional items			, 00000	, 000000	2000
TS IN  (1458051)  (145	Tax Expenses	30		224002	(37,500,00)	/880855)
SIN REGULATORY   ST50000 (5   ST500000 (5   ST50000 (5		3		1543494	or success	1843494
TTS IN (1458051) 3750000 (1458				(31440)	1	(31440)
TTS IN (1458054) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458				*		
(1458051)   3750000   (1458051)   37500000   (1458051)   37500000   (1458051)   37500000   (1458051)   37500000   (1458051)   37500000   (1458051)   37500000   (1458051)   37500000   (1458051)   375000000   (1458051)	Total Tax Expenses PROFIT FOR THE YEAR BEFORE NET MOVEMENTS IN REGULATORY DEFERRAL ACCOUNT BALANCES			1812054 (1458051)	3750000	1812054 (5208051)
SIN REGULATORY (1458051) 37500000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 37500000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3750000 (1458051) 3	Movement in Regulatory Deferral Account. Balanoss (Net of Tax)	Ę.			,	3
(1458051) 3750000  (1458051) 3750000  (1458051) 3750000  (1458051) 3750000  (1458051) 3750000  (1458051) 3750000  (1458051) 3750000  (1458051) 37500000  (1458051) 375000000000000000000000000000000000000	PROFIT FOR THE YEAR AFTER NET MOVEMENTS IN REGULATOR'S DEFERRAL ACCOUNT BALANGES.			(1458051)	3750000	(5208051)
Sub total (I)=(a)+(b)  Total (I)=(a)+(b)	Profit for the year from continuing operations (A) OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (R)			(1458051)	3750000	(5208051)
defined benefit plans ferred Tax Liabilities Account Balances- Sub total (a) Sub total (b) Total (l)=(a)+(b)	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
defined benefit plans forred Tax Liabilities Actount Balances- Sub total (a) Sub total (b) Total (l)=(a)+{b}	(a) Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans			2.		1
Sub total (l)=(a)+(b)  Total (l)=(a)+(b)	Less: Income Tax on remeasurement of the defined benefit plan	us.				
Sub total (a)  Sub total (b)  Total (l)=(a)+(b)	Loss: Defarred Tax Adjustment Against Deferred Tax Liabilities on Remeasurement of defined benefit plans			Ε.		
Sub total (a)  Sub total (b)  Total (l)=(a)+(b)	in— Regulatory Deferral Account ment of defliged benefit plans	Å		•	18	
Sub total (b) (b) Total (l)=(a)+(b)		0			132	10
					•	1
	(3) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1					,

(ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	)		1	-
- Investment in Debt instruments		137	•	200
ess, Income Tax on investment in Debt instruments		7	*	
Total (II)		•	1	S.
Other Comprehensive Income (B)=(I+II)		1		.5
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR (A+B)		(1458051)	3750000	(5208051)
Earning per share before movements in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances (Equity shares, face value of 10/- each)			V.	
		(0.56)	(1.45)	(2.01)
Earning per share after movements in Regulatory Deferral Account Balances (Equity shares, face value of 10/- each)				

Reconciliation of Total Equity as at 31st March, 2018 and 1st April, 2017.

	Notes to explanation of reclassificatio ns/ restatements	As at 31st As : March, 2018 2017	As at 31st   As at 1st April, arch, 2018 2017
Equity as per Reported Financial Statements Adjustments:		345,73,630	60,31,681
RESTATEMENT OF ROC FEES and Share application money received		533,91,900	
Equity as per Restated Financial Statements		879,85,530	60.31 681

533,91,900

571,41,900

37,50,000

Reconciliation of Total Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2018.

0

No expite expite recisar recisar	Notes to explanation of reclassificatio ns/ restatements	As at 31st March, 2018
Total Comprehensive Income as per Reported Financial Statements. Adjustments:		(14,58,051)
RESTATEMENT OF ROC FEES		37,50,000
Total Comprehensive Income as per Restated Financial		(52.08.051)

(E) Explanation of reclassifications/ restatements made in the Financial Statemen.

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Impact of reclassification n on Reported Amount As at 1st April, 2017			
reclassification on reclassification Reported Amount non Reported As at 31st March, Amount As at 2018	(37,50,000)	533,91,900	(571,41,900)
Notes to explanation of reclassifications / restatements			-
Note No. of Financial Statements	2.2	15.2	20.3
S.No. PARTICULARS	Capital work in Progress	2 Other Equity	3 Other Financial Liabilities
S.No.	1	2	3

Statement of Profit & Loss Items:

S.No. PARTICULARS	Note No. of Financial Statements	explanation of reclassifications / restatements	reclassification on Reported Amount As at 31st March, 2018
Generation and Other Exp.	28	-	37,50,000

Notas to explanation of reclassifications/ restatements

1) During the current year, the following reclassifications have been carried out. ROC fess wrongly transferred to EDC in year 2017-2018. Now this expenditure transfer to Profil and Loss account in the year 2017-18 and Share application money recieved in 2017-18 transfer from Liability to Share application money recieved in 2017-18 booked in Other financial liabilities, which is restated as other equity.

e e	S.No. PARTICULARS	Reported Amount For the Year ended 31st March, 2018	Restatements	Restated Amount For the Year ended 31st March, 2018
-	Cash Flow from Operating Activities	(116,48,660)	(37.50.000)	(153.98.660)
N	Cash Flow from Investing Activities	(163,74,986)	37,50,000	(128.24.986)
69	3 Cash Flow from Financing Activities	299,99,319		299 99 319
	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents [14:2+3]	19.75.673		18 75 673



# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (EXTRACT)

OTHER EQUITY

	Canada Darona	Oliver Assettant			Reserve & Surplus			The second secon	Othe	Other	-
Altributable to equity holders	erange of the control	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities	Band Redemption Reserve	Research & Development Fund	General Reserve	Surplus/ Retained Earnings	Equity Debt Instrume Instrume Instrume Instrume Instrume Instrume Instrume Instrume	1	Total Total
Balance as at 1st April, 2017 (As previously Reported)								On are as as	_	OC defined	2 1
oriention or Error (Net of 18x)										1	-
Acstated Balance as at 1st April, 2017								-39,58,319.00			1
Profit for the year								(52,08,051,00)			-
Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Income											
Share Application Money received during the year.		571.41 000									
Utilization for Buy Back of Shares		000111111									
Utilization for Buy Back Expenditures											
Transfer to Retained Earning											
Amount written beak from Bond Redemption Reserve										+	
Tax or Dividend - Write back											-
Amaunt written back from Research & Development Fund											4
Amount Transferred from General Reserve											
Transfer from Retained Earning											
Dividend										1	4
Tax on Dividend											1
Transfer to Bond Redemption Reserve.											4
Transfer to Research & Development Fund										-	
Transfer to General Reserve										-	1
Total as on 31st March 2018		571,41,900						The same of the			-

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

479, 55,530,00

(S. P. Singh)

(A.K. Singh) Chief Executive Officer

(Katish Kumar) Chairman Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary)

(CA Ankit Bhargara) Partner M.No. 405985

Mhoogan

For Bhargava & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn, No. 000765C)

Bundelkhand Saur Urja Ltd TC-43/V, Vibhuti Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow CIN: U40300UP2015GOl068632

Trial Balance 1-Apr-2018 to 31-Mar-2019

Particulars	Closing Debit	Balance Credit
10101 (SHARE CAPITAL)		4,00,00,000.00
30801 (RESERVE AND SURPLUS)		4.79,65,530.00
10431 (SUNDRY CREDITORS - OTHERS)		46,481.00
10434 (MSME- OTHER THAN CAPITAL WORKS)		
10500 (CONTRA- CU NON CU OF SD)	00.400.00	2,04,334.00
	62,180.00	
10501 (Security Deposit)		62,180.00
11302 (TDS CONTRACTORS)		4,257.00
11306 (TDS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES)		4,000.01
11703 (GRANTS IN AID FROM GOVERNMENT-FOR OTHER WORKS)		10,00,00,000.00
11901 (DUE TO HOLDING COMPANY-NHPC LTD)		2,81,53,355.00
12235 (TDS PAYABLE INTEGRATED GST STATE 1)		4,257.00
19303 (SECURITY DEPOSIT-CURRENT)		62,180.00
55101 (PROVISION FOR TAX)		37,60,543.00
10101 (LAND FREE HOLD)	5,71,41,900.00	
11701 (FURNITURE & FIXTURE- OFFICE)	3,98,927.00	
11801 (COMPUTER)	1,32,000.00	
11803 (PRINTERS)	24,500.00	
12007 (TRANSIT CAMP / GUEST HOUSE EQUIPMENTS)	35,300.00	
12008 (AIR CONDITIONER)	34,000.00	
12011 (AIR COOLER/ WATER COOLERS /FANS)	13,000.00	
12201 (COMPUTER SOFTWARE)	78,000.00	
12505 (REFRIGERATOR OTHER THAN FOR OFFICE)		
21701 (ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION-FURNITURE, FIXTURE & EQUIP)	23,000.00	50 00 X 00
		52,234.00
21801 (ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION-COMPUTERS)		1,48,673.00
22001 (ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION- GUEST HOUSE EQUIPMENTS)		10,619.00
22201 (CUMULATIVE DEP ON INTANGIBLE ASSETS)		52,000.00
22501 (CUMULATIVE DEP ON REFRIGERATOR O/T OFFICE)		2,557.00
34002 (CWIP-SURVEY EXPENSES)	6,89,210.00	
37501 (CWIP-WAGES, ALLOWANCES AND BENEFITS)	4,24,61,081.00	
37502 (CWIP-Gratuity, Contribution to Provident Fund & Pension Scheme (Including Administration Fee))	56,78,921.00	
37503 (CWIP-STAFF WELFARE EXPENSES)	16,22,253.00	
37510 (CWIP-R & M BUILDINGS)	18,65,359.00	
37512 (REPAIR AND MAINT OTHERS)	10,778.00	
37514 (CWIP-RENT/HIRING CHARGES )	20,89,423.00	
37515 (CWIP-RATES AND TAXES )	74,210.00	
37518 (CWIP-ELECT EXP )	23,740.00	
37519 (CWIP-TRAVELLING AND CONVEYANCE )	26,24,035.00	
37521 (CWIP-TELEPHONE TELEX AND POSTAGE -COMMUNICATION EXPENSES )	3,05,135.00	
37522 (CWIP-ADVERTISEMENT PUBLICITY )	18,75,516.00	
37523 (CWIP-ENTERTAINMENT AND HOSPITALITY EXPENSES)	68,991.00	
37524 (CWIP-PRINTING AND STATIONERY )	2,37,903.00	
37525 (CWIP-OTHER EXPENSES )	12,09,781.00	
37526 (CWIP-DESIGN AND CONSULTANCY-INDIGENOUS )	34,236.00	
37549 (CWIP-OTHER FINANCE CHARGES )	1,950.00	
37552 (CWIP-REMUNERATION TO AUDITORS )		
	1,46,000.00	
37560 (CWIP-DEPRECIATION DURING CONSTRUCTION )	2,69,085.00	4 50 00 000 00
37571 (CWIP-INTEREST ON LOANS AND ADVANCES )	JOSEPVA A	1,59,32,322.00
37572 (CWIP-MISC RECEIPTS AND RECOVERIES )	187	73,73,089.00
40501 (CHEQUE ISSUED ACCOUNT )	8,766.00	
40905 (CORPORATE LIQUID TERM DEPOSIT (FLEXI) )	11.86.28,686.00	1 1
50205 (INTEREST ACCURED BUT NOT DUE ON STDR )	2,37,994.00	D.
COLD (INTEREST ROCCIED BOT NOT BUE ON GTEN		( ) ( )
Carried Over		24,38,38,611.00

Bundelkhand Saur Urja Ltd Trial Balance: 1-Apr-2018 to 31-Mar-2019

Particulars	Pag Closing Balance	0 2
	Debit Credit	
Brought Forward	23,81,05,780.00 24,38,38,611	1.00
660501 (INCOME TAX DEDUCTED AT SOURCE BY OUTSIDERS )	19,20,474.00	
660502 (INCOME TAX PAID IN ADVANCE )	18,40,069.00	
840302 (INTEREST INCOME FROM BANK - TERM DEPOSITS )	74,41,180	00
841702 (RECOVERY OF LEASE RENT )	83,556	
900111 (BASIC PAY- EXECUTIVES )	46,08,876.00	
900112 (DEARNESS ALLOWANCE (EXECUTIVE) )	3,34,270.00	
900114 (HOUSE RENT ALLOWANCE (EXECUTIVE) )	8,94,344.00	
900123 (COMPANY LEASED ACCOMODATION )	4,16,730.00	
900132 (CONVEYANCE REIMBURSEMENT )	1,57,020.00	
900211 (EPF-EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION ) 900212 (EPS-EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION )	7,29,153.00	
900214 (PCF-EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION )	43,125.00	
900411 (MEDICAL REIMBURSEMENT-NON TAXABLE )	5,14,063.00	
900412 (MEDICAL REIMBURSEMENT-TAXABLE )	61,258.00	
900413 (MEDICAL REIMBURSEMENT-NON TAXABLE-SPECIAL APPROVAL )	1,62,025.00	
900626 (CAFETERIA CANTEEN ALLOWANCE )	82,245.00	
900627 (CAFETERIA CHILDREN EDUCATION/HOSTEL SUBSIDY )	1,84,545.00	
900628 (CAFETERIA HOSTEL SUBSIDY )	2,29,634.00	
900629 (CAFETERIA PROFESSIONAL UPDATION ALLOWANCE )	92,134.00	
900630 (CAFETERIA CONVEYANCE/TRANSPORT ALLOWANCE )	84,781.00	
900631 (CAFETERIA WASHING ALLOWANCE )	3,86,324.00	
900632 (CAFETERIA VEHICLE REPAIR & MAINT, ALLOWANCE )	26,710.00	
900633 (CAFETERIA DOMECTIC HELP ALLOWANCE )	1,78,473.00 1,36,417.00	
900634 (CAFETERIA ELECTRICITY ALLOWANCE )	38,689.00	
900635 (CAFETERIA NEWSPAPER/ PROF. LITERATURE ALLOWANCE)	1,36,121.00	
900636 (CAFETERIA DRIVER ALLOWANCE )	83,990.00	
900637 (CAFETERIA HOUSE KEEPING ALLOWANCE )	64,991.00	
900638 (CAFETERIA SELF-DEVELOPMENT ALLOWANCE )	49,600.00	
900639 (CAFETERIA CLUB MEMBERSHIP ALLOWANCE )	31,666.00	
900640 (CAFETERIA GARDNER ALLOWANCE )	24,134.00	
900641 (CAFETERIA LTC ALLOWANCE )	18,40,765.00	
900642 (PERK & ALLOWANCES (CAFETERIA) EXE- OTHER ALLOWANCE)	31,515.00	
920204 (R & M OFFICE BUILDING )	8,64,188.00	
920731 (REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OTHERS) 921101 (OFFICE RENT )	4,999.00	
921108 (HIRING OF VEHICLE )	2,64,655.00	
921212 (FEES PAID TO REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES)	4,83,059.00	
921506 (ELECTRICITY EXP OFFICE )	69,005.00	
321601 (CONVEYANCE EXPENSES )	2,500.00	
021602 (INLAND TRAVEL TOUR )	33,920.00	
221603 (INLAND TRAVEL TRAINING )	1,86,005.00	
21612 (DAILY ALLOWANCE & BOARDING CHARGES )	1,02,865.00	
21613 (DAILY ALLOWANCE & BOARDING CHARGES-TRAINING )	2,94,639.00	
21614 (CONVEYANCE EXPENSES-TRAINING )	4,480.00 2,300.00	
22004 (TELEPHONE CHARGES )	32,608.00	
22006 (SATELLITE COMMUNICATION EXP )	23,622.00	
22007 (E MAIL/ INTERNET EXP )	14,362.00	
22204 (ENTERTAINMENT & HOSPITALITY EXPENSES-OTHERS )	27,868.00	
22401 (PRINTING & STATIONERY )	28,827,00	
23101 (STATUTORY AUDIT FEES )	79,060.00	
25009 (OPERATION/RUNNING EXP OF GUEST HOUSE )	2,293.00	
25011 (TRAINING EXPENSES HRD)	42,456.00	
25013 (DEPARTMENTAL MEETING EXP )	1,56,989.00	
25020 (MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES )	26700.00	
25037 (OTHER BANK CHARGES INDIAN CURRENCY)	651.00	
Consider Over	WX 71	
Carried Over	25,62,37,972.00 25,13,63,347.0	00
	The same of the sa	

Grand Total

Particulars	Closing	Page 3 Balance
	Debit	Credit
Brought Forward	25,62,37,972.00	25,13,63,347.00
931701 (DEPRECIATION-FURNITURE, FIXTURES AND EQUIPMENT ) 931801 (DEPRECIATION-COMPUTERS ) 932001 (DEPRECIATION-OFFICE EQUIPMENTS ) 932201 (DEP-AMORTISATION OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS) 932501 (DEP ON REFRIGERATOR O/T OFFICE) 970501 (INCOME TAX PROVISION )	25,252,00 14,088.00 5,210.00 26,000.00 1,456.00 19,17,049.00	
980101 (IEDC - SALARY WAGES AND ALLOWANCES ) 980102 (IEDC - GRATUITY AND CONTRIBUTION TO PF ) 980103 (IEDC - STAFF WELFARE EXP ) 980110 (IEDC - R & M BUILDING ) 980112 (R AND MOTHERS) 980114 (IEDC - RENT )	10,11,010,00	1,00,31,729.00 12,86,341.00 3,05,528.00 8,64,188.00 4,999.00 7,47,714.00
980118 (IEDC - ELECT EXP ) 980119 (IEDC - TRAVELLING AND CONVEYANCE ) 980121 (IEDC - TELEPHONE TALEX AND POSTAGE ) 980124 (IEDC - PRINTING AND STATIONERY ) 980125 (IEDC - OTHER GENERAL EXP ) 980160 (IEDC - DEPRECIATION & AMORTISATION ) 980171 (Interest on Loan and Advances)	72,94,397.00	2,500.00 5,14,564.00 70,592.00 28,827.00 2,29,089.00 72,006.00



26,55,21,424.00 26,55,21,424.00

COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6) (b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BUNDELKHAND SAUR URJA LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The preparation of financial statements of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited for the year ended 31 March 2019 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139 (5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 07 May 2019.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of Bundelkhand Saur Urja Limited for the year ended 31 March 2019 under Section 143 (6) (a) of the Act. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the statutory auditor and is limited primarily to inquiries of the statutory auditor and company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

On the basis of my supplementary audit nothing significant has come to my knowledge which would give rise to any comment upon or supplement to statutory auditor's report under section 143 (6) (b) of the Act.

For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

Place: New Delhi Date: | July 2019 (Raj Kamar)
Principal Director of Commercial Audit &
Ex-officio Member, Audit Board – III,
New Delhi